University of Alaska Southeast Title IX Compliance Scorecard Academic Year 2018-19 September 2018 Board of Regents Meeting

Voluntary Resolution Agreement Compliance Status

Action	Task	UAS	OCR	Comments
Item		Status	Status	
A.1.	Defined responsibilities, oversight and annual training requirements for the Title IX Coordinators. Reporting Deadline: September 1, 2018 Designated System Senior Title IX Coordinator conducting monthly	G	!	2017 – Submitted 2018 – Submitted on time 2017 – Submitted 2018 – Deadline pending
	reviews of all complaints of sex- gender based discrimination and providing corrective action as needed. Reporting Deadline (Sr TIX Admin) May 1, 2017; (Review complaints) December 30, 2018		_	
A.3.	Statewide Title IX taskforce comprised of employees with Title IX compliance responsibilities, to meet monthly. Reporting Deadline: December 30, 2018	G	!	2017 – Submitted 2018 – Deadline pending
A.4.	All relevant publications will include the title, office address, e-mail address and telephone number of the universities' Title IX Coordinator. Reporting Deadline: September 1, 2017	G	#	This was a one-time submission (9/1/17), pending review by OCR.
В	The System will revise and publish a single notice of nondiscrimination consistent with the regulation implementing Title IX. Reporting Deadline: May 1, 2017; Provide documentation September 17, 2017.	G	#	On June 21, 2017, OCR approved UA's new Nondiscrimination statement. Review of adequate publication is still under review by OCR. This was a one-time submission (9/17/17).
С	The System will revise policies and procedures that address complaints of sex discrimination. Reporting Deadline: May 1, 2017 and 90 days after OCR approval	G	#	6/1/17 UA Board of Regents adopted policy. 6/29/17 UA adopted regulations.

Action Item	Task	UAS Status	OCR Status	Comments
D.1.	Ensure that Title IX training requirements be received by the senior Title IX administrator, the coordinators, and all other employees involved in processing, investigating, adjudicating, and/or resolving complaints of sex discrimination Reporting Deadline: June 17, 2017	G	#	For AY19, this training will be complete by September 14, 2018.
D.2.	Title IX and Residence Life will develop a protocol for ensuring Residence Life staff report and refer complaints involving sex discrimination to the Title IX office within 24 hours and ensure that Residence Life staff are trained on Title IX at the beginning of each academic year. Reporting Deadline: September 1, 2017	G	!	For AY19, this training is scheduled for August 13, 2018.
D.3.	Provide annual training to all employees responsible for recognizing and reporting incidents of sexual discrimination. Reporting Deadline: December 30, 2018	G	#	In AY18, UAS trained 96% of employees. The training requirement is annual. A new training cycle began 7/1/18.
E	Provide annual training to all students on how to recognize and prevent sex and gender-based discrimination. Reporting Deadline: December 30, 2018	G	#	79% of UAS students in the cohort took training in AY18. A new training cycle began 7/1/18.
F	Revise existing materials or develop new materials to be distributed to students and employees for general education purposes, and broadly distribute and make these materials accessible and readily available. Reporting Deadline: May 1, 2017 and 45 days after OCR approval	G	#	This was a one-time submission (5/1/17), pending OCR response.

Action Item	Task	UAS Status	OCR Status	Comments
G	Establish student committees composed of a cross section of the university community to identify and recommend strategies to ensure that students understand their rights under Title IX and resources available to them. Reporting Deadline December 30, 2017	G	#	For AY19, the Title IX Advisory Committee will begin meeting in September 2018. In AY18, the committee met four times.
Н	Conduct a climate check annually with students to assess the effectiveness of steps taken to comply with the Voluntary Resolution Agreement and progress towards the goal of campuses free of sex discrimination, in particular sexual harassment and sexual violence. Reporting Deadline: June 30, 2019	G	#	A statewide student Climate Survey was conducted in October 2017. Results were published May 2018. The next Climate Survey is scheduled for Spring 2019 with reporting to OCR June 30, 2019.
I	Develop Memorandums of Agreement or Understanding with local law enforcement to improve communication and coordinator and to address the protocols and procedures for referring allegations of sexual violence, sharing information, and conducting contemporaneous investigations. Reporting Deadline: May 1, 2017	G	#	All MOAs are in place. The Title IX Coordinator will conduct face-to-face meetings with the Chiefs of Police or their designees in Fall 2018.

Action Item	Task	UAS Status	OCR Action	Comments
J	Provide written notice or information sessions to all students participating in internships, clinical programs, or other off-campus programs regarding their rights under Title IX, and provide information to the entities hosting our students regarding our prohibition of sex and gender-based discrimination against our students while in placement at their organization. <i>Reporting Deadline: December 30, 2018</i>	G	!	Protocol implemented and data collection happening each semester. 2017 – Submitted 2018 – Deadline pending
К	Reassess complaint files from AY 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14 and 2014-15 as identified by OCR. Take action to redress as assessed and approved by OCR. Reporting Deadline: May 1, 2017 and 20 days after OCR approval	G	#	There are no additional reporting requirements. Pending OCR review.
L	Review sexual harassment and violence complaints made during the 2014-15 and 2015-16 academic year. Reporting Deadline: December 1, 2017	G	#	There are no additional reporting requirements. Pending OCR review.
M	Submit complete copies of files for all complaints received during the academic year. Reporting Deadline: December 30, 2018	G	!	Ongoing. 2017 – Submitted 2018 – Deadline pending

Other Title IX Priorities

Task	Comments
Unified Tracking System	UAS Title IX went live with the Maxient system on July 13, 2017,
	tracking Title IX reports from 7/1/17 forward.
	The Title IX Coordinator attended Maxient's annual conference
	in June 2018.
Prevention and	Prevention and Awareness programming for Fall 2018 includes:
Awareness Programs	* "In Our Community" Themes: threading positive, community
	focused messages through campus-wide programming during
	the Red Zone. These messages are intended to welcome all
	students to a new semester and remind them of the support
	they have in and the responsibilities they have to their UAS
	community. Each program during the Red Zone will promote
	the next program to improve continuity and increase
	engagement.
	* August: Title IX presentations at Convocation New Student
	Orientation; Title IX presence at Campus Kickoff;
	* September: active and passive programming for National
	Campus Safety Awareness Month and National Sexual Health
	Awareness Month with a focus on consent and building healthy
	relationships
	October: active and passive programming for National Domestic
	Violence Awareness Month
	November: active and passive programming in conjunction with
	the annual Power & Privilege Symposium
	Passive programming = posters and slides with positive
	messages and written awareness building posted on all three
	UAS campuses, in all buildings across campus
Complainant and	UAS continues to collaborate with AWARE to offer Advocacy
Respondent Support	services for UAS students and employees. UAS students in
	Juneau, Ketchikan and Sitka have access and are regularly
	referred to the local advocate center as appropriate. All three
	centers have emergency services. In addition, both respondents
	and complainants are referred to UAS Counseling as part of the
	resources and support available to them.

University of Alaska Southeast Title IX and VAWA Metrics July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018 Summary

Reference point: percentage of students living in university housing = 8.2%

Initial assessment by TIX and classified as: (see reverse for description)	ALL REPORTS	Report assessed. No jurisdiction. Interim measures offered.	Report assessed. Possible policy violation, but not a Title IX policy violation. Referred to Student Conduct / HR. Interim measures offered.	Report assessed. Cannot proceed due to nonparticipation or insufficient evidence; case closed. Interim measures offered.	MEETS REQUIREMENTS FOR FURTHER ACTION (Subtotal)	Informal Resolution Process. Interim measures offered.	Investigation Ongoing. Interim measures offered.	Investigation Complete: Respondent found not responsible. Interim measures offered.	Investigation Complete: Respondent found responsible. Interim measures and remedies offered.
Sexual or Gender-based Discrimination	5	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0
Sexual Harassment	7	0	2	4	1	1	0	0	0
Sexual Assault	12	3	1	5	3	0	3	0	0
Sexual Exploitation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sexual Contact	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Dating or Domestic Violence*	8	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking*	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Retaliation	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Not Sexual or Gender Based Behavior	16	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0
Meets Requirements for Further Action (Total)					5	1	4	0	0
TOTAL # WHERE RESOURCES/REFERRAL WERE OFFERED	53								
							ne/sanct ne/sanct		0
Closed within 60 days	43	Г			IVIIIIVI	uiscipiii	ie/Sanci	.10115	U

Closed within 60 days	43
Closed after 60 days	6

Pregnancy Accommodations 0

Note: The table above contains data from all UAS campuses, including those campuses that have on-campus housing and those that do not. The percentage of students living in university housing is included to track by university a possible correlation with the number of reports.

^{*}Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) violations

^{**}Major discipline/sanctions includes suspension, expulsion or termination. Minor discipline/sanctions represent a variety of conditions including but not limited to warnings, education, probation, and other discretionary sanctions.

TITLE IX ACTION CLASSIFICATIONS DEFINED

All reports	This number represents all reports assessed by the Title IX office during this time. Reports are received through an online form, in person, by email, phone or other method.
Report assessed. No jurisdiction. Interim measures offered.	Jurisdiction provides the authority to investigate. Jurisdiction depends on a number of factual elements include the location of the alleged incident, affiliation of those involved, and any impact on campus. For example, if a nonstudent sexually assaulted a UA student off campus, UA would not have Title IX jurisdiction to investigate. Interim measures are made available to the complainant.
Report assessed. Possible policy violation, but not a	Reports to the Title IX office may include a single comment of sexual nature.
Title IX policy violation. Referred to Student	While inappropriate, this does not rise to the level of a Title IX violation. In these
Conduct / HR. Interim measures offered.	cases, interim measures are made available to the complainant and the issue is forwarded to the appropriate department for action.
Report assessed. Cannot proceed due to	Often times a complainant in a sexual harassment or sexual assault case will not
nonparticipation or insufficient evidence; case	want the university to proceed with an investigation. In these situations, a
closed. Interim measures offered.	Gatekeeper Analysis is done to assess whether the University must proceed
	despite the victim's wishes. Factors include involvement of a pattern of offenses,
	predation, force, or a minor. In other cases, investigation may not be possible
	due to insufficient evidence to proceed with an investigation. Interim measures
	are made available to the complainants in both types of cases.
MEETS REQUIREMENTS FOR FURTHER ACTION	This number is a subtotal and represents the Title IX reports that are within
	University of Alaska jurisdiction, are a Title IX allegation, and the complainant
	supports investigation or the Gatekeeper analysis requires investigation.
Informal Resolution Process.	If the complainant, the respondent, and the Title IX coordinator all agree that an
Interim measures offered.	informal resolution should be pursued, the Title IX coordinator will attempt to
	facilitate a resolution of the conflict that is agreeable to all parties. Interim
Investigation Organia Interim massures offered	measures are made available to the complainant and respondent as appropriate.
Investigation Ongoing. Interim measures offered.	Investigation is underway but has not been completed at time of reporting. Interim measures are made available to the complainant and respondent.
Investigation Complete: Respondent found not	The respondent was found responsible after a university Title IX investigator
responsible. Interim measures and remedies	conducted an impartial investigation using the preponderance of the evidence
offered.	standard, which requires a showing that it is more likely than not that conduct
	violating Title IX occurred. Interim measures are made available to the
	complainant and respondent.
Investigation Complete: Respondent found	The respondent was found responsible after a university Title IX investigator
responsible. Interim measures and remedies	conducted an impartial investigation using the preponderance of the evidence
offered.	standard, which requires a showing that it is more likely than not that conduct
	violating Title IX occurred. Interim measures and remedies are made available to
	the complainant, and interim measures offered to the respondent.

INITIAL ASSESSMENT CLASSIFICATIONS DEFINED

Savual or Condor based Discrimination	In general, say or gonder based discrimination refers to being adversaly treated
Sexual or Gender-based Discrimination	In general, sex or gender-based discrimination refers to being adversely treated or affected, either intentionally or unintentionally, in a manner that unlawfully differentiates or makes distinctions on the basis of an individual's sex or gender.
	Examples of discrimination can include: a. Singling out or targeting an individual
	for different or adverse treatment because of that individual's sex or gender; or
	b. Unlawfully denying employment or participation by an individual in a
	university program or activity because of that individual's sex or gender; or c.
	Terminating or removing an individual from employment or an educational
	program because of that individual's sex or gender.
Sexual Harassment	Sex or gender-based harassment. This includes, but is not limited to, unwelcome
	sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, unwanted and repetitive messages
	of a sexual nature, unsolicited and unwelcome transmission of images of a lewd
	or sexual nature, or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature where:
	a. submission to such conduct is made, either explicitly or implicitly, a term or
	condition of an individual's employment or education; or
	b. submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis
	for retaliation, or for other employment or academic decisions affecting that
	individual; or c. the conduct creates a hostile environment.
Sexual Assault	"Sexual assault" includes non-consensual vaginal penetration by a penis, object,
	tongue, or finger; anal penetration by a penis, object, tongue, or finger; and oral
	copulation (mouth to genital contact or genital to mouth contact), no matter
	how slight the penetration or contact.
Sexual Exploitation	Sexual exploitation occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual
	advantage of another for the person's own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or
	advantage anyone other than the one being exploited, including but not limited
	to: a. invasion of sexual privacy, prostituting another person, non-consensual
	video or audio-taping of sexual activity, going beyond the boundaries of consent
	(such as secretly letting others watch consensual sex), engaging in voyeurism; b.
	knowingly transmitting an STI or STD or HIV to another individual without his or
	her knowledge; c. intentionally or recklessly exposing one's genitals for the
	purpose of sexual gratification; d. inducing another to expose their genitals; or e.
Sexual Contact	sexually-based stalking and/or bullying. "Sexual contact" includes contact with the breasts, buttock, groin, or genitals, or
Sexual Contact	touching another with any of these body parts, or making another touch
	themselves with or on any of these body parts; or any other intentional bodily
	contact of a sexual nature. Sexual contact includes contact through clothing.
	Sexual contact does not include normal caretaker responsibilities.
Dating or Domestic Violence	A pattern of coercive, controlling behavior in which one intimate partner uses
	physical violence, coercion, threats, intimidation and emotional, sexual,
	psychological, digital or economic abuse to control and change the behavior of
	the other partner.
	Domestic violence is not by definition conduct of a sexual nature. As a result,
	domestic violence is not sexual harassment unless it includes some other sexual
	conduct. Some examples of domestic violence that is sexual in nature would be:
	Domestic violence occurring as a result of one partner denying another sex;
	Domestic violence occurring because a partner had sex with another person;
	Domestic violence occurring in conjunction with serious sex stereotyping.
Stalking	Repetitive and/or menacing pursuit, following, or interference with the peace
	and/or safety of an individual(s).
	Challing is not buy definition conduct of a second solution.
	Stalking is not by definition conduct of a sexual nature. As a result, stalking is not
	sexual harassment unless it includes some other sexual conduct. An example of
	stalking that is sexual in nature would be stalking occurring when a sexual

Retaliation	relationship has ended and the respondent is excessively texting, calling and following the complainant requesting to continue their sexual relationship. Retaliation. Adverse action taken against a person participating in a sex or gender-based discrimination report or investigation because of that participation.
Not Sexual or Gender Based Behavior	Reports determined to be either not sexual or gender-based in nature. In these cases, interim measures (if appropriate) are made available to the complainant and the issue is forwarded to the appropriate department for action.
Pregnancy Accommodations	To ensure equal access for pregnant individuals, the university provides reasonable accommodations and adjustments related to pregnancy and childbirth. University policy and federal and state law prohibit discrimination on the basis of sex and pregnancy in the university's programs and activities. Specific accommodation are handled on a case-by-case basis and depend on medical need and individual requirements. A few examples of reasonable pregnancy accommodations include excusing absences from class missed due to pregnancy-related medical conditions and appointments, flexibility in the administration of exams, and providing access to accessible parking.