FISCAL YEAR STUDENT ENROLLMENT
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Summary: Fiscal Year Enrollment

Fiscal year enrollment reflects activity in consecutive Summer, Fall, and Spring terms. For example, FY25 represents the Summer 2024, Fall 2024 and Spring 2025 semesters. A student is counted if they enroll in at least one semester during the fiscal year.

All Students

The number of distinct students enrolled in one or more for-credit, or non-credit, courses decreased 15.6 percent (from 32,224 to 27,195 students) between FY21 and FY25 and decreased 14.0 percent (from 31,638 to 27,195 students) between FY24 and FY25[1]. The total number of students taking at least one for-credit course in FY25 was 26,333, a 14.3 percent decrease from 30,738 in FY24. Of these, 53.0 percent (13,963 students) registered at UAA, 41.2 percent (10,850 students) at UAF, and the remaining 13.6 percent (3,575 students) at UAS[2]. The total number of students enrolled in at least one non-credit course increased by 74.3 percent from FY21 to FY25 (from 658 to 1,147 students). FY25 non-credit course enrollment decreased 7.1 percent from FY24, with the total number of students enrolled in at least one non-credit course decreasing from 1,234 to 1,147[3].

Total student credit hours (SCH) attempted decreased 6.8 percent between FY21 – FY25, going from 401,667 to 374,418 SCH over this time. In the last year, SCH increased 1.2 percent, from 369,970 in FY24 to 374,418 in FY25[4].

Total student full-time equivalents (FTE) decreased 7.2 percent from FY21 to FY25, going from 13.739 to 12,748. In the last year, student FTE remained relatively stable with an increase of less than 1 percent (12,684 to 12,748) from FY24 to FY25[5].

Dual Enrollment

Dual enrollment is enrollment in a postsecondary course by a K-12 student, on a university campus or at their school. This includes enrollment where a student earns both secondary and postsecondary credit as well as enrollment for which no K-12 credit is earned.

In FY25, 3,973 dual enrolled K-12 students attended UA, representing a 1.8 percent decrease from 4,047 students in FY24 and a 32.9 percent (983 students) increase from 2,990 students in FY21. The number of K-12 students taking a class from UAA increased 2.2 percent (43 students), growing from 1,966 in FY24 to 2,009 in FY25. At UAF, the number of dual enrollment students attending decreased 12.3 percent (200 students), from 1,626 students in FY24 to 1,426 students in FY25. UAS dual enrollment student headcount increased 9.0 percent (62 students), increasing from 686 students to 748 during the same period. For comparison, Fall 2024 dual enrollment students reflects 66.8 percent of total FY25 student headcount for the UA system[6].

Dual enrolled K-12 students attempted a total of 37,485 SCH in FY25, representing 10.0 percent of total credits delivered systemwide. The number of SCH attempted by K-12 students increased 3.1

percent in the last year and 46.2 percent over the last five years, increasing from 36,341 in FY24 and from 25,641 SCH in FY21.

The number of credits attempted by dual enrollment students has grown at each university over the last year, with UAA increasing 6.3 percent, from 20,743 in FY24 to 22,049 in FY25. UAF delivered 11,851 SCH to K-12 students in FY25, a 6.1 percent decrease from the FY24 level of 12,622 SCH. During the same period, SCH attempted by dual enrollment students at UAS increased by 20.5 percent, from 2,976 in FY24 to 3,585 in FY25[7]

The K-12 students dual enrolled at UA are located across the state. Categorizing dual enrollment students into Alaska census areas indicates that 77.5 percent (1,556 students) at UAA are from the census areas of Anchorage, Kenai Peninsula, Matanuska-Susitna, and Valdez-Cordova. Students from the census areas of Fairbanks North Star, Southeast Fairbanks, Denali, and the Yukon-Koyukuk make up 42.0 percent (599 students) of dual enrollment students at UAF. At UAS, roughly 52.8 percent (395 students) of dual enrollment students come from the census areas of Haines, Juneau, Ketchikan Gateway, Sitka, Skagway-Hoonah-Angoon, Wade Hampton, and Wrangell-Petersburg. Students from unknown census origins account for 14.0 percent (281 students), 18.2 percent (260 students), 15.6 percent (117 students), and 15.1 percent (600 students) at UAA, UAF, UAS, and systemwide dual enrollment respectively[8]

The median age of a K-12 student attending a UA campus in FY25 was 16. About 8.7 percent (345) of dual enrolled students were 14 years or younger, 14.3 percent (570) were 15 years old, 31.2 percent (1,238) were 16 years of age, 37.5 percent (1,489) were 17 years old, and the remaining 8.3 percent (380) were 18, 19, or unknown age in FY25[9].

The top course taken by UAA and UAF dual enrolled students, in terms of headcount and SCH, was Writing 111 *Writing Across Contexts* with 472 and 335 students enrolled in 1,476 and 1,014 SCH respectively. The most popular dual enrollment course at UAS was Welding Technology 120 *Basic Welding*, with 74 students enrolled in 222 SCH in FY25[10].
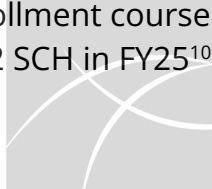
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Table 1. Fiscal Year Dual Enrollment Headcount by University, Five Year Trend

	UA Anchorage	UA Fairbanks	UA Southeast	UA System
FY21	1,468	1,120	542	2,990
FY22	1,358	1,437	671	3,218
FY23	1,598	1,589	666	3,597
FY24	1,966	1,626	686	4,047
FY25	2,009	1,426	748	3,973
Change FY21-FY25				
N	541	306	206	983
%	36.9	27.3	38.0	32.9
Change FY24-FY25				
N	43	-200	62	-74
%	2.2	-12.3	9.0	-1.8

For comparison, Fall 2024 dual enrollment students reflects 66.8 percent of total FY25 student headcount for the UA system.

Note: Reporting level headcount is unduplicated per fiscal year. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall and spring semesters. Dual enrollment refers to enrollment at the university by a student who is simultaneously enrolled in a K-12 (or homeschool) for which the student may receive credit at both the K-12 and post secondary levels. An individual student may be enrolled at more than one university. Only K-12 students who are dual enrolled are counted in the above figures, once at each university and once at the system. For additional details about each university's definition, see https://www.alaska.edu/ir/data/
Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 2. Fiscal Year Dual Enrollment Student Credit Hours by University, Five Year Trend

	UA Anchorage	UA Fairbanks	UA Southeast	UA System
FY21	16,530	6,799	2,312	25,641
FY22	15,047	8,381	2,882	26,310
FY23	17,033	8,873	2,920	28,826
FY24	20,743	12,622	2,976	36,341
FY25	22,049	11,851	3,585	37,485
Change FY21-FY25				
N	5,519	5,052	1,273	11,844
%	33.4	74.3	55.1	46.2
Change FY24-FY25				
N	1,306	-771	609	1,144
%	6.3	-6.1	20.5	3.1

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Note: Student credit hours exclude audit. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall and spring semesters. Dual enrollment refers to enrollment at the university by a student who is simultaneously enrolled in a K-12 (or homeschool) for which the student may receive credit at both the K-12 and post secondary levels. An individual student may be enrolled at more than one university. For additional details about each university's definition, see https://www.alaska.edu/ir/data/
Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 3. Dual Enrollment Headcount by Origin at Entry, FY25

Census Area of Origin	UA Anchorage	UA Fairbanks	UA Southeast	UA System
Aleutians East	0	1	1	2
Aleutians West	0	19	7	26
Anchorage	635	114	52	771
Bethel	9	86	23	116
Bristol Bay	0	10	0	10
Denali	4	13	2	16
Dillingham	4	34	8	41
Fairbanks North Star	4	486	20	498
Haines	0	5	7	9
Juneau	11	50	167	214
Kenai Peninsula	357	12	19	376
Ketchikan Gateway	0	12	64	70
Kodiak Island	79	3	2	83
Lake & Peninsula	1	18	0	19
Matanuska-Susitna	460	51	16	506
Nome	3	30	15	47
North Slope	1	1	0	2
Northwest Arctic	1	53	5	58
Prince Of Wales	3	5	22	27
Sitka	10	6	103	113
Skagway-Hoonah-Angoon	1	6	23	25
Southeast Fairbanks	0	74	17	80
Valdez-Cordova	104	17	1	117
Wade Hampton	7	14	12	31
Wrangell-Petersburg	8	8	19	27
Yakutat	0	0	1	1
Yukon-Koyukuk	5	26	15	45
Not Alaskan	21	12	10	43
Unknown	281	260	117	600
Total	2,009	1,426	748	3,973

Note: Origin at Entry reflects the physical location of each student in the semester he or she first enrolls at UA during the reported fiscal year and does not reflect residency or visa status. Unknown origin at entry represents those records where no data was entered into Banner. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall and spring semesters. Dual enrollment refers to enrollment at the university by a student who is simultaneously enrolled in a K-12 (or homeschool) for which the student may receive credit at both the K-12 and post secondary levels. An individual student may be enrolled at more than one university. For additional details about each university's definition, see https://www.alaska.edu/ir/data/
Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 4. Dual Enrollment Student Headcount by Age, FY25

	14 and Under	15	16	17	18	19	Unknown	Total	Median Age
UAA	155	304	643	751	130	26		2,009	16
UAF	124	177	451	543	120	11		1,426	16
UAS	78	118	217	285	43	4	3	748	16
UA Total	345	570	1,238	1,489	287	41	3	3,973	16
UAA	7.7%	15.1%	32.0%	37.4%	6.5%	1.3%		100.0%	
UAF	8.7%	12.4%	31.6%	38.1%	8.4%	0.8%		100.0%	
UAS	10.4%	15.8%	29.0%	38.1%	5.7%	0.5%	0.4%	100.0%	
UA Total	8.7%	14.3%	31.2%	37.5%	7.2%	1.0%	0.1%	100.0%	

The column header above the data is "Age".

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Note: FY25 consists of Summer 2024, Fall 2024 and Spring 2025 semesters. Student age is reported at the start of the term of first enrollment during the fiscal year if the student enrolled in more than one term. Dual enrollment refers to enrollment at the university by a student who is simultaneously enrolled in a K-12 (or homeschool) for which the student may receive credit at both the K-12 and post secondary levels. An individual student may be enrolled at more than one university. For additional details about each university's definition, see https://www.alaska.edu/ir/data/
Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 5. Top 10 Courses Taken by Dual Enrollment Students, FY25

UA Anchorage

Subject	Course	Title	Count
Writing	A111	*Writing Across Contexts	472
Mathematics	A105	Intermediate Algebra	356
Mathematics	A151	*College Algebra for Calculus	290
History	A131	*History of United States I	264
Political Science	A101	*Intro to American Government	226
Communication	A111	*Fund Oral Communication	198
Anthropology	A200	*Alaska Native Cultures	179
History	A101	*Western Civ Before 1650	175
History	A132	*History of United States II	162
University Studies	A150	Strategies for College Success	156

UA Fairbanks

Subject	Course	Title	Count
Writing	F111X	Writing Across Contexts	335
Mathematics	F105N	Intensive Intermediate Algebra	124
Political Science	F101X	Intro to Amer Govt & Politics	116
Writing	F211X	Writing and the Humanities	101
Economics	F120X	Intro to Economic Analysis	88
Library Science	F101X	Library Information & Research	84
History	F131	History of the U.S.	82
Mathematics	F151X	College Algebra for Calculus	74
Communication	F141X	Fund Oral Comm-Public Context	72
English	F200X	World Literature	70

UA Southeast

Subject	Course	Title	Count
Welding Technology	S120	Basic Welding	74
Biology	S175	Current Topics in Marine Rsrch	60
Health Science	S118	Emrgcy Trma Tech-Frst Respnder	51
Art	S181	*Begin NW Coast Indig Design	43
Environmental Science	S193	Special Topics	42
Welding Technology	S152	Intermediate Welding	33
Health Science	S193	Special Topics	33
Mathematics	S105	Intermediate Algebra	30
Writing	S111	*Writing Across Contexts	27
Psychology	S111	*Intro to Psychology	27

Note: Reporting level headcount is unduplicated per fiscal year. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall and spring semesters. Dual enrollment refers to enrollment at the university by a student who is simultaneously enrolled in a K-12 (or homeschool) for which the student may receive credit at both the K-12 and post secondary levels. An individual student may be enrolled at more than one university. For additional details about each university's definition, see https://www.alaska.edu/ir/data/

Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 6. Top 10 Dual Enrollment Courses by Student Credit Hours (SCH) Attempted, FY25

UA Anchorage

Subject	Course	Title	SCH
Writing	A111	*Writing Across Contexts	1,476
Mathematics	A105	Intermediate Algebra	1,472
Mathematics	A151	*College Algebra for Calculus	1,188
History	A131	*History of United States I	807
Political Science	A101	*Intro to American Government	690
Health Care Assisting	A105	Certified Nurse Aide	618
Communication	A111	*Fund Oral Communication	597
Anthropology	A200	*Alaska Native Cultures	546
History	A101	*Western Civ Before 1650	528
History	A132	*History of United States II	486

UA Fairbanks

Subject	Course	Title	SCH
Writing	F111X	Writing Across Contexts	1,014
Mathematics	F105N	Intensive Intermediate Algebra	520
Political Science	F101X	Intro to Amer Govt & Politics	348
Writing	F211X	Writing and the Humanities	306
Mathematics	F151X	College Algebra for Calculus	296
Economics	F120X	Intro to Economic Analysis	264
History	F131	History of the U.S.	246
Health	F107	Nurse Aide Training	225
Communication	F141X	Fund Oral Comm-Public Context	216
English	F200X	World Literature	213

UA Southeast

Subject	Course	Title	SCH
Welding Technology	S120	Basic Welding	222
Health Science	S105	Certified Nurse Aide Training	189
Health Science	S118	Emrgcy Trma Tech-Frst Respnder	153
Health Science	S193	Special Topics	148
Art	S181	*Begin NW Coast Indig Design	129
Environmental Science	S193	Special Topics	129
Mathematics	S105	Intermediate Algebra	124
Alaska Languages	S105	*Beginning Tlingit I	124
Health Science	S119	Emerg Medical Tech I	108
Welding Technology	S152	Intermediate Welding	102

Note: Student credit hours exclude audit. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall and spring semesters. Dual enrollment refers to enrollment at the university by a student who is simultaneously enrolled in a K-12 (or homeschool) for which the student may receive credit at both the K-12 and post secondary levels. An individual student may be enrolled at more than one university. For additional details about each university's definition, see https://www.alaska.edu/ir/data/

Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 7. Fiscal Year Headcount of Students Taking at Least One Course by Academic Organization Credit and Non-Credit Enrolled Students, Five Year Trend

	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	% Change FY21-FY25	% Change FY24-FY25
Anchorage	15,934	14,067	13,140	14,132	11,077	-30.5	-21.6
Kenai	3,102	2,907	3,271	4,124	4,564	47.1	10.7
Kodiak	1,020	941	1,103	1,305	1,331	30.5	2.0
Mat-Su	2,412	2,093	1,787	2,070	2,497	3.5	20.6
PWSC	1,905	2,087	2,095	2,082	750	-60.6	-64.0
Troth Yeddha' College of Indigenous Studies	7,250	7,465	7,090	7,307	7,509	3.6	2.8
Bristol Bay	565	659	642	631	582	3.0	-7.8
Chukchi	304	286	252	223	120	-60.5	-46.2
Interior Alaska	625	444	623	624	501	-19.8	-19.7
Kuskokwim	867	749	642	618	548	-36.8	-11.3
Northwest	483	668	548	276	295	-38.9	6.9
Rural College	921	856	1,039	1,110	1,223	32.8	10.2
UAF CTC	3,653	3,492	3,993	4,171	4,154	13.7	-0.4
Juneau	2,291	2,216	2,211	2,173	2,335	1.9	7.5
Ketchikan	1,322	1,322	1,255	1,256	1,285	-2.8	2.3
Sitka	1,252	1,225	1,256	1,302	1,245	-0.6	-4.4
UA Anchorage	19,671	17,921	17,329	18,747	14,239	-27.6	-24.0
UA Fairbanks	10,982	11,305	11,379	11,346	11,089	1.0	-2.3
UA Southeast	3,692	3,838	3,784	3,773	3,933	6.5	4.2
UA System	32,224	31,102	30,529	31,638	27,195	-15.6	-14.0
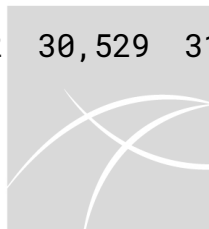
Note: Reporting level headcount is unduplicated per fiscal year. *A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall, spring semesters, and yearlong courses. Campus headcount totals add up to more than university totals and university headcounts add up to more than the system total. This occurs because it is common for students to be enrolled at multiple campuses and/or multiple universities in the same fiscal year. Therefore, some students would be double counted if headcounts were summed across campuses and universities. This table counts any student, enrolled for credit or non-credit, in a fiscal year.

Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 8. Fiscal Year Headcount of Students Taking at Least One For-Credit Course by Academic Organization, Five Year Trend

	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	% Change 21-25	% Change 24-25
Anchorage	15,911	14,039	13,117	14,116	11,053	-30.5	-21.7
Kenai	2,980	2,768	3,099	3,898	4,362	46.4	11.9
Kodiak	982	901	1,053	1,212	1,279	30.2	5.5
Mat-Su	2,412	2,093	1,787	2,070	2,497	3.5	20.6
PWSC	1,905	2,087	2,095	2,082	750	-60.6	-64.0
Troth Yeddha'	7,241	7,452	7,086	7,307	7,459	3.0	2.1
College of Indigenous Studies							
Bristol Bay	565	636	623	607	562	-0.5	-7.4
Chukchi	274	237	208	211	106	-61.3	-49.8
Interior Alaska	590	419	588	612	484	-18.0	-20.9
Kuskokwim	867	723	591	590	547	-36.9	-7.3
Northwest	401	458	464	214	243	-39.4	13.6
Rural College	920	852	1,039	1,110	1,223	32.9	10.2
UAF CTC	3,629	3,443	3,903	4,038	4,050	11.6	0.3
Juneau	2,238	2,141	2,030	1,984	2,175	-2.8	9.6
Ketchikan	1,190	1,122	1,112	1,129	1,094	-8.1	-3.1
Sitka	1,237	1,167	1,243	1,279	1,232	-0.4	-3.7
UA Anchorage	19,490	17,717	17,084	18,416	13,963	-28.4	-24.2
UA Fairbanks	10,812	10,921	11,067	11,089	10,850	0.4	-2.2
UA Southeast	3,497	3,527	3,453	3,442	3,575	2.2	3.9
UA System	31,684	30,213	29,658	30,738	26,333	-16.9	-14.3

For comparison, Fall 2024 headcount (Table 1) reflects 74.5 percent of total FY25 student headcount for the UA system.

Note: Reporting level headcount is unduplicated per fiscal year. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall, spring semesters. Campus headcount totals add up to more than university totals and university headcounts add up to more than the system total. This occurs because it is common for students to be enrolled at multiple campuses and/or multiple universities in the same fiscal year. Therefore, some students would be double counted if headcounts were summed across campuses and universities. This table counts any student who is credit-enrolled during the fiscal year.

Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 9. Fiscal Year Headcount of Students Taking at Least One Non-credit Course by Academic Organization, Five Year Trend

	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	% Change FY21-FY25	% Change FY24-FY25
Anchorage	28	32	30	28	26	-7.1	-7.1
Kenai	129	143	176	240	216	67.4	-10.0
Kodiak	40	47	53	95	52	30.0	-45.3
Mat-Su							
PWSC							
Troth Yeddha'	11	15	36		51	363.6	
College of Indigenous Studies							
Bristol Bay		33	31	41	33		-19.5
Chukchi	33	53	49	13	18	-45.5	38.5
Interior Alaska	37	29	42	13	18	-51.4	38.5
Kuskokwim		28	56	30	9		-70.0
Northwest	93	252	118	87	66	-29.0	-24.1
Rural College	1	52	31	44	7	600.0	-84.1
UAF CTC	26	55	109	147	133	411.5	-9.5
Juneau	71	106	224	211	182	156.3	-13.7
Ketchikan	165	250	265	247	313	89.7	26.7
Sitka	26	68	25	40	25	-3.8	-37.5
UA Anchorage	197	222	259	363	294	49.2	-19.0
UA Fairbanks	201	517	470	373	335	66.7	-10.2
UA Southeast	261	410	513	498	518	98.5	4.0
UA System	658	1,147	1,242	1,234	1,147	74.3	-7.1

Note: Reporting level headcount is unduplicated per fiscal year. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall, spring semesters, and yearlong courses. Campus headcount totals add up to more than university totals and university headcounts add up to more than the system total. This occurs because it is common for students to be enrolled at multiple campuses and/or multiple universities in the same fiscal year. Therefore, some students would be double counted if headcounts were summed across campuses and universities. This table counts any student who is non-credit-enrolled in a course in a fiscal year.

Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 10. Fiscal Year Student Credit Hours Attempted by Academic Organization and University, Five Year Trend

	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	% Change FY21-FY25	% Change FY24-FY25
Anchorage	191,391	163,822	153,394	158,885	153,094	-20	-4
Kenai	18,238	16,924	18,968	24,036	27,319	49.8	13.7
Kodiak	4,524	4,072	4,613	5,360	5,650	24.9	5.4
Mat-Su	16,616	14,222	13,090	15,177	17,063	2.7	12.4
PWSC	5,959	5,960	5,914	6,127	4,097	-31.3	-33.1
Troth Yeddha'	92,537	93,415	88,941	92,899	98,538	6.5	6.1
College of Indigenous Studies							
Bristol Bay	1,223	1,322	1,514	1,351	1,413	15.5	4.6
Chukchi	1,070	830	773	750	457	-57.3	-39.1
Interior Alaska	2,344	1,542	1,955	1,997	1,629	-30.5	-18.4
Kuskokwim	3,566	3,453	2,806	2,605	2,449	-31.3	-6
Northwest	1,278	1,331	1,462	587	690	-46	17.5
Rural College	4,039	3,964	5,049	5,183	5,656	40	9.1
UAF CTC	23,449	19,617	22,963	24,439	24,437	4.2	
Juneau	21,221	20,667	19,393	18,226	19,787	-6.8	8.6
Ketchikan	6,874	5,980	5,623	5,824	5,489	-20.1	-5.8
Sitka	7,338	6,427	6,643	6,525	6,650	-9.4	1.9
UA Anchorage	236,728	205,000	195,979	209,584	207,223	-12.5	-1.1
UA Fairbanks	129,506	125,474	125,463	129,811	135,269	4.4	4.2
UA Southeast	35,433	33,074	31,659	30,575	31,926	-9.9	4.4
UA System	401,667	363,548	353,100	369,970	374,418	-6.8	1.2

Note: This table reports student credit hours attempted by course academic organization and university for each fiscal year. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall, and spring semesters. Student credit hours exclude audited credit hours.

Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 11. Fiscal Year Non-Credit Units Delivered by Academic Organization, Five Year Trend

	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	% Change FY21–FY25	% Change FY24–FY25
Anchorage							
Kenai	594.8	414.0	423.0	606.0	372.0	-37.5	-38.6
Kodiak	74.0	100.0	94.0	124.0	30.0	-59.5	-75.8
Mat-Su							
PWSC							
Troth Yeddha'		23.8			1,099.3		
College of Indigenous Studies							
Bristol Bay							
Chukchi							
Interior Alaska							
Kuskokwim			11.2				
Northwest							
Rural College							
UAF CTC	93.7	200.8	72.8	3.0	1.8	-98.1	-40.0
Juneau	53.6	40.3	63.4	74.7	72.4	35.1	-3.1
Ketchikan	324.2	349.2	275.3	211.3	239.9	-26.0	13.5
Sitka	4.0	0.8			4.0		
UA Anchorage	668.8	514.0	517.0	730.0	402.0	-39.9	-44.9
UA Fairbanks	93.7	224.6	84.0	3.0	1,101.1	1,075.1	36603.3
UA Southeast	381.8	390.3	338.7	286.0	316.3	-17.2	10.6
UA System	1,144.2	1,128.9	939.7	1,019.0	1,819.4	59.0	78.6

Notes: One non-credit instructional productivity unit (NCU) is equivalent to delivery of 10 non-credit student contact hours. For example, delivering a 10 hour non-credit course to 150 students equates to 150 NCU. This measure considers all non-credit courses, including continuing education courses.

Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research

Table 12. Fiscal Year Student Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) by Academic Organization, Five Year Trend

	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	% Change FY21–FY25	% Change FY24–FY25
Anchorage	6,558	5,613	5,264	5,488	5,200	-20.7	-5.3
Kenai	608	565	633	801	911	49.8	13.6
Kodiak	151	136	154	179	188	24.9	5.4
Mat-Su	554	474	436	506	569	2.7	12.4
PWSC	199	202	201	207	138	-30.7	-33.2
Troth Yeddha'	3,205	3,230	3,074	3,211	3,408	6.3	6.1
College of Indigenous Studies							
Bristol Bay	41	44	50	45	47	15.3	4.6
Chukchi	38	30	27	25	15	-60.0	-39.1
Interior Alaska	78	51	65	67	54	-30.5	-18.6
Kuskokwim	121	116	94	87	82	-32.4	-6.0
Northwest	43	45	49	20	23	-46.3	17.5
Rural College	137	137	175	181	198	44.1	9.1
UAF CTC	782	654	765	815	815	4.2	
Juneau	751	729	679	641	696	-7.3	8.6
Ketchikan	229	200	188	195	183	-20.1	-5.8
Sitka	245	215	222	218	222	-9.3	1.9
UA Anchorage	8,070	6,990	6,687	7,181	7,006	-13.2	-2.4
UA Fairbanks	4,445	4,306	4,299	4,450	4,641	4.4	4.3
UA Southeast	1,225	1,144	1,088	1,053	1,101	-10.1	4.6
UA System	13,739	12,440	12,075	12,684	12,748	-7.2	0.5

Note: This table reports student full-time equivalents for each fiscal year. A fiscal year consists of consecutive summer, fall, spring semesters. For a year, one student FTE is calculated as 30 student credit hours for courses below the 500 level and 24 student credit hours for courses at the 500 level and above. This represents the average number of credits needed to receive an undergraduate degree in four years, or a graduate degree in two years. Student FTEs exclude audited credit hours.

Source: Data Analysis & Institutional Research