

UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA SOUTHEAST

Campus Master Plan 2012

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Introduction

The University of Alaska Southeast (UAS) is a dynamic, student-focused regional university with academic and workforce development programs that serve both Southeast Alaska and communities across the State of Alaska. UAS has nearly 4000 students and is one of three main academic units within the University of Alaska system. The largest campus is located in Alaska's state capital of Juneau, which has a population of 32,000. Two community campuses are located in Ketchikan (population 13,600) and Sitka (population 8,900). UAS' student population includes over forty percent enrolled in UAS programs at a distance using a robust array of eLearning/online resources.



The mission of UAS is student learning enhanced by faculty scholarship, undergraduate research and creative activities, community engagement, and the cultures and environment of Southeast Alaska. UAS' vision is to be recognized as a destination of choice for students seeking excellent academic programs and engaging learning opportunities that integrate the environment and cultures of Southeast Alaska. Programs offered at UAS range from certificates and associate-level degrees—typically offered by community colleges to baccalaureate and Masters degrees. As part of its accreditation through the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities (NWCCU), UAS has identified four core themes that guide its programs, plans, and priorities: Student Success; Teaching and Learning; Community Engagement; and Research and Creative Expression.



Photo 3.1 Painting by Ray Troll

MISSION

The mission of the University of Alaska Southeast is student learning enhanced by faculty scholarship, undergraduate research and creative activities, community engagement, and the cultures and environment of Southeast Alaska.

CORE THEMES

Student Success
Teaching and Learning
Community Engagement
Research and Creative Expression

SDI THEMES

Improve Student Achievement
Enhance K-12 Partnerships
Increase Industry Partnerships
Expand Research and Development
Improve Accountability to Alaskans

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



to 3.2 Juneau Auke Lake



Photo 3.3 Sitka Campus

Looking Forward: The UAS Campus Master Plan 2012

This University of Alaska Southeast 2012 Campus Master Plan is derived from the UAS mission and four core themes, its vision, and the UA Statewide Strategic Direction Initiative (SDI) themes. The Plan guides and shapes the physical environment of all three UAS campuses and the services they provide. It builds on the exceptional physical and cultural environments of Southeast Alaska; a magnificent location in the coastal temperate rainforest of the North Pacific where deep glacial fjords and bays are interspersed with denselyforested islands rich with wildlife and fishery resources. The original peoples of this region—Tlingit, Haida, Tsimshian—have lived here for thousands of years. Contemporary communities are diverse and modest in size but are rich in history and in economic and cultural activity. The region's economy today is centered on fishing, mining, tourism, and government employment. It is a region of abundant natural resources, resilient communities, and great beauty.

This plan focuses on distinctive campus environments in the Juneau, Ketchikan, and Sitka campuses. While all three campuses are part of one integrated regional university, each campus has a distinct role in serving these relatively-remote coastal communities. Juneau is the only campus with student housing. As part of their community campus responsibilities, Sitka and Ketchikan campuses play a prominent role in providing quality eLearning/online degree programs, such as the Bachelor of Liberal Arts, Associate of Arts, and Associate of Applied Science in Health Information Management. They also serve their communities with locally-based courses in the arts, sciences, and humanities.

Importantly, each campus is engaged in workforce development that meets the needs of Southeast Alaska's economy—to include programs like the Juneau-based Center for Mine Training and Construction and Diesel Technologies, Ketchikan's Marine Transportation program, or Sitka's Fisheries Technology and Law Enforcement programs. Each of these workforce programs has special facilities needs that are addressed in this Plan. Many of these programs are offered in partnership with business, industry, schools, and governments—partnerships that leverage fiscal and human resources in support of shared goals.



Photo 3.4 Ketchikan Campus

Compliance with UA Board of Regents' Master Planning Policy

One: Projected Enrollment - Section 3

Two: Land Acquisition and Disposal - Section 2

Three: Infrastructure and Utilities - Section 2 and 4

Four: Demolition - Section 2

Five: New Facilities - Section 4 and 5

Six: Landscaping - Section 5

Seven: Open Spaces - Section 4

Eight: Signage - Section 5

Nine: Guidelines - Section 5

Ten: Energy, Environmental and ADA - Section 4 And 5

Eleven: Community Land Use Planning - Section 2

Twelve: Capital Projects - Section 5

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Alignment Of Campus Master Plan With UAS Core Themes

This Plan is designed with the UAS mission and core themes clearly in mind. It is a dynamic document that engages the broader UAS community in identification of existing and anticipated conditions in light of changing local, regional, and statewide education and training needs. As a major planning tool for future campus development, it invites "continuous improvement" in responding quickly and flexibly to emerging needs and opportunities. The Plan will be used in guiding, developing, and evaluating capital funding needs, designing new facilities and re-purposing those facilities already in place, and in enhancing the built and natural campus environments.



Figure 3.1 Juneau Auke Lake Campus Core

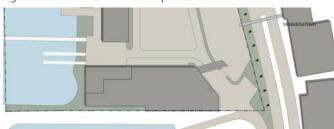


Figure 3.2 Juneau Technology Education Center

1) STUDENT SUCCESS

- Design attractive and inviting facilities to enhance student retention and success
- Create campus spaces that integrate active learning, engaged teaching, and community wellness
- Increase opportunities for student activities, both indoor and outdoor
- Provide spaces for group discussion, study, and gatherings associated with meals
- Design centrally-located student housing in Juneau to enhance student life and community engagement
- Provide prominent spaces highlighting student accomplishments and success
- Showcase the environmental assets of each campus (views, open space, trails)
- Provide accessible services for campus-based, commuter, and online students

2) TEACHING AND LEARNING

- Design facilities that enhance flexible delivery of eLearning and blended/hybrid programs
- Provide quality facilities that enhance distinctive UAS programs and assets
- Create inviting interior spaces that encourage and promote a sense of campus community
- Consolidate dispersed facilities into integrated academic neighborhoods
- Design and construct facilities that promote eLearning and active, engaged learning
- > Integrate cultures and environments of Southeast Alaska into facility and landscape design

3) COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

- Design facilities with attention to safety and security for all members of the UAS community
- Construct facilities that advance UAS' role as major economic contributor in SE Alaska
- Develop venues for community events that engage university and broader communities
- > Share facilities with community partners in support of shared vision and goals
- Capitalize on proximity of UAS facilities to adjacent high schools/educational partners
- Create a distinctive UAS identity and identifiable 'front door' for each campus
- ➤ Integrate discrete campus facilities by use of consistent signage, media, and graphic elements
- Support construction of shared trails and open space adjacent to UAS campuses

4) RESEARCH & CREATIVE EXPRESSION

- Provide integrated teaching/research facilities capitalizing on UAS natural environment
- Create spaces to showcase undergraduate research and creative expression
- Design science/research labs to maximize integration of teaching and research
- Shift Natural Sciences Research Lab facilities to Juneau's Auke Lake Campus
- Design flexible facilities to allow quick response to evolving research/teaching needs



Figure 3.3 Ketchikan Upper Campus

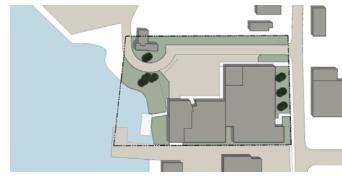


Figure 3.4 Ketchikan Lower Campus

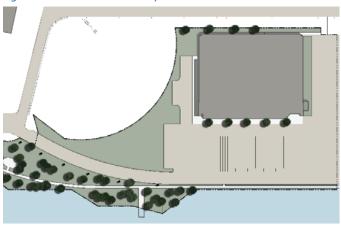
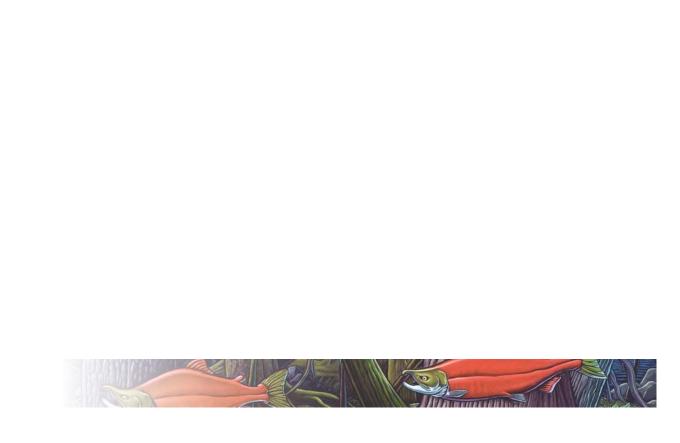


Figure 3.5 Sitka Campus





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Introduction

The University of Alaska Southeast (UAS) is a regional university in the University of Alaska System. Its largest campus is located in Juneau (Auke Lake Campus) and it has extended campuses in downtown Juneau, Sitka and Ketchikan.

The Juneau Campus was created in 1980 when Juneau–Douglas Community College (founded 1956) and the Southeastern Senior College (est. 1972) were merged, forming the University of Alaska Juneau. In 1987 the University of Alaska Southeast was created when it was restructured to include the then Sitka Community College (founded 1962) and the Ketchikan Community College (founded 1954).

The mission of UAS is student learning enhanced by faculty scholarship, undergraduate research and creative activities, community engagement, and the cultures and environment of Southeast Alaska.

Southeast Alaska Region

The campuses of UAS are located within a unique and valuable resource, the Tongass National Forest. Tongass National Forest covers most of Southeast Alaska. It is the largest national forest with 16.9 million acres.

Southeast Alaska Climate

The University of Alaska Southeast is situated in a temperate rainforest. Precipitation can range anywhere from 55 - 90 inches per year. The number of days with measurable precipitation is 222—with spring being the driest time of year and September and October being the wettest. Temperatures in January average 21°F and highs during winter are frequently above 32°F.



Photo 2.1 Image of Alaska with locations of students served by UAS



Photo 2.2 Tongass National Forest. Source: US Forest Service

EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS

EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS

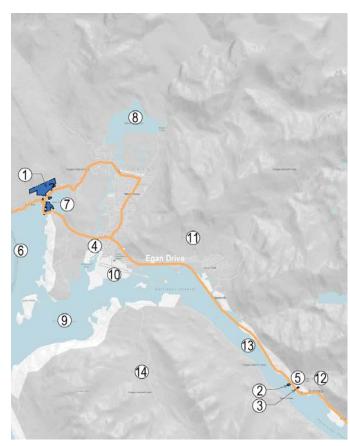


Figure 3.1 Juneau Large Scale Context

UAS

- 1. Auke Lake Campus Site
- 2. Technology Education Center Site
- 3. Bill Ray Center Site
- 4. Natural Sciences Research Lab Site PARTNERS
- 5. Juneau-Douglas High School
- CONTEXT

 6. Auke Bay
- 7. Auke Lake

9. Fritz Cove

- 8. Mendenhall Lake/Glacier
- 10. Juneau International Airport
- 11. Tongass National Forest
 12. Alaska State Capitol & Government Center
- 13. Gastineau Channel
- 14. Douglas Island

Juneau

Location and Context

Juneau is Alaska's capital city and is the largest city and borough in Southeast Alaska (population 31,275). It is nestled between the forested mountains and icefields of the Tongass National Forest and the rich marine waters of Alaska's Inside Passage. Juneau and northern SE Alaska are the ancestral home of the Tlingit people; they continue to be a significant part of the region's population today. Gold was discovered in the late 19th century near the present-day city and remains a part of the region's economic life, with two major underground mines located nearby. Other economic drivers in Juneau include tourism, fisheries, government, and the city's its role as a retail and service center for northern SE Alaska.

The Juneau Campus is the largest of the three within the University of Alaska Southeast, and is the only campus with student housing. Programs include those focusing on workforce development (certificates, occupational endorsements, workforce credentials, non-credit) along with associate, baccalaureate, and masters degrees. Faculty teach in programs offered face-to-face in classrooms, via eLearning (online), and in a variety of hybrid-blended delivery modes. Within the University of Alaska System, Juneau offers special opportunities in the liberal arts, marine biology, environmental sciences, teacher education, accounting, and power technologies. Juneau also houses the UAS Center for Mine Training—a growing center for underground mine training.

UAS Juneau enjoys active partnerships with a host of business, industry, and community partners, including Juneau Economic Development Council (JEDC), Juneau Chamber of Commerce, Sealaska Heritage Institute, Juneau School District, Bartlett Memorial Hospital, Hecla/Greens Creek Mining Company, City and Borough of Juneau, Coeur Alaska/Kensington Mine, Alaska Marine Highway System, Alaska Department of Fish and Game, and many more.

Juneau Auke Lake Campus:

The Auke Lake Campus is located in a picturesque setting 13 miles from downtown Juneau on Auke Lake, in the traditional territory of the Awk Kwan people. The word "Auke" comes from the Tlingit word meaning "small lake." The campus is situated near Auke Bay, providing access to both the freshwater lake and rich marine and intertidal waters. The campus property comprises 201 acres of which approximately 25% is fully developed. Student housing is located approximately .5 miles away from the campus core.

Technical Education Center:

The UAS Technical Education Center (TEC) is located at 1415 Harbor Way in downtown Juneau across from Juneau Douglas High School. The TEC is comprised of two buildings that house programs in the School of Career Education. It includes the UAS Center for Mine Training along with programs in construction technology, power technologies (diesel/auto/marine), and welding. The proximity of the TEC to the nearby high school provides opportunities for shared use of facilities and early-college career pathways for high school students taking college courses. A portion of the TEC site is leased to the City and Borough of Juneau as a commercial haul-out for marine vessels. The lease for this purpose extends to 2021.

Bill Ray Center:

The UAS Bill Ray Center is a single two-story building located in downtown Juneau at 1108 F Street--one block east of Egan Drive and a few blocks west of the state's capitol building. The building currently is used primarily by the School of Career Education for health sciences programs, including a Nursing lab and classroom utilized by the University of Alaska Anchorage. Other programs using the building on a regular basis include marine transportation, and mine safety training. The UAF Cooperative Extension Service currently leases space in the building.



Photo 2.3 Juneau Auke Lake Campus



Photo 2.4 Technical Education Center



Photo 2.5 Bill Ray Center

EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS

EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS



Figure 3.3 Juneau Auke Lake Land Use Diagram



Figure 3.2 Juneau Downtown Land Use Diagram

Land Use

The Land Use diagrams illustrate the extent of the campus and outlines the various land uses.

Juneau Auke Lake Campus

The campus core (1) is concentrated in an area adjacent to Auke Lake. Additional campus buildings/areas include Rec Center (2), Student Housing (3), BAS (4), Anderson (5), and NSRL (not pictured).

A diverse number of neighbors surround campus:

- Residential areas (6) to the north and pockets along Glacier Highway.
- Specialty use areas include USFS Juneau Forestry Sciences Lab (7) and NOAA (8)
- Commerical Areas include Bus Depot and a zone west along Glacier Highway (9), Chapel-by-the-Lake (10) and CBJ Statter Harbor (11)
- Institutional areas include Auke Bay Elementary School (12)
- Designated park areas include CBJ Wayside and areas surrounding Auke Creek
- A neighborhood group representing Auke Bay is looking for ways to create a higher density "village" with more pedestrian features and mixed use retail and housing.

Juneau Downtown

Bill Ray Center (1) and TEC (2) are located in a commercial/retail corridor (3) along Egan Drive, with an adjacent institutional zone that is home to Juneau-Douglas High School (4), community pool (5), Alternative High school (6) and Harborview Elementary (7). Housing (8), and Evergreen Cemetery (9) are located to the east. CBJ Aurora Harbor (10) and CBJ Harris Harbor (11) are located to the west.

Property Acquisition

Proposed Sites for Acquisition

The purchase of residential properties west of Glacier Highway creates a seamless parcel that would enable building opportunities, and allows consistent strategies to promote visibility and campus presence. Properties should be purchased as they become available.

Commercial Properties north of Mendenhall Loop Road are desirable building locations due to proximity to campus entry and Rec Center. These parcels are relatively flat and previously developed enabling larger facilities.

Potential Forest Service Lease/Partnership

Continue to foster synergies with Forest Service. Opportunities at this parcel include signage for main campus entry.

Chapel-by-the-Lake Lease/Partnership

Continue to foster relationship with Chapel-by-the-Lake shared parking lot arrangement.

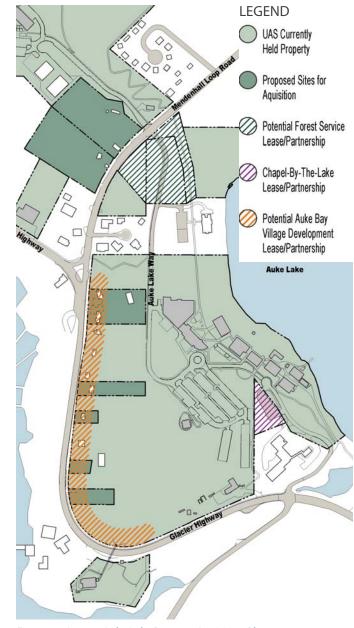


Figure 3.4 Juneau Auke Lake Property Aquisition Plan



Photo 2.6 Aerial View of Student Housing

Facilities - Building Use

The Building Use diagrams illustrate the existing campus buildings in terms of their primary building use: academic, student support, study, administrative, recreation, facility support, student housing. On the smaller campuses, building use is approximately diagrammed within the buildings, treating them as a "campus within a building." The intent of the diagram is to understand the building use patterns that currently exist on each campus.

Academic

Academic buildings are primarily located at the campus core on Juneau Auke Lake campus. The Anderson Science Building is located on Auke Bay to enable salt water research. NSRL houses additional lab space and is located south of campus.

Student Support

Student support spaces are distributed across the across Juneau Auke Lake, with the main space on the campus core in Mourant, as well as the Lodge located in the north student housing precinct. The bookstore is located west of the campus core in BAS on Glacier Highway.

Administrative

Administrative space for the Juneau campuses is partially shared between the three campuses and located primarily on Auke Lake campus, though the Technology Education Center and Bill Ray do have additional spaces to support program-specific functions at their individual locations as well.

Recreation

Recreation space is currently limited to the Recreation Center on Juneau Auke Lake campus, which is a shared space with the Alaksa US Army National Guard, as well as two outdoor pavilions, also on Auke Lake campus.

Facility Support

Facility Services is a conglomeration of structures with access of Glacier Highway about 50 yards past the service entrance. The campus central computer / IT services is housed in Whitehead.

Student Housing

Juneau Auke Lake is the only campus that provides on-campus housing. Student housing is located off Mendenhall Loop Road, about .5 mile drive from the main campus entry. Current student housing is comprised of a freshman residence hall, seven buildings containing student apartments and a student lodge. Student apartments have cooking facilities. Students in the freshman residence hall purchase meal cards for meals at the Mourant Cafeteria.

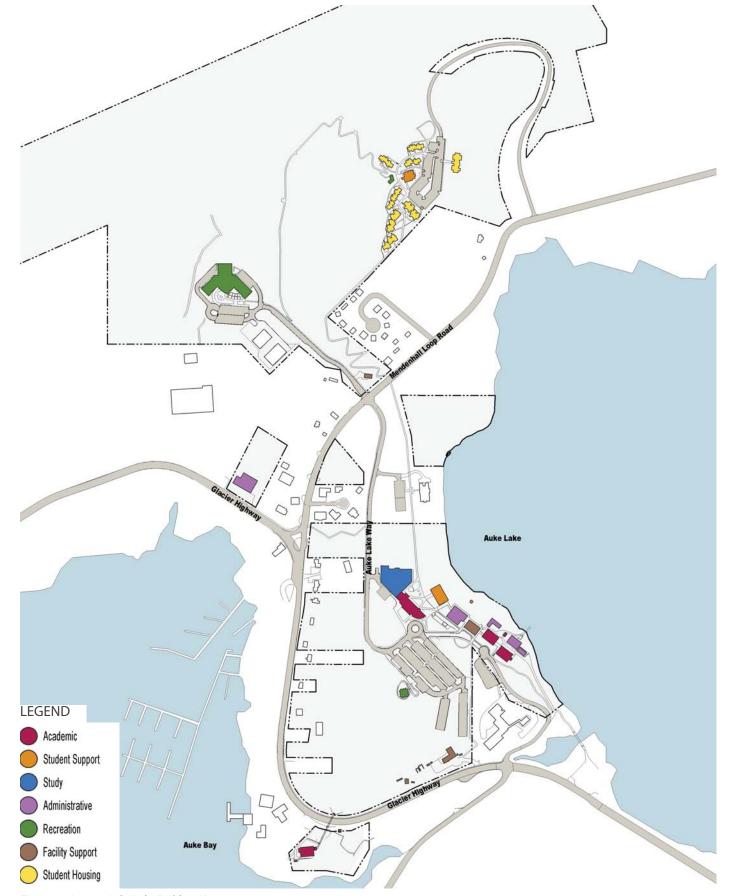


Figure 3.5 Juneau Auke Lake Building Use



Photo 2.7 Campus Core Buildings



Photo 2.8 Stover House

Facilities - Building Condition

The Building Condition diagrams illustrate assessment recommendations for campus facilities. The recommendations were developed with current input from Facilities Services. Assessment recommendations include five designations: Maintenance and Repair, Renewal, Major Revitalization, Adaptive Reuse, Relocation or Demolition.

<u>Renewal</u>

Student Apartments in the upper campus housing precinct are currently undergoing renewal upgrades.

Major Revitalization

Novatney, Whitehead, Soboleff, and Hendrickson are identified for infrastructure upgrades.

Adaptive Reuse

Mourant and Banfield are under consideration to convert to new uses. Mourant, originally built as an administrative building, could be better served/easily converted from student dining facilities back to administrative. Banfield will be converted from underclassmen residence hall to upperclassmen apartments pending the construction of a new student residence hall. Hendrickson annexes may be repurposed.

Relocation or Demolition

Buildings that are identified for demolition include the Soboleff Annex and Facilities Services Buildings. Soboleff, a temporary modular building, has long since surpassed its intended life span. Its removal also enables a better and higher use for the land adjacent to Auke Lake. The Facilities Services building (Stover) is also identified for future demolition. Vehicular access to the site is difficult because of a sharp turn into a steep driveway. The realignment work proposed by the DOT will virtually cut off the existing access route.

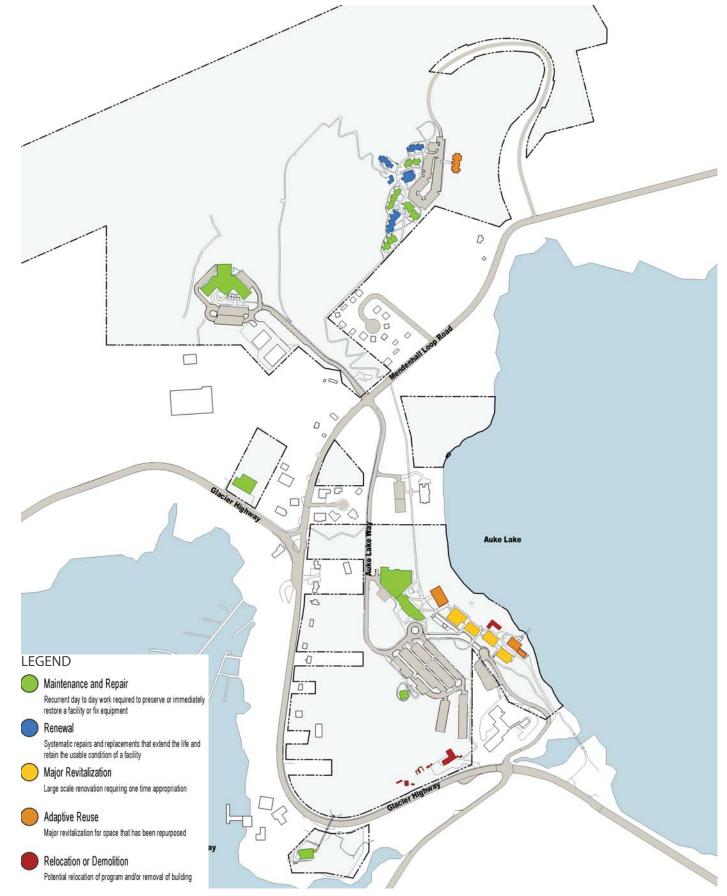


Figure 3.6 Juneau Auke Lake Building Condition



Photo 2.9 New Campus Greenway

Green Space

Green space is delineated through the following categories: outdoor gathering, campus greenway, informal lawn/clearing, wooded area, recreation, and waterfront zone.

Outdoor Gathering

Outdoor Gathering spaces consist of formal or informal areas where the campus community gathers. The spaces are generally defined by building facades and paved area with maintained landscape plantings, and often include outdoor art and heritage. Juneau Auke Lake campus has two primary outdoor gathering spaces—the gathering area in front of the Rec building, and the courtyard east of Egan Library and Classroom Wing.

Campus Greenway

Based on recommendations from the previous master plan, Juneau Auke Lake campus is nearing the completion of the first phase the Campus Greenway construction. The project included closing Auke Way through the campus core and converting the road to a pedestrian greenway.

Wooded Area

Dense woods are a defining characteristic of campus.

Grassy Areas

Small areas adjacent to building sites within the campus core are maintained as open grass covered clearnings. These areas support gathering spaces as well as create open views.

Waterfront Zone

The proximity to the water is another defining characteristic of all campuses. Currently a strong physical or visual connection to the water does not consistently exist, but zones are identified where the opportunity exists to create a meaningful connection.

Campus Pedestrian Corridor

Pedestrian corridors are the primary route used by the campus community, and connect parking, building and open spaces. Corridors connect the campus core with outlying campus buildings through a combination of wide pathways through the wooded areas and traditional sidewalks. These routes are designed to a specific width to address snow removal with defined snow storage areas

Recreation

Recreation areas include both passive and active recreation. A small recreational area is located at the student housing. Additional recreation space includes trails, the dock and access to the lake, wayside rest area, kayaking, and skiing.

Trail

With the recent completion of the Auke Creek Crossing, the pedestrian route on campus connects pedestrians to the "wayside" (CBJ maintained access launch ramp to Auke Lake) and further on to the Auke Lake Trail that extends 1 mile along Auke Lake. Additional informal recreational trails are located behind the rec center and Anderson.



Figure 3.7 Juneau Auke Lake Open Space



Photo 2.10 Crossing at Main Campus Entry - Ped/Vehicle Conflict



Photo 2.11 Central Parking Lot

Circulation and Parking

The Circulation and Parking diagrams illustrate primary vehicular circulation routes and parking.

Vehicular Circulation

Vehicular circulation is comprised of city streets, campus vehicular corridors, and campus vehicular limited access. City streets are used to connect campuses, such as Juneau Auke Lake and Juneau downtown locations. Juneau Auke Lake's main vehicular spine has recently been disconnected in order to support pedestrian movement. The connection remains for limited access vehicles, which also share the wide pedestrian paths that lead from the campus core to the housing precinct to the rec facility.

Proposed DOT Re-Alignment

Alaska Department of Transportation is planning several road improvements to Glacier Highway, and Mendenhall Loop Road. Improvements include realigning Glacier Highway at the curve southwest of UAS property, and a roundabout at the intersection of Glacier Highway and Mendenhall Loop Road, as well as creating turning lanes at critical cross streets and creating sidewalks along the highway and road.

Parking

Parking on Juneau's Auke Lake Campus is located primarily at the campus core. These lots are generously sized and can be better utilized as potential building sites. Parking is also shared with Chapel-by-the-Lake. The housing precinct and rec center have ample parking. Parking at Anderson is limited.

Conflict Zone

Safety issues surround pedestrian routes where they cross roadways. These areas occur on Juneau Auke Lake campus where pedestrian routes cross Glacier Highway and Mendenhall Loop Road, to connect from the campus core to Anderson, the bookstore, or to the trail to housing and rec center. These crossings are minimally defined and have limited visibility.

Bus Stop

Juneau Auke Lake Campus is served by the Capital Transit bus system. The primary route borders the campus property around Glacier Highway and Mendenhall Loop Road. An express bus with a limited schedule has a stop at the turn-around at Egan Classroom Wing.

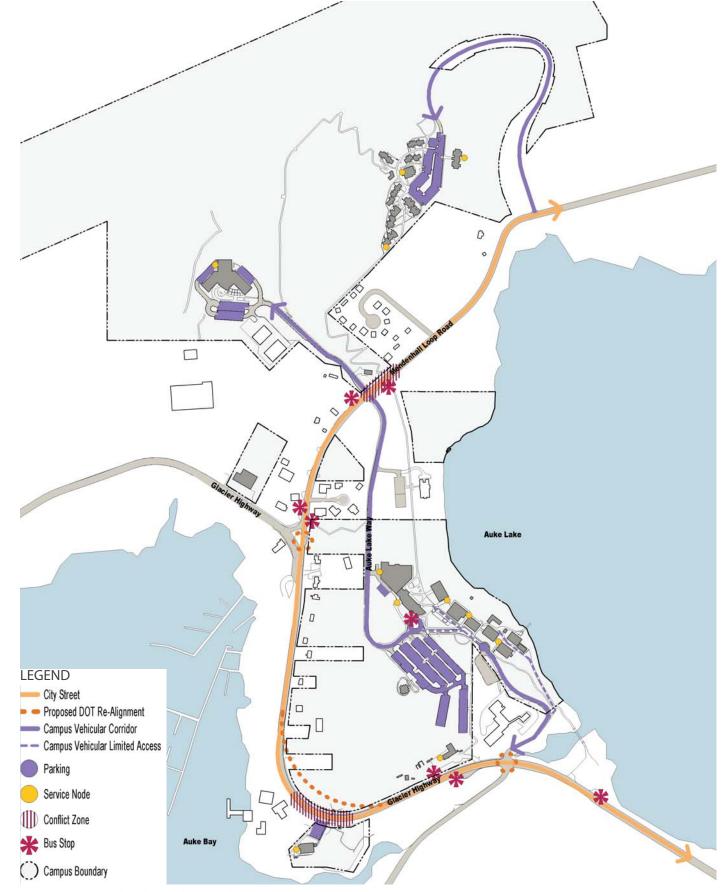


Figure 3.8 Juneau Auke Lake Circulation and Parking

EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS

Infrastructure

Auke Lake – Central Campus

Water: A 16 inch CBJ water main serves the "Pump House" on the Mendenhall Loop Rd. Three branches leave the pump house, one to the main campus, one to the Rec Center and one to Student Housing. The pump house maintains overall system pressure and is equipped with a fire pump and emergency generation. Flows are monitored at each building through an automated metering system.

Sewer: All facilities are served by gravity flow to the UAS lift station adjacent to Auke Lake. The lift station transfers all effluent through a UAS force main under Auke Lake Way to the CBJ main sewer system located under Glacier Highway.

Electricity: AEL&P primary power is located in an underground conduit and vault system that bisects the main campus in a North to South direction. Utility wiring is configured in a "loop feed" so that power can be fed from either the Glacier Highway or the Mendenhall Loop Rd. Limited emergency power is provided from the pump house generator and from the Egan Library generator. Future needs: ensure that the IT equipment in the Egan Library/Wing is served by uninterruptable power.

Data/Communications: The utility corridor bisecting the main campus includes dedicated conduits for data and communications. Buildings are interconnected using a combination of single-mode and multi-mode fiber optic cables home running to the Whitehead building. Future needs: single-mode fiber between all buildings. Ideally, the campus would install a secondary fiber infrastructure running to the Egan Wing for business continuity.

Student Housing

Water: Water for domestic use and fire protection is provided from the "pump house" on the Mendenhall Loop Rd. Individual buildings are separately metered.

Sewer: All student housing sewage flows by gravity to a CBJ lift station located on the Mendenhall Loop Rd near University Drive.

Primary utility power is provided Electricity: underground via Lee St and along the pedestrian path. Limited emergency power is provided to the apartments from a generator in the Housing Lodge (Community Building). Future needs: ensure that IT equipment has uninterruptible power.

Data/Communications: Network connectivity provided by single-mode fiber from the Recreation Center to the Housing Lodge. Multi-mode fiber connects the lodge to each of the Housing buildings. Banfield hall is served by both wireless and hard wired connections to each unit. The other housing buildings are served by wireless only. Future needs: single mode fiber to each housing building; wired connection to each apartment unit.

Recreation Center / Joint Use Facility

Water: Water for domestic use and fire protection is provided from the "pump house" on the Mendenhall Loop Rd.

Sewer: Drain lines flow by gravity to an on-site lift station south of the main parking lots. A pressure line is located under the entry road which connects to the CBJ sewer main under the Mendenhall Loop Rd.

Electricity: A primary AEL&P electrical service runs underground along the alignment of the entry road. An emergency generator provides limited power. Future needs: uninterruptable power serving the IT infrastructure.

Data/Communications: Single-mode fiber optic cables run from the Rec Center to the Whitehead building using the vault-system that follows the walking path and road to the Rec Center.

Anderson Building

Water: Water for domestic use and fire protection is provided from the CBJ water main beneath Glacier Highway.

Sewer: An on-site lift station pressurizes a four inch force line under the parking lot and connects to the CBJ sewer main under Glacier Highway

Electricity: Electrical service is provided through underground conduits from the AEL&P transformer located on site. An on-site generator provides full emergency backup power.

Data/Communications: Data connectivity is provided by a 20-year old direct-burial multi-mode fiber cable that runs from the Stover House to the Anderson Building in an abandoned water main. Future needs: new single-mode fiber connection to the main campus, preferably through a vault system.

Bookstore/ Admin Services Building (BAS)

Water: Water for domestic use and fire protection is provided from the CBJ water main beneath Glacier Highway.

Sewer: Building sewage flows by gravity to the CBJ sewer main beneath Glacier Highway.

Future needs: uninterruptable power Electricity: for IT gear.

Data/Communications: Data services are provided by an 8 Mbps leased copper circuit. Future needs: install a University-owned circuit, ideally single-mode fiber running to the Rec Center or some other nearby facility.

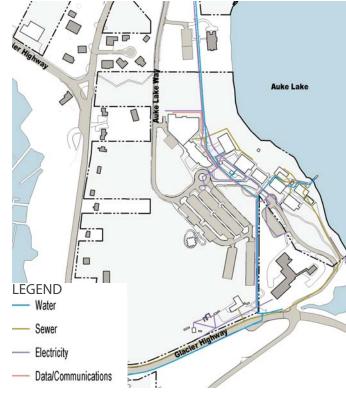


Figure 3.9 Juneau Auke Lake Utilities Diagram

Natural Science Research Lab

Water: Water for domestic use and fire protection is provided from the CBJ water main beneath Bentwood Place.

Sewer: Building sewage flows by gravity to the CBJ sewer main beneath Bentwood Place.

Power is provided through metered service from AEL&P. Future needs: uninterruptable power for IT gear.

Data/Communications: Data services are provided by an 8 Mbps leased copper circuit. Future needs: upgrade leased circuit to higher-bandwidth fiber. Add additional circuit to the Tech Ed Center to create redundant network paths for campus buildings.

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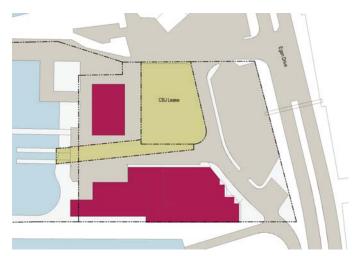


Figure 3.10 Technical Education Center Building Use

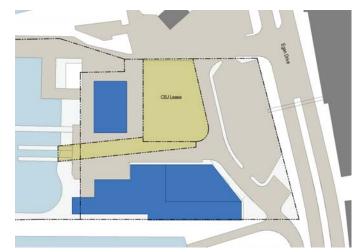


Figure 3.11 Technical Education Center Building Condition

LEGEND LEGEND (Building Use) (Building Condition) Academic Maintenance and Repair Recurrent day to day work required to preserve or immediately Student Support restore a facility or fix equipment Study Systematic repairs and replacements that extend the life and Administrative retain the usable condition of a facility Major Revitalization Recreation Large scale renovation requiring one time appropriation Facility Support Adaptive Reuse Major revitalization for space that has been repurposed Relocation or Demolition Potential relocation of program and/or removal of building

Technical Education Center

Facilities - Building Use

The TEC largely houses workforce development programs offered through the UAS School of Career Education. The TEC is two-stories and is a highlyvisible UAS facility in downtown Juneau. It houses classrooms, shops, labs, and offices. Programs offered at the TEC include those offered for non-credit in mine safety training as well as for-credit: degree and certificate programs in construction technology, power technology (diesel/auto/marine), and welding. The UAS Center for Mine Training is located here, which has a state-of-the-art mine training simulator. The location of the TEC across Egan Drive from Juneau Douglas High School provides opportunities for shared use of facilities and for collaboration in offering Tech-Prep courses—where high school students are able to earn college credit in approved workforce programs.

Facilities - Building Condition

The TEC building is a well maintained sound building without major problems, built in 1983 with an addition in 1985. Consideration of emerging programs and focus on workforce development, training for specific job related skills calls for reorganizing classroom laboratory and classroom spaces within the building needs to be revisited as new programs and technologies come on line.

The 36,306 sf building is comprised of 2x4 metal studs, sheathed with 3 ½" insulated metal panels – R-14; and double pane windows. The metal deck, original built up roof was replaced with EPDM system. Perimeter concrete footing 2" rigid slab; 36" deep footing. The channel side of the 1985 addition may have water infiltration problems caused by wind driven rain.

Energy Audit completed in 2005 recommended recommissioning mechanical systems and building control systems (BAS); continue to upgrade lighting. New Fire Alarm system was installed in 2010.

Outdoor Program Space

With the Technical Education Center's location and function in downtown Juneau along the waterfront, the campus has a strong industrial site character. The campus is predominantly paved with minimal areas for outdoor gathering and poorly defined pedestrian circulation between buildings. Paved areas are used for program space. The waterfront location provides opportunities for connection to the water. The building is highly visible from Egan Drive.

Parking and Circulation

The parking lot has adequate parking, although must be monitored to prevent unauthorized parking by students from adjacent Juneau Douglas High School. The High School is connected with a pedestrian bridge spanning Egan Drive.

A significant portion of the site is dedicated in a lease to the City and Borough of Juneau for boat parking and access to a boat lift. The current terms of the lease extend through 2021 (area shown on diagrams). The dedicated lease area constrains the site for future uses, and should be reviewed at the time of renewal.

Infrastructure

Water: Water for domestic use and fire protection is provided from the CBJ water main beneath Willoughby Avenue.

Sewer: Building sewage flows by gravity to the CBJ sewer main beneath Willoughby Avenue.

Electricity: Power is provided through metered service from AEL&P. Future needs: uninterruptable power for IT gear.

Data/Communications: Data services are provided by an 8 Mbps leased copper circuit. Building copper data wiring is outdated and problematic. Future needs: upgrade leased circuit to higher-bandwidth fiber. The building copper cabling should be replaced.

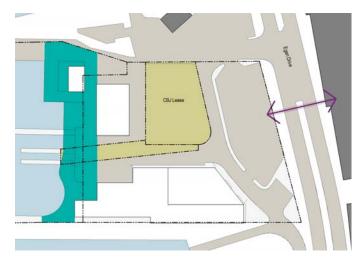


Figure 3.12 Technical Education Center Outdoor Space

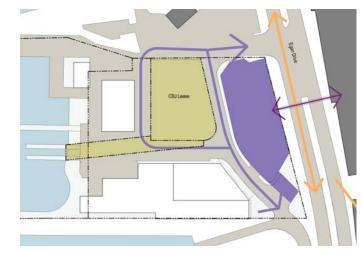


Figure 3.13 Technical Education Center Circulation and Parking



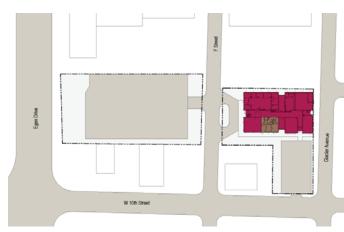
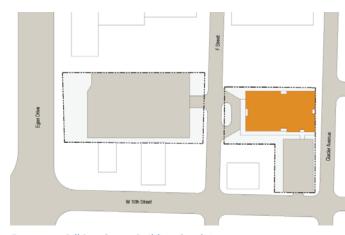
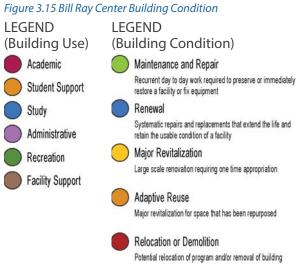


Figure 3.14 Bill Ray Center Building Use





Bill Ray Center

Facilities - Building Use

The UAS Bill Ray Center is prominently located in downtown Juneau near Juneau School District offices and the city's business center. It is situated approximately one-third of a mile from the UAS Technical Education Center—across Egan Drive. The Bill Ray Center was originally built primarily for UAS business programs. Today it primarily serves as a location for School of Career Education programs but is also used on occasion by faculty and staff in the School of Arts and Sciences. Career Education programs using the facility include health sciences and the University of Alaska Anchorage Nursing program. It also houses faculty offering marine transportation certifications. The facility has ample parking and is located near bus routes, including an express bus that connects to the Juneau Auke Bay Campus.

Facilities - Building Condition

The original building was constructed in 1976; its addition constructed in 1981. The Bill Ray Center is in sound condition; requiring only regular maintenance and upgrade of building systems. This 21,890 gsf, 2 story building consists of office and classroom spaces. It has a concrete slab on grade foundation, exposed-aggregate pre cast concrete wall panels, tilt-up construction, wood detail, T&G flat roof deck; EPDM roofing material.

Recent upgrades include new heating plant/boiler replacement, window replacement south facing side of the building, and roof replacement.

ADA Condition Survey was completed in 2011. Defined future upgrades include fire alarm system replacement, renovate/add toilet rooms, and replace elevator to meet ADAAG.

Open Space

Bill Ray Center has minimal open space. There are small areas with planting.

Parking and Circulation

Parking is abundant with one small lot adjacent to building, and another sizable lot across the street. There is a drop off in front of building on F Street.

There is a capital transit bus stop located in close proximity.

Infrastructure

Water: Water for domestic use and fire protection is provided from the CBJ water main beneath Egan Drive.

Sewer: Building sewage flows by gravity to the CBJ sewer main.

Electricity: Power is provided through metered service from AEL&P. Future needs: uninterruptable power for IT gear.

Data/Communications: Data services are provided by a high-bandwidth line-of-site wireless connection to the Bill Ray Center. The adjacent welding lab has only limit copper cabling providing analog phone service. Future needs: add dedicated high-bandwidth leased circuits to the main campus and to the Natural Sciences building (to create redundant path). Add dedicated fiber data circuits to the welding lab.

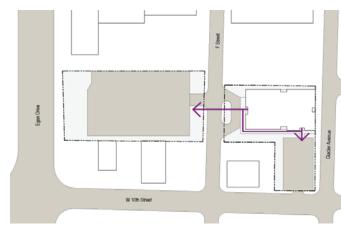


Figure 3.17 Bill Ray Center Outdoor Space



Figure 3.16 Bill Ray Center Circulation and Parking





Figure 3.18 Sitka Large Scale Context

Sitka

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The UAS Sitka Campus is located in the City and Borough of Sitka on Baranof Island, part of the beautiful Alexander Archipelago that makes up Alaska's Southeast Panhandle. The city has a population of 8,881 people (2010 census). It is accessible only by air and by sea, and is situated 80 air miles southwest of Juneau, Alaska's capital.

Sitka has an especially rich history as an ancestral home for the Tlingit people, and the community population today is nearly one-quarter Tlingit. In the 18th century it became one of the first colonial settlements of Russian America. When the United States purchased Russian interests in Alaska, Sitka was made the territory's first capital. Fishing and trading were for many years the basis for Sitka's economy but during the 20th century its economic life was transformed by establishment of military facilities (US Navy and Coast Guard) and by the presence of both Mt. Edgecumbe High School and Mt. Edgecumbe Hospital, both serving primarily Alaska Native peoples from across the state of Alaska.

1. Sitka Campus Site

PARTNERS

- 2. Mt. Edgecombe High School
- Mt. Edgecombe High School Dormitories
- Sitka Sound Science Center
- Public Safety Training Academy
- 6. Sitka Fine Arts

CONTEXT

- 7. Na Ka Hidi
- Sitka Pioneer Home
- 9. Sitka Harbor
- 10. US Coast Guard
- 11. SEARHC Community Health & Hospital
- 12. Sewage Treatment Plant
- 13 Marina
- 14. Sitka High School
- 15. Sitka National Cemetery
- 16. Sitka National Historical Park
- 17. Sitka Sound

In the 1980s the community's economy was impacted by the shut-down of a large pulp mill. More recently, Sheldon Jackson College, a church-based institution of higher education, also closed. But Sitka has weathered these economic challenges—its economy today is expanding, based largely upon fisheries and fish processing, tourism, the US Coast Guard, and medical and educational services.

The Sitka Campus is located at 1332 Seward Avenue on Japonski Island, connected by bridge to the larger Sitka community. The Campus is housed within a WWII-era aircraft hanger, which now encloses offices, classrooms, shops, and public and student gathering areas. The Campus' close proximity to Mt. Edgecumbe High School, a statewide boarding school serving predominantly Alaska Native students, provides exceptional opportunities for secondary-postsecondary partnerships, including dual enrollment and Tech-Prep courses. The Campus also collaborates in the use of facilities with other community partners, including the Sitka Sound Science Center (which has an operating fish hatchery) and the Alaska Law Enforcement Training

Facilities - Building Use

The campus is tasked with the primary responsibility of distance delivery of AA and AAS degrees, pre-nursing lab based science classes and a career and technical education curriculum.

A construction project to add a construction technology lab (renewable energy), a 'Student Success Center' housing support spaces for web delivery of coursework, secure testing facilities and a "one-stop-shop" for walkin students, and a large exhibition/demonstration/ lecture hall will be completed during the fall of 2012.

High school students from Mt. Edgecumbe (housed in the adjacent WWII hangar) attend welding and construction technology courses on the UAS campus. A lab 'prep' room is used for preparing and evaluating lab kits sent out in connection with distance courses.

'Wayfinding' throughout the campus corridors need to be strengthened. Assigning colors to the corridors is currently under way. A space planning survey is currently under way. Ceramics Lab/Art Room code corrections is currently in design.

Facilities-Building Condition

The Sitka hangar was constructed about 1941 and originally served as a pre WWII airplane hangar. The footprint is 240' x 160', with a clear ceiling height (in open area) 30' to underside of structure.

Exterior renovation in 1987 included replacing or overlaying original cladding with insulated metal panels, windows, EPDM membrane roof and interior 2-story office bay. 1994 through present, multi-phased infill additions to meet needs, including a welding lab, academic blocks (classroom and office spaces), health sciences classroom & lab spaces, construction technology lab, multi-purpose technical classrooms and their support spaces.

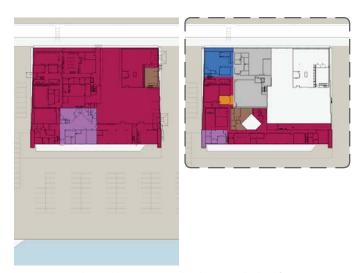
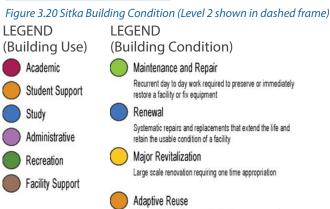


Figure 3.19 Sitka Building Use (Level 2 shown in dashed frame)





Major revitalization for space that has been repurposed

EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS

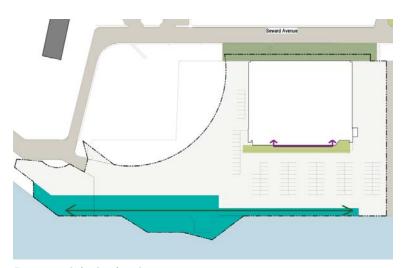


Figure 3.21 Sitka Outdoor Space

Outdoor Gathering Grassy Area Wooded Area Recreation

Waterfront Zone

() Campus Boundary

- Campus Pedestrian Corridor

— Trail

Outdoor Space

In general, the Sitka campus does not have a significant amount of green space due to the historic nature of the airplane hangar. However, the campus is located in a highly scenic area with potential and room for developing a landscape strategy for planting, gathering, and pedestrian circulation, with a strong sense of arrival and place.

Outdoor Gathering

Sitka does not have recognized formal or informal gathering areas, though students from the college as well as Mt. Edgecombe HS seek out "found" areas to congregate, demonstrating a clear need. A small recreational ball field is adjacent to the campus property, but is not well maintained and not utilized as a playing field.

Grassy Area

A small area adjacent the front of the hanger is maintained as lawn and softens the edge of the surrounding pavement.

Wooded Area

A dense tree planting borders the rear of the hanger, along a steep slope. This border is intended as a barrier to foot traffic between the Hangar and HS--additional barrier is needed to prevent erroneous cut-throughs.

<u>Trail</u>

The city and borough of Sitka has identified the Japonski Loop Trail as part of their 2003 Trail Plan, circling the island with a portion bordering the campus.

Circulation and Parking

The Sitka campus resides at a former hangar and plane launch, therefore the site is primarily historic concrete—notably at a significant depth to handle the weight of air craft.

Circulation

Vehicular circulation is ambiguous through the vast concrete areas between the entry from Seward Avenue and the lined parking lot. Throughout the undefined areas there are conflicts between vehicles and pedestrians.

Portions of concrete surface are used for police vehicle maneuvers, though this area may be relocated.

<u>Parking</u>

Sitka has ample space for parking. The parking lot rests on existing concrete and is defined through striping.

Infrastructure

Data/Communications: WAN connectivity is provided by a 40Mbit circuit to the Juneau campus. Future needs: add a secondary WAN circuit to Sitka to create multiple data paths in the region.

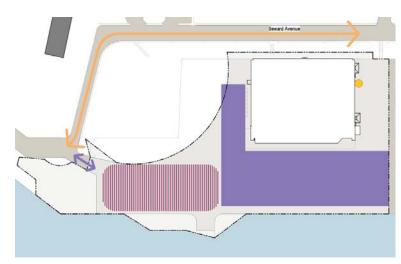


Figure 3.22 Sitka Circulation and Parking



() Campus Boundary



Figure 3.23 Ketchikan Large Sca Context

UAS

- 1. Ketchikan Upper Campus Site
- 2. Ketchikan Lower Campus Site PARTNERS
- 3. High School
- 4. Ketchikan Indian Community

CONTEXT

- 6. Old Pulp Mall
- 7. Alaska Ship and Drydock
- 8. Ketchikan Ferry Terminal9. Houghtaling Elementary School
- Alaska Army National Guard
- 11. Community Pool
- 12. Library
- 13. Alaska Marine Hwy Ferry Terminal
- 14. Ketchikan International Airport
- 15. Peace Heath
- 16. Tongass Narrows
- 17. Cruise Ship Terminal18. Ketchikan Yacht Club
- 19. Totem Bight Park (4 Miles)
- 20. Coast Guard (1 Mile)

Ketchikan

Ketchikan is Alaska's "First City", located within the Ketchikan Gateway Borough on Revillagigedo Island in southern Southeast Alaska. It is 235 miles south of Alaska's capital city, Juneau. Ketchikan is accessible only by air and by sea; it has regular jet aircraft service from Seattle and from Alaskan cities to the north. Ketchikan's population is approximately 14,070 (2010 census), a significant number of whom are Haida, Tsimshian, and Tlingit. Alaska's only federally-recognized Indian reservation, the Annette Islands Reserve , and its community of Metlakatla, is located nearby.

Ketchikan's economic history has long been tied to fishing, maritime services, and logging. The closing of the Ketchikan Pulp Mill in nearby Ward Cove in 1997 posed major challenges to the economic life of the community. Today the economy is growing modestly by focusing on fisheries and mariculture, tourism (including regular visits of cruise ships to downtown Ketchikan), ship maintenance and repair, and government services. Ketchikan is home to Ketchikan Ship and Drydock, a growing facility that is expected to increase employment in years to come. There are also two important mineral prospects near Ketchikan on southern Prince of Wales Island. Development of these two prospects is likely in the next 5-10 years.

The upper campus sits nestled into the hillside of Tongass National Forest, on the edge of a very steep parcel of property approximately 44 acres in size. The upper campus consists of 2 buildings connected by an outdoor covered walkway. The lower campus sits directly on the Tongass Narrows at 600 Stedman St.

Facilities - Building Use

The Building Use diagrams illustrate the existing campus buildings in terms of their primary building use: academic, student support, study, administrative, recreation, facility support. On the smaller campuses, building use is approximately diagrammed within the buildings, treating them as a "campus within a building." The intent of the diagram is to understand the building use patterns that currently exist on each campus.

<u>Academic</u>

At the upper campus, academic space including classroom, labs and faculty offices, is located predominantly in the Paul Building. Lower campus academic space is predominantly specialty labs, and includes outdoor covered work spaces.

Student Support

Student support spaces include student organization offices, retail, gathering. It is currently clustered in Ziegler.

Administrative

Administrative spaces are located in multiple, unconnected locations in the Ketchikan campus buildings.

Facility Support

The facility support shop space is in the Robertson Building and serves both campuses.

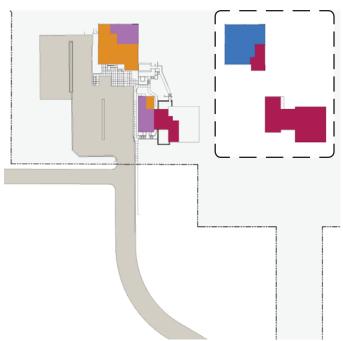


Figure 3.24 Ketchikan Upper Campus Building Use (Level 2 shown in dashed frame)

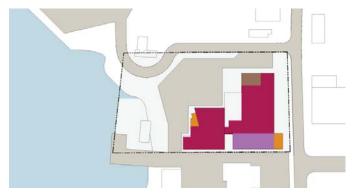


Figure 3.25 Ketchikan Lower Campus Building Use



Facility Support

Recreation

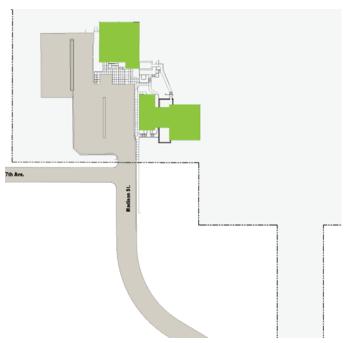


Figure 3.26 Ketchikan Upper Campus Building Condition



Figure 3.27 Ketchikan Lower Campus Building Condition

LEGEND

Maintenance and Repair

Recurrent day to day work required to preserve or immediately restore a facility or fix equipment

Renewal

Systematic repairs and replacements that extend the life and retain the usable condition of a facility

Major Revitalization

Large scale renovation requiring one time appropriation

Adaptive Reuse

Major revitalization for space that has been repurposed

Facilities - Building Condition

Maintenance and Repair

Paul and Ziegler were extensively remodeled in 2006. Paul was re-roofed in 2009 and Ziegler in 2011. Robertson was extensively remodeled in 2003.

Major Revitalization

Hamilton will require infrastructure upgrades.

Green Space

The Ketchikan campus is divided in two locations, each campus having unique outdoor qualities specific to their locations.

Outdoor Gathering

Outdoor Gathering spaces consist of formal or informal areas where the campus community gathers. The spaces are generally defined by building facades and paved area with maintained landscape plantings, and often include outdoor art and heritage. The upper campus of Ketchikan has an plaza and bridge that connects the two buildings. Significant outdoor gathering spaces are not located at Ketchikan lower campus.

Wooded Area

Dense woods are a defining characteristic of the Ketchikan upper campus.

Waterfront Zone

The proximity to the water along an industrial shoreline is a defining characteristic of the lower campus. The new lifeboat davit dock will enable able body seaman training at lower campus.

<u>Trail</u>

The Rainbird Trail winds through Ketchikan upper campus with recent trail improvements. The trailhead is adjacent to the Ziegler Building.

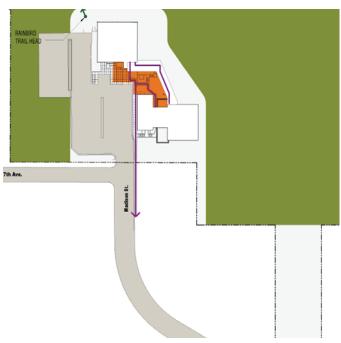


Figure 3.28 Ketchikan Upper Campus Green Space

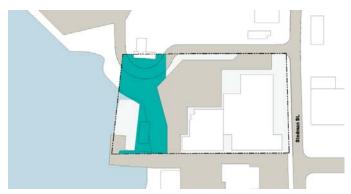


Figure 3.29 Ketchikan Lower Campus Green Space



EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS EXISTING CAMPUS CONDITIONS

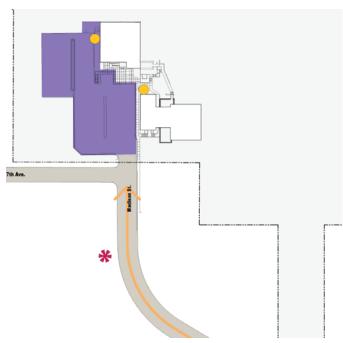


Figure 3.30 Ketchikan Upper Campus Circulation and Parking

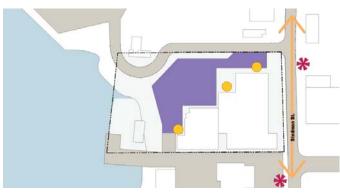


Figure 3.31 Ketchikan Lower Campus Circulation and Parking

LEGEND

City Street

Campus Vehicular Corridor

- - Campus Vehicular Limited Access

Parking

Service Node

Conflict Zone

Bus Stop

() Campus Boundary

Circulation and Parking

Vehicular Circulation

Vehicular circulation is comprised of city streets, campus vehicular corridors, and campus vehicular limited access. City streets are used to connect upper and lower campuses, which are approximately 2 miles apart. Circulation on Ketchikan lower campus is highly undefined.

Parking

Ketchikan upper campus parking lot was recently repaved and expanded. Parking is sufficient.

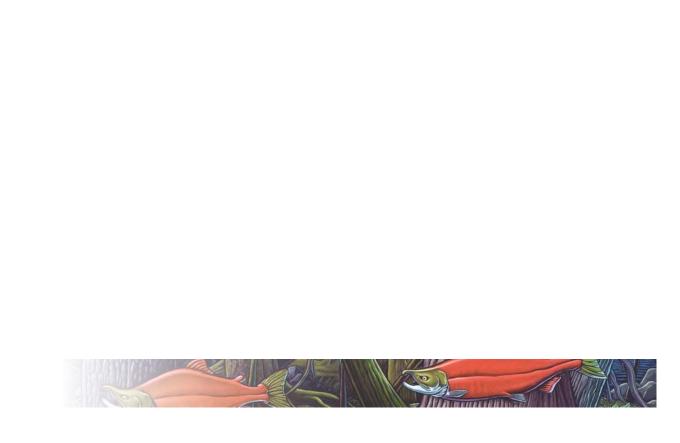
Ketchikan lower campus's parking and service areas are constrained. The site is used for multiple functions: boats, loading and circulation. The lot is gravel and fenced.

Bus Stop

Ketchikan Borough Gateway Transit System has stops near each campus.

Infrastructure

Data/Communications: Main campus buildings are interconnected by fiber. A high-bandwidth leased circuit connects the upper and lower campuses. WAN connectivity is provided by a 40Mbit circuit to the Juneau campus. Future needs: add a secondary WAN circuit to Sitka to create multiple data paths in the region.





learn · engage · change

Introduction

The foremost challenge facing UAS with regard to facilities is to ensure that the institution's infrastructure supports and enhances its mission of student learning and its goals of increased retention and student success. Facilities design, construction, and renewal are essential elements in fulfilling our four core themes: student success, teaching and learning, community engagement, and research and creative expression. Each of the UAS campuses in Juneau, Ketchikan, and Sitka—and each of our discrete facilities in those communities—offers both challenges and opportunities with this in mind.

It is important to recognize that the use of UAS facilities has changed significantly over time: an expanding mission requires new uses of buildings previously used for other purposes; new technologies and pedagogies open the door to more eLearning/online offerings, affecting use of both classrooms and office space; changing workforce needs mean that programs once vibrant and in high-demand are now no longer needed; and UAS finds that it must adapt to changing student expectations for housing, food, and support services. Indeed, the one constant in the use of UAS facilities is the need to adapt to changing needs and opportunities. The result today is that many facilities are being used for programs and services that did not exist when they were originally designed and constructed. Many buildings have been retrofitted over time to meet immediate or more short-term space needs.



Photo 3.1 Egan Courtyard-Juneau Auke Lake



Photo 3.2 Sitka Campus



Photo 3.3 Ketchikan Campus

Two significant facility challenges facing UAS are the quantity of space and the quality of space in meeting our mission and core themes. The data highlighting the nature of these challenges is presented in the following pages. They are derived from an extensive space analysis completed in alignment with national design standards and comparison of UAS needs with comparable institutions of higher education. Analysis of this data extended down to the department and program levels in order to understand the nuanced needs over time of each school and program. The space analysis confirmed what was reported anecdotally that UAS needs to be more creative and flexible in the use of existing space and more strategic and pro-active in design and construction of new space that explicitly supports student retention and success.

In analyzing the space needs data and their relationship to the UAS mission and core themes, several guiding principles emerged that will continue to be important in making facilities decisions:

- Demonstrate clearly how requests for new facilities and renovation of older facilities supports our mission and core themes
- Design new and renovated facilities in a flexible manner to take into account changing technologies, workforce demands, and pedagogies—including rapid changes in eLearning instruction, advising, and support
- Design facilities that promote active and engaged learning, and that support high levels of personal engagement between student, faculty, advisor, and staff support team

- Create inviting and attractive instructional, student services, and office spaces that promote a sense of community amongst students, faculty, and staff
- Capitalize on our partnerships and opportunities for community engagement—serving the needs of business and industry partners as well as supporters of community arts and humanities
- Secure consistent, adequate, year to year funding to address the University's annual maintenance and repair needs. Implement stewardship polices to ensure an annual provision for maintenance and repair is included in the operating budge. Continue to use its influence to modify the State's capital funding process to establish consistent sources of funding for capital renewal and facilities maintenance.

The following section summarizes the space needs analysis data and applies the above guiding principles to facilities challenges associated with each of UAS' four core themes.

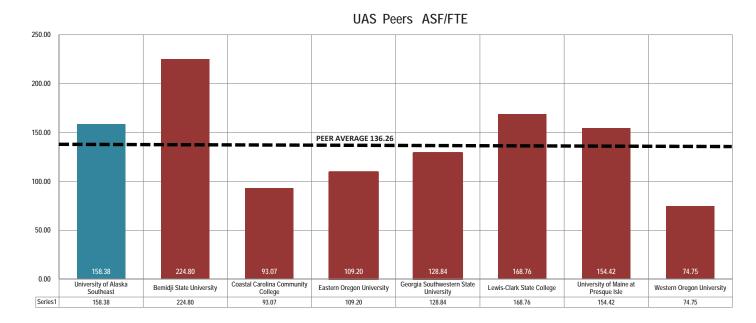


Figure 3.1 UAS Peer ASF/FTE Comparison

Space Needs Summary

The space needs analysis for the campus master plan classified each space on campus according to CEFPI (Council for Educational Facility Planners International) categories, a set of standards used as a national basis of comparison across educational institutions. The standards define a guideline assignable square footage (ASF) per full-time equivalent (FTE) student in each space category. (See Appendix B for ASF summaries per category.) Existing UAS ASF/ FTE ratios were also compared with peer institutions to augment these findings. See Figure 3.1 for peer comparison.

The findings of the space analysis show that while UAS may have the required amount of space compared to peer standards, the space functions and layouts are misaligned with the required use of the space. This is due to the evolving programs, pedagogical teaching styles, and advancements in eLearning support.

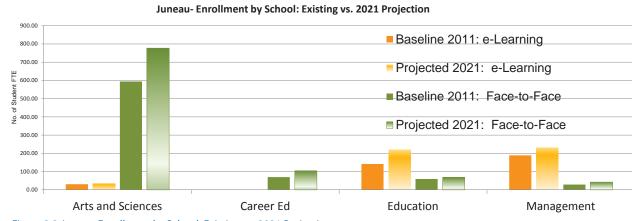


Figure 3.2 Juneau Enrollment by School: Existing vs. 2021 Projection

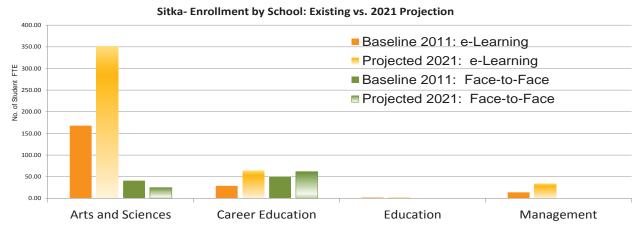


Figure 3.3 Sitka Enrollment by School: Existing vs. 2021 Projection

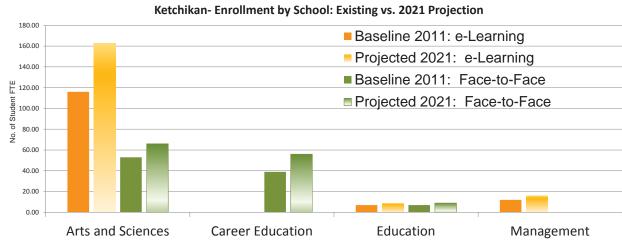


Figure 3.4 Ketchikan Enrollment by School: Existing vs. 2021 Projection

The University looked at current and future space needs for each campus including, Juneau Auke Lake Campus, Juneau Bill Ray Center, Juneau Technical Education Center, Sitka Campus and Ketchikan Campuses. The space analysis was based on the following: the postsecondary education Facilities Inventory and Classification Manual (FICM- standards for classifying postsecondary institutional facilities); an existing space inventory provided by UAS; FTE equivalent values, for fall 2011 and projections for 2021 provided by UAS (See figures 3.2-3.4); and a class schedule provided by UAS for fall 2011.

Projections for 2021 assume growth rates unique to each campus. UAS has a significant eLearning program due to the remote locations of their campuses and the students they serve. The bar charts to the left show the ratio of eLearning students and traditional face-to-face students at each campus location; at baseline 2011 conditions as well as projected in 2021. This demographic results in unique challenges with different space needs for the various student populations.

Growth Rate Assumptions:

- Juneau Auke Lake: 2.8% Traditional Learner; 3.8% eLearner
- TEC: 5.1% Overall
- Bill Ray: 2.9% Overall
- Ketchikan: 3.1% Traditional Learner; 4.3% eLearner
- Sitka: -0.4% Traditional Learner; 8.8% eLearner

The findings of the space analysis show that while UAS may have the required amount of space compared to peer standards, the space functions and layouts are misaligned with the required use of the space. This is due to the evolving programs, pedagogical teaching styles, and advancements in eLearning support.



Photo 3.4 Freshman Orientation



Photo 3.5 Mine Training

2011 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - JUNEAU AUKE LAKE CAMPUS

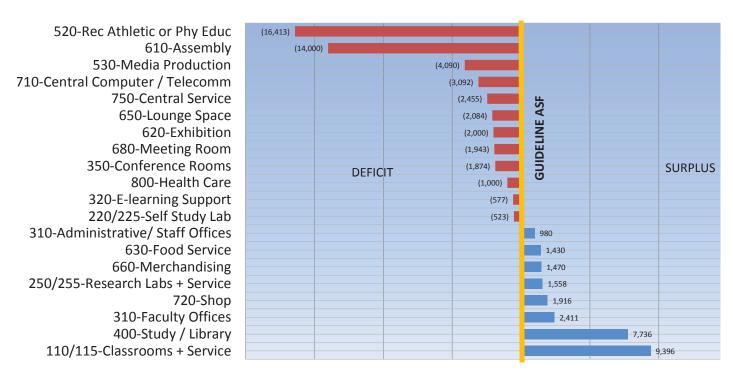


Figure 3.5 2011 ASF Space Variances - Juneau Auke Lake Campus

The following pages demonstrate the summary of projected space surpluses or deficits at UAS campuses (Figures 3.5-3.8). These figures show a graphical representation of space types in deficit or surplus vacillating at the guideline ASF. The guideline ASF, shown as a vertical bar, is based on national and university standards and factors used across the country. See Appendix B for a detailed space category deficit and surplus comparison to CEFPI guidelines.

A detailed departmental analysis was also performed during the master plan process. This can be found in Appendix C.

Juneau Auke Lake campus anticipates a growth from the existing 850 traditional learner FTE to 1200 traditional learner FTE and from the existing 380 eLearner FTE to 525 eLearner FTE.

The 2011 graph include spaces at NSRL. Bill Ray and TEC have separate graphs on the following pages. The 2021 graph assumes that Bill Ray Center and NSRL have been sold/leased and the program space needs have shifted to the Auke Lake campus. The graph also assumes that the Soboleff Annex is demolished by 2021 and office space existing in the annnex is moved elsewhere on the Auke Lake campus. The 2021 graph also includes the required space for the nursing program to grow into a 4 year program.

2021 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - JUNEAU AUKE LAKE CAMPUS

520-Rec Athletic or Phy Educ 610-Assembly 310-Administrative/ Staff Offices 310-Faculty Offices 250/255-Research Labs + Service 530-Media Production 750-Central Service 350-Conference Rooms 710-Central Computer / Telecomm 680-Meeting Room 400-Study / Library 650-Lounge Space 620-Exhibition 220/225-Self Study Lab 800-Health Care 720-Shop 630-Food Service 320-E-learning Support 660-Merchandising 110/115-Classrooms + Service

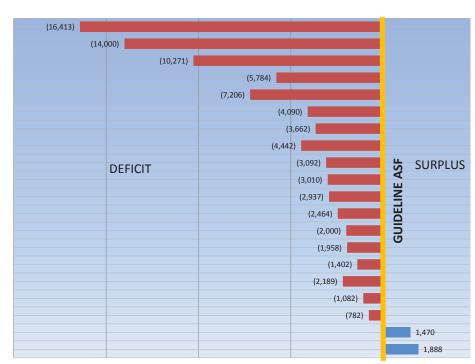


Figure 3.6 2021 ASF Space Variances - Juneau Auke Lake Campus

Research space includes rooms used primarily for laboratory experimentation, research or training in research methods; or professional research and observation or structured creative activity within a specific program.

2011 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - JUNEAU BILL RAY

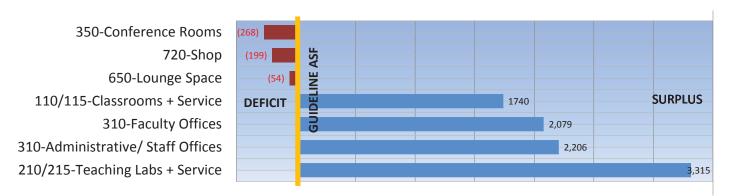


Figure 3.7 2011 ASF Space Variances - Juneau Bill Ray

Bill Ray has a significant amount of surplus space. A portion of the building is leased. The 2021 space needs assumes Bill Ray is sold. The growth for 2021 space needs for programs housed at Bill Ray currently were calculated and moved to the Auke Lake campus, these included the nursing programs, including the leased space for the UAA program. The space needs for all other applied technical programs were assumed to move over to the TEC buildings.

2011 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - JUNEAU TEC

720-Shop 310-Administrative/ Staff Offices 350-Conference Rooms 110/115-Classrooms + Service 650-Lounge Space 310-Faculty Offices 210/215-Tech Labs + Service



Figure 3.8 2011 ASF Space Variances - Juneau TEC

2021 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - JUNEAU TEC

720-Shop 110/115-Classrooms + Service 310-Administrative/ Staff Offices 350-Conference Rooms 650-Lounge Space 310-Faculty Offices 210/215-Tech Labs + Service

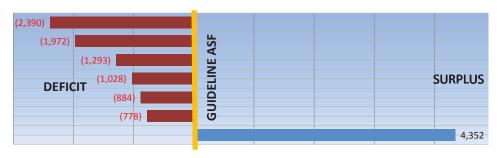


Figure 3.9 2021 ASF Space Variances - Juneau TEC

TEC anticipates an increase of students from the existing 51 FTE to 84 FTE. However, the programs served at TEC are highly dependent on the local industries, in particular mining. Several mines have the potential to open in the near future. TEC needs to remain flexible to support mine training as needed. Existing space may need to be revisited and repurposed in the short term and needs evolve.

TEC also requires 48,000 SF maneuvering space for the mines program that does not fit on the current property and will need to be located at a partner site.

2011 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - SITKA

710-Central Computer / Telecomm 530-Media Production 620-Exhibition 210/215-Tech Labs + Service 250/255-Research Labs + Service 720-Shop DEFICIT 670-Wellness 680-Meeting Room -Central Service 310-Faculty Offices 310-Administrative/ Staff Offices 210/215-Teaching Labs + Service 220/225-Self Study Lab

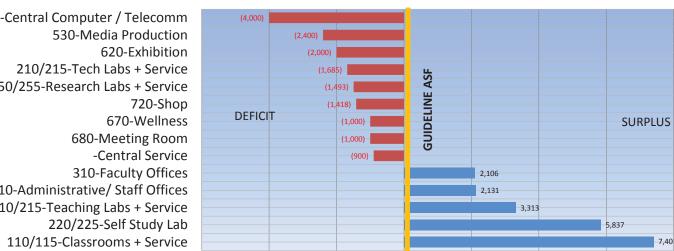


Figure 3.10 2011 ASF Space Variances - Sitka

2021 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - SITKA

710-Central Computer / Telecomm 530-Media Production 620-Exhibition 210/215-Tech Labs + Service 250/255-Research Labs + Service 720-Shop 670-Wellness 680-Meeting Room 320-E-learning Support 750-Central Service 350-Conference Rooms 310-Faculty Offices 310-Administrative/ Staff Offices 210/215-Teaching Labs + Service 220/225-Self Study Lab 110/115-Classrooms + Service

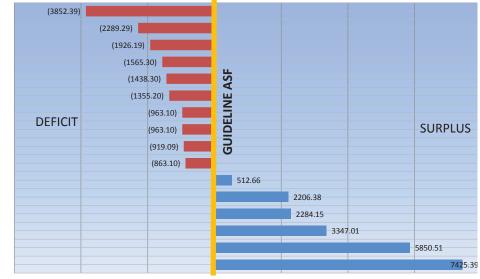


Figure 3.11 2021 ASF Space Variances - Sitka

Sitka anticipates a decline in traditional face-to-face students—90 to 87 FTE, but a significant increase in eLearners—212 to 493 FTE.

Surplus space can be repurposed for needs that are showing deficit, and to better serve eLearning needs.

A new wellness room is currently under construction, anticipated to be complete by the time this report is published.

2011 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - KETCHIKAN



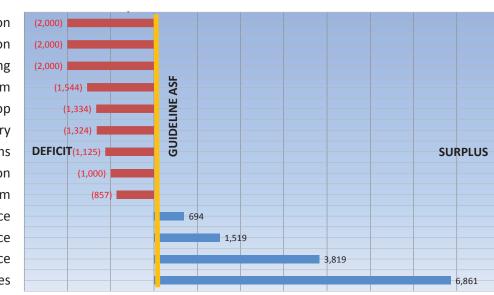


Figure 3.12 2011 ASF Space Variances - Ketchikan

2021 ASF SPACE VARIANCES - KETCHIKAN

400-Study / Library 530-Media Production 620-Exhibition 660-Merchandising 720-Shop 350-Conference Rooms 710-Central Computer / Telecomm 670-Recreation 680-Meeting Room 220/225-Self Study Lab 210/215-Teaching Labs + Service 210/215-Tech Labs + Service 110/115-Classrooms + Service 310-Administration/ Staff Offices

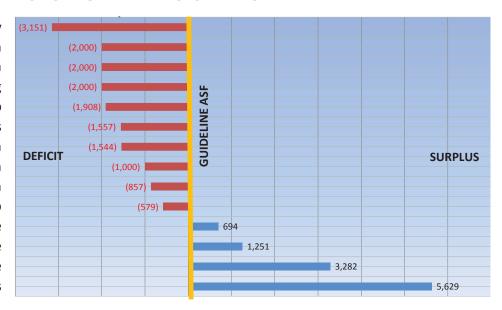


Figure 3.13 2021 ASF Space Variances - Ketchikan

Ketchikan anticipates an enrollment increase from the existing 93 traditional FTE to 125 traditional FTE, and an increase from the existing 140 eLearner FTE to 200 eLearner FTE.



Photo 3.6 Banfield Hall - Freshman Housing



Photo 3.7 Mourant Cafeteria, Juneau Auke Lake campus

Facilities Challenges: Student Success

Juneau Campus Housing

First year housing is critical component to supporting students and increasing student retention at the Juneau Auke Lake Campus. UAS is currently in the design process for a new first year residence hall located near the campus core. The new housing should have living/learning environments, gathering space including small study rooms for residents and their guests, as well as outdoor/front yard spaces bring a sense of connection to the campus core. The north housing precinct facilities should support increased independence for upper class students.

Juneau Campus Dining

Improvements to Juneau Campus dining options and facilities are a high priority. Commuter and resident students alike would benefit from both convenient locations as well as diverse food options. With the new resident hall at the Juneau Auke Lake campus, updated and redesigned dining facilities should be a high priority.

Informal Assembly and Group Study Spaces

The majority of students in Juneau live off-campus and commute to UAS for classes, recreation and other activities. The current, existing on-campus housing precinct at Juneau Auke Lake is a considerable distance from the campus core. There is a critical need for increased assembly spaces on campus, both for study and socialization. While some rooms have been identified on campus as assembly spaces, they have been unsuccessful due to poorly-adapted reuse, low visibility, and poor lighting.

Small assembly spaces are needed in campus core buildings for study, socialization and recreation. The location of assembly spaces is important in buildings as, when placed near the front door or lobby, students are forced to walk through this space and come into contact with other students. They serve as catalysts for an active and closely knit student community. Anderson's small assembly space is an excellent example of a properly located and executed space. Likewise, the 2010 Campus Linkage Study by MRV Architects should continue to be identified as positive future spaces to promote an on-campus community for commuter students.



Photo 3.8 Seating area near Spike's Coffee Shop, Egan Library, Juneau Auke Lake campus



Photo 3.9 Spike's Coffee Shop, Egan Library, Juneau Auke Lake campus



Photo 3.10 Soboleff Building art student lounge space, Juneau Auke Lake campus



Photo 3.11 Informal gathering area at Sitka Atrium

Juneau Campus Amenities

Amenities should be built and expanded that encourage both resident and commuter students to remain on campus in order to strengthen both the social and academic aspects of campus life. This is an especially critical need during the winter months.

Indoor amenities could include:

- Coffee house
- · Improved late-night food options
- Game areas and wellness rooms
- Comfortable lounge space and study space
- Relocated/expanded retail opportunities

Outdoor activities throughout the academic year is desired:

- Disc golf course or one single hole where space is limited
- Active recreation areas adjacent to buildings such as half court basket ball
- Passive gathering space and informal trails
- Connections to waterfront
- Boat house and connections to Auke Lake

Strengthening connections between the campus and community is another way to enliven campus life and broaden use of campus amenities. The available performing arts opportunities, Evening at Egan, and the Native & Rural Student Center are examples of programs that bring more people to the campus, thus making the university a destination for education and entertainment. A variety of activities draws more people to campus and creates a hub of activity.

Campus Recreation and Wellness

UAS has been making steady progress toward meeting its long-standing goal of growing the fulltime student body. Completion of the new freshman dorm will enable continued growth for years to come. As soon as the 120 new beds are filled near the campus core there will be an increased demand for recreation space. Every vibrant community has accessible parks and recreation areas. In Alaska, recreation must include quality indoor facilities. Currently, the Rec Center is a very active state of the art facility, but its utility is limited, its use is shared with the National Guard, and it is located a short distance from the campus core. Students and other interested stakeholders have expressed interest in the construction of a field house and a disk golf course, among other things.



Photo 3.12 Rec Center Indoor Frishbee



Photo 3.13 Skiing at Eaglecrest



Photo 3.14 Typical Classroom-Hendrickson.



Photo 3.15 Painting Studio - Juneau Auke Lake

Facilities Challenges: Teaching & Learning

Promoting a Sense of Community

Promoting a strong community of scholars and learners is one of UAS's primary goals. The space needs analysis points out some specific quantity issues related to teaching and research spaces, at the three UAS campuses but the quality of space is also a concern.

Classroom space available on all three campuses appears to be adequate but the real issue is the quality. Tours demonstrated that the specialized teaching lab spaces in some of the older buildings are not up to quality levels to be expected in a university of this caliber. Classrooms should enable student centered learning, team based learning, flexible classroom configurations, convertible classroom configurations. The Teaching spaces in the Bill Ray Center are underutilized, as shown by the space needs calculations. Bill Ray Center has double the space needed for the programs and classes that are held there.

The technology training labs at Juneau's TEC and on the Sitka Campus are right on the cusp of needing additional space. At a departmental level there is a need to meet demand for space for the newer and projected programs like Mining Training. The departmental level study also showed existing space allocation for certain programs, like construction technology, need to be reassessed based on enrollment in such programs.

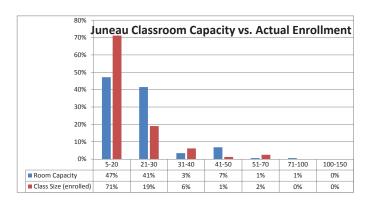
Classroom Distribution and Configuration

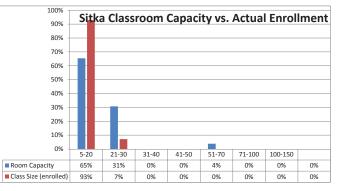
A number of factors specific to classroom space were examined in considerable detail: classroom capacity versus enrolled class size, station utilization rate, weekly room use, and daily classroom use.

An important impact on classroom space use is the misalignment between classroom capacities and enrollment. Figures 3.14 indicates the difference between available classroom capacity (blue) and actual enrollment (red) on each of the 3 campuses studied.

As the graphs indicate, there is a shortage of classrooms in the 5-20 seat capacity range on all 3 campuses and a surplus of classrooms in the 21-30. On Juneau there is a shortage of classrooms in 31-40 seat range but no classrooms or demands for this size classroom other campuses. Although there is not a significant demand for larger classrooms and lecture spaces, some need does exist. Intro to Anthropology, Sociology and Psychology, for example, all require 50 seats as well as the GED Testing and Preparation classes on the Ketchikan campus.

These issues create shortages of classrooms in particular sizes that often cause a chain reaction in which classes are assigned to classrooms with too much seating capacity, creating inefficient classroom alignments.





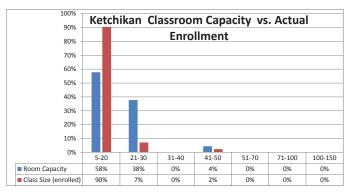
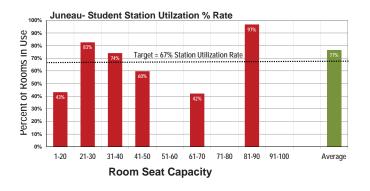
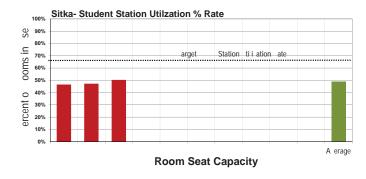


Figure 3.14 Classroom Capacity vs. Actual Enrollment

Classroom Seat Utilization- By Campus





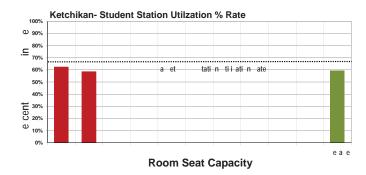


Figure 3.15 Classroom Seat Utilization - By Campus

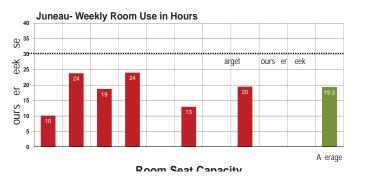
Station Utilization Rates are at or above recognized national standards for the Juneau campus (a bit below for Sitka and Ketchikan see figure 3.15)

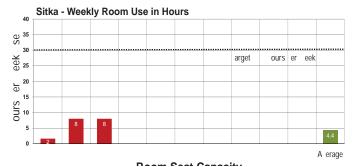
Weekly room use, on the other hand, could be improved. Improvement, through scheduling, could provide additional classroom capacity without the construction of new buildings.

Daily classroom use varies considerably in regards to hours of the day and days of the week. Figure 3.16 shows a secondary peak of hours in which rooms are used after 5pm nearly every day of the week; this indicates the classrooms are in demand for more than the typical 9 hour day (8am-5pm). Classroom scheduling could be maximized to take advantage of the available hours during the typical work day hours.

While improvement in utilization could be made through scheduling, a significant challenge is classroom function. Enrollment statistics indicate a surplus of space, but they do not recognize the functionality or the locations of the classrooms across campus. Concerns include equipment, configuration, acoustics and lighting, sightlines, technology, etc. Geographic distribution of classrooms is not aligned with demand either. Bill Ray Center has a significant surplus of under-utilized classrooms, but its inconvenient location does not lend itself for use by programs not located downtown. The space needs model also indicates the Juneau main campus also has an excess of classroom space but the classrooms with the best equipment and configurations see the most demand. The under utilization of some classrooms are due mainly to location and obsolescence.

Classroom Weekly Room Use-By Campus





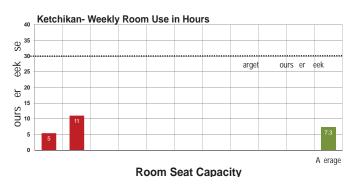


Figure 3.16 Classroom Weekly Room Use - By Campus



Photo 3.16 Egan Classroom Wing

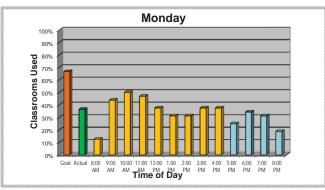


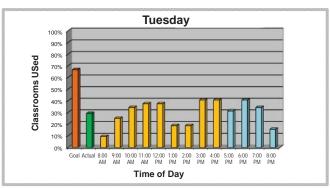
Photo 3.17 Large auditorium classroom-Juneau Egan Classroom Bldg.

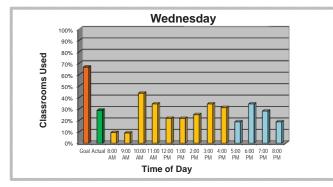
For Sitka and Ketchikan, the space model also shows a large amount of surplus classroom space. This could be due to the shift from classroom centered learning to on line and e-learning programs. Sitka's 2021 Goal is to have 90% of its classes delivered through e-learning. The desire on these campuses is to improve and create classrooms so that a blended learning environment is available. This would suggest an upgrade to classroom technology is highest priority at these two campuses.

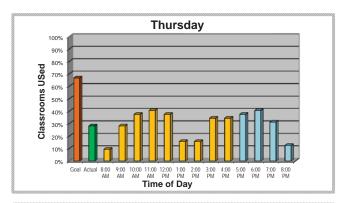
UAS should continue to examine opportunities to repurpose underutilized classrooms and improve the quality of space. Budgeted deferred maintenance dollars should be prioritized for renovating existing classrooms.

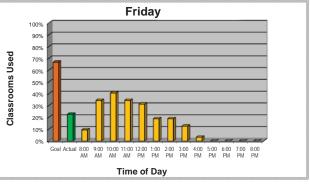
Classroom Daily Use Rate - Juneau











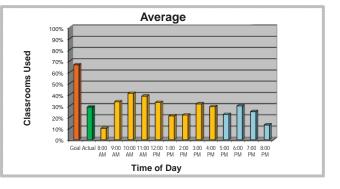




Photo 3.18 Chemistry Lab- Anderson Building Juneau



Photo 3.19 Diesel Technology Lab-TEC

Instructional (Teaching/Technical) Lab Distribution and Quality

Similar to classroom space, many of the same issues exist for instructional lab space. For Juneau Auke Lake, the space needs analysis shows currently there is a surplus of teaching lab space but with the growth of programs there will be shortage of space by 2021. The Bill Ray Center also has surplus of teaching lab space, and will in the future, if the building is still part of the facility inventory. The Technical Education Labs at TEC currently show a surplus. With the growth projections for of technical programs including, mine training and diesel technology among others, there will be additional technical lab space required by 2021. The TEC programs will also require covered outdoor work space that is not calculated in the space needs model, but does suggest that removal of the CBJ boat repair from the UAS TEC property would be the best way to address these outdoor space needs.

Sitka's current space needs model indicates a deficit in technical lab space and the deficit only grows as 2021 approaches, The current teaching labs are four times larger than needed for today's programs and will still be over what will be required in 2021 even as the programs grow.

Ketchikan has no current teaching lab demands, but there is nearly 700 sf of area dedicated to science lab space which, according to the class schedule, is going unused. Its technical lab spaces, currently, are quite abundant based on 2011 enrollment and remain so into 2021. However the desire to grow marine transportation programs suggests there will be need to upgrade and renovate space for the bridge simulators as well as create outdoor work spaces around the newly installed davit docks.

The statistics do not, however, reflect considerations of the space apart from quantity. Although minimal

additional space is required in the teaching labs at Auke Lake there were many that had qualitative issues. For example, the Environmental Science Lab spaces on Juneau's Auke Lake Campus appears ad hoc. The space was cobbled together from other discontinued programs to provide the quantity of space required by this growing program without much consideration on what features or characteristics might be appropriate for this kind of space.

From a technical lab standpoint some of the labs could benefit from a reassessment of use. For example the construction technology program has a very large, equipment intensive wood working lab, but the class schedule shows only one class during the entire semester assigned to this space. There may be opportunities for the growing programs to use some of the spaces currently reserved for underutilized labs.

Most important, many lab spaces contain highly specialized lab equipment that restricts the usage for purposes other than lab classes. Because of the specialized lab equipment, scheduling and utilization is very limited.

Looking long term for Juneau Auke Lake, the projected need for more and upgraded quality teaching lab space as well as the need for research space creates an opportunity to create a new science and technology education center, contributing to UAS's desire to consolidate facilities into academic neighborhoods.



Photo 3.20 Construction Technology Lab-Juneau TEC



Photo 3.21 Marine Transportation Simulation Lab-Ketchikan



Photo 3.22 Science Teaching Lab-Ketchikan



Photo 3.23 Egan Library Juneau Auke Lake Campus

Library and Study Quantity

Juneau Auke Lake and Ketchikan are the only two campuses within the UAS system that have active working libraries. Within these spaces are included the Student Learning and Testing Centers which are available to all and used by many students for tutoring, teamwork, workshops and test taking. Existing space needs for Juneau Auke Lake indicate a surplus of library and study space on campus, however a large part of the library is currently being used to meet another demand, that of presentation and lecture space. Over one fourth of the lower level of the Egan Library is dedicated to an auditorium type set up where "Evenings at Egan" are held. Here guest speaker's present current and important topics relevant to the region. Although currently not affecting collections space of the library, the space might be better utilized for expansion of the overly crowded Learning center. This will push towards UAS's goal to create visible "student learning centers".

Ketchikan's library is currently bursting at the seams with a current space need of nearly 130 % of what they have for both collection and learning center currently. This deficit only increases as needs are calculated for 2021.

Both Juneau and Ketchikan libraries currently serve as a gallery and gathering point for cultural activities and events for their respective communities. UAS's desire to expand and showcase cultural programs could better be served in a new cultural center building. By moving these events out of the library space, study spaces could be increased.

Library study areas are one of the few areas open to commuter and e-learning students for individual and group study. Library staff expressed that more group study spaces were needed based on the demand of what was currently available.

Office Quantity and Quality

Currently, there is a variety of needs and overages across the three campuses of UAS. There is a need for better office space on the Juneau Auke Lake campus including faculty, staff and graduate student office space. While the office space may be sufficient, it is not in the right location, right configuration. Creating quality, inviting office space will help enhance a sense of community. Juneau Bill Ray Center shows a quantifiable surplus but its remote location makes it undesirable to most personnel. The TEC shows a current need with additional office space need in the future. Sitka and Ketchikan are currently showing a surplus of office space across the board, the only area indicating a deficit being e-learning support. Dedicated e-learning support is missing at all campus locations.

Qualitatively the Auke Lake campus has many office spaces which are located in temporary buildings that have outlived their usefulness. There are faculty office suites, in some of the academic buildings, which have not been updated for decades. These suites are often dark "adjustable wall partition" type spaces which provide no natural light. Creating open, collaborative and light filled spaces will produce areas personnel will want to work and contribute to the community of scholars so desired by UAS. Sitka's abundance of office space will serve them well as growth in the e-learning area continues. As e-learning support space becomes more defined by the evolving programs, their facility will be well situated to meet the demands. Ketchikan's surplus of office space can provide space to create the conferencing areas they will need. At the same time the surplus can be used create e-learning support space as Ketchikan's digital programs evolve.



Photo 3.24 Typical Faculty Office



Photo 3.25 Faculty Office- Ketchikan Campus



Photo 3.26 Typical Windowless Faculty Office - 85 SF Soboleff Building



Photo 3.27 Egan Gathering Space



Photo 3.28 Representative Munoz Learning to Pan for Gold with Intro to Mining Students

Facilities Challenges: Community Engagement

The primary challenge facing UAS in its mission to support community engagement is the lack of suitable venues on all three campuses for engaging the broader community and partners with shared visions and goals. As a result, UAS continues to hosts a variety of forums, lectures, and cultural performances in spaces illequipped or large enough to accommodate large gatherings. The university's popular Evening at Egan Lecture Series, for example, is hosted in the Egan Library. This space lacks appropriate seating and sightlines for large audiences. All three campus locations would benefit from larger venues for hosting music, dance, theatrical and other cultural performances. Smaller venues specifically designed for the temporary installment and public demonstration of student, faculty, and visiting lecturer research and creative expression is also lacking. Current space utilized for this purpose is often in high traffic corridors and hallways that do not lend themselves to public viewings or small group discussion.

Another challenge is linking the campuses to the larger communities in which they reside. Notably absent are the use of distinctive, identifiable signs, banners, landscapes, and other graphic elements indicating the "front door" and communicate the university's collegiate atmosphere and purpose. Supporting the construction of shared trails and open spaces can further integrate the campus into its larger community. The university should continue to work with local governments and neighborhood groups to ensure future development plans provide for adequate public transportation hubs, safe pedestrian crossings.

Finally, future UAS renewal and facility improvements need to take into consideration on how to promote and enable the continued cooperation and mutual support of the three campuses. For example, including study and small group spaces with virtual kiosks and video conferencing capability and connectivity can allow students, faculty and staff to participate in classes and other university events from multiple locations.



Photo 3.29 Totem (Left); Light Pole Banners (Right)



Photo 3.30 Totem at Ketchikan

CURRENT CAMPUS CHALLENGES CURRENT CAMPUS CHALLENGES



Photo 3.32 Chemistry Lab- Anderson Building Juneau



Photo 3.31 Saltwater Lab- Anderson Building Juneau

Facilities Challenges: Research & Creative Expression

The continued promotion of faculty scholarship and undergraduate research requires an on-going commitment to providing adequate research laboratories and dedicated space for creative expression. Research expenditures for the most recent fiscal year were just under \$1 million and the university projects research expenditures will exceed \$1.5 million by the year 2021.

Recent efforts to promote research opportunities for faculty and students include the founding of the Alaska Coastal Rainforest Center (ACRC). The ACRC is a collaborative effort with the goal of enhancing education and research opportunities related to Alaska's temperate rainforests. UAS has partnered with eighteen other organizations representing various federal, state, and local government and not-for-profit agencies.

Undergraduate opportunities are offered through UAS's Undergraduate Research and Creative Activity Award (URECA). The program partners undergraduate students with a faculty mentor and offers students \$2500 to pursue a research topic or creative project of their choosing.

UAS continues to partner with its sister institutions, UAA and UAF to further faculty and student research. UAS host several graduate research fellows each year to students majoring in science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM). In addition, UAS faculty are engaged across the University of Alaska system in joint research. For example, many UAS faculty are named

as investigators on the recent Alaska EPSCoR Phase IV award. The award is administered through UAF with participation from all of the University of Alaska major academic units. The grant is a five year, \$25 million award to research the resilience, adaptation and dynamics of northern social-ecological systems with emphasis on water, ecosystem services, mobilities and system modeling.

Research space need was evaluated through a multilevel analysis that looked at ASF/principal investigator and ASF/research expenditures. Compared to peer institutions, the analysis indicated the need for additional research space in the future.

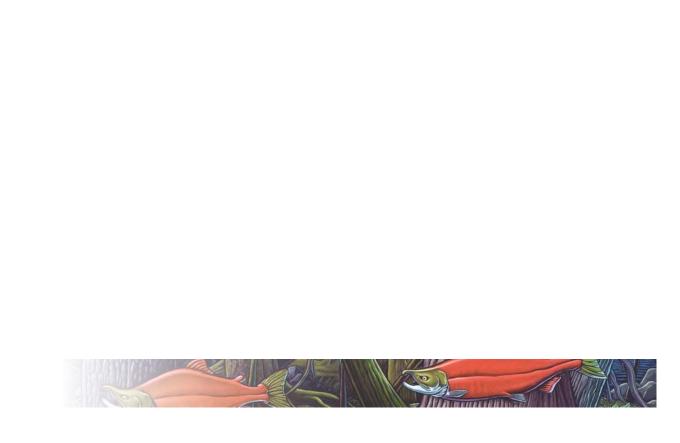
Because the type of space needed may change over time, new space should be designed flexibly to accommodate changing research and equipment needs. To facilitate student and broad participation in research activities, UAS should continue to seek to consolidate research facilities onto the Auke Lake Campus. One recommendation for consideration is selling the Natural Sciences Research Lab, which is off the Auke Lake Campus and providing additional space more proximate to where the majority UAS's research is carried out at Anderson Building.

Showcasing Student Success

UAS is short on exhibition space to showcase student work. Showcasing undergraduate research and creative expression is an essential part of creating this community. The new Anderson building is a successful example showcasing research and student research. Anderson should be a model for future projects in order to bring more of this display throughout campus.



Photo 3.33 Painting Studio and Display





learn · engage · change

Introduction

The Campus Master Plan is designed with the UAS mission, campus-based academic specialties and core themes clearly in mind. It is a dynamic document that engages the broader UAS community in identification of existing and anticipated conditions in light of changing local, regional, and statewide education and training needs. As a major planning tool for future campus development, it invites "continuous improvement" in responding quickly and flexibly to emerging needs and opportunities.



Photo 3.34 New Student Orientation at Juneau Auke Lake

FUTURE CAMPUS FUTURE CAMPUS



Photo 3.35 TEC Faculty Working with a Student



Photo 3.36 TEC Construction Technology - Blower Door Testing

Campus Based Academic Specialties

UAS recognized decades ago that its relatively remote setting required offering quality eLearning/online courses and programs. At the Juneau Campus, faculty have specialized in offering the fully-online Bachelor's degree in Business Administration and Master's degree in Public Administration. These fill a need throughout the state of Alaska and with Yukon College, a UAS partner institution in Yukon Territory, Canada. The same is true in the UAS School of Education, which offers a highly-desired Master of Arts in Teaching (MAT) program. Students from over 50 communities across Alaska are enrolled in the MAT program, both at the Elementary and Secondary Education levels. UAS also offers eLearning opportunities in Special Education at both the undergraduate and graduate levels. School of Education faculty at UAS are recognized statewide as being particularly effective in educating quality teacher education and educational leadership graduates who readily find employment in the state's schools.

JUNEAU

The Juneau Campus has a long history of offering both quality face-to-face course offerings and innovative eLearning programs. Of special distinction are courses and programs that capitalize on the campus' exceptional natural setting: in the heart of Alaska's coastal temperate rainforest; with a glacier in its backyard; with rich intertidal marine resources just out the door; with a wealth of vibrant community-based cultural histories, languages, and traditions. These provide exceptional opportunities for students in marine biology, biology, environmental sciences, environmental literature, outdoor studies, and much more.

SITKA

Sitka Campus faculty and staff are known across the state for innovation in providing eLearning courses and programs meeting high demand needs in healthcare, fisheries technology, law enforcement, and ports and harbors management. Sitka faculty have pioneered quality online science lab courses for delivery throughout Alaska. They also offer a demanding online degree program in Health Information Management that fulfills the need for skilled personnel in the rapidly changing healthcare technology field.

KETCHIKAN

As one of three UAS campuses, the Ketchikan Campus is recognized for offering innovative online and hybrid courses and programs that meet the needs of students across Alaska. For example, Ketchikan faculty provide leadership in offering the online Bachelor's degree in Liberal Arts. This is one of very few baccalaureate programs offered completely online within the University of Alaska System. Ketchikan faculty also offer specialized hybrid programs in high-demand workforce areas, including Marine Transportation and Fisheries Technology.



Photo 3.37 CNA Student - Anatomy and Physiology

FUTURE CAMPUS FUTURE CAMPUS

Alignment of Campus Master Plan with UAS Core Themes

The CMP will be used in guiding, developing, and evaluating capital funding needs, designing new facilities and re-purposing those facilities already in place, and in enhancing the built and natural campus environments. The following pages highlight the UAS core themes and identify guiding principles for development of the future campuses. The future campus visions follow the themes, demonstrating the manifestation of the themes in Building Use, Green Space, and Parking and Circulation.

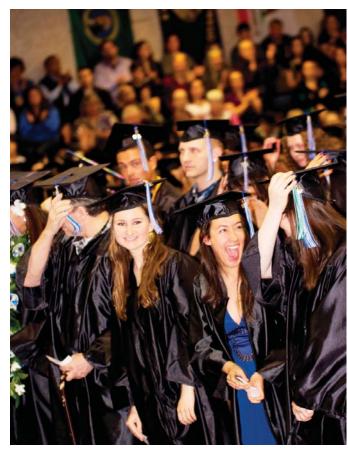


Photo 3.38 UAS Graduation

1) STUDENT SUCCESS

- Design attractive and inviting facilities to enhance student retention and success
- Create campus spaces that integrate active learning, engaged teaching, and community wellness
- Increase opportunities for student activities, both indoor and outdoor
- Provide spaces for group discussion, study, and gatherings associated with meals
- Design centrally-located student housing in Juneau to enhance student life and community engagement
- Provide prominent spaces highlighting student accomplishments and success
- Showcase the environmental assets of each campus (views, open space, trails)
- Provide accessible services for campus-based, commuter, and online students

2) TEACHING AND LEARNING

- Design facilities that enhance flexible delivery of eLearning and blended/hybrid programs
- Provide quality facilities that enhance distinctive UAS programs and assets
- Create inviting interior spaces that encourage and promote a sense of campus community
- Consolidate dispersed facilities into integrated academic neighborhoods
- Design and construct facilities that promote eLearning and active, engaged learning
- Integrate cultures and environments of Southeast Alaska into facility and landscape design

3) COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

- Design facilities with attention to safety and security for all members of the UAS community
- Construct facilities that advance UAS' role as major economic contributor in SE Alaska
- Develop venues for community events that engage university and broader communities
- Share facilities with community partners in support of shared vision and goals
- Capitalize on proximity of UAS facilities to adjacent high schools/educational partners
- Create a distinctive UAS identity and identifiable 'front door' for each campus
- Integrate discrete campus facilities by use of consistent signage, media, and graphic elements
- Support construction of shared trails and open space adjacent to UAS campuses

4) RESEARCH & CREATIVE EXPRESSION

- Provide integrated teaching/research facilities capitalizing on UAS natural environment
- Create spaces to showcase undergraduate research and creative expression
- Design science/research labs to maximize integration of teaching and research
- Shift Natural Sciences Research Lab facilities to Juneau's Auke Lake Campus
- Design flexible facilities to allow quick response to evolving research/teaching needs



Photo 3.39 Totem Raising Ceremony



Photo 3.40 Diesel Mechanics

Campus Kwáan

It is no accident that the environment and cultures of Southeast Alaska figure prominently into UAS's Mission and Vision statements. Alaska Natives have lived and prospered in Southeast Alaska for over ten thousand years. The Auke Lake Campus was built on traditional Aak'w Kwáan lands. Today, Alaska Natives make up approximately 25% of the K-12 student body in Alaska. Going forward, it is clear that Alaska Native communities will always be critical stakeholders in higher education.

The Tlingit word Kwáan "derives from the Tlingit verb 'to dwell' and refers to the total lands and waters used and controlled by clans inhabiting a particular winter village." (Our Grand Parents' Names on the Land, Thornton, 2012). Embedding the Tlingit concept of a Kwáan into the Campus Master Plan is not merely a symbol of respect toward the indigenous people of the region, it is an acknowledgement that Alaska Native values, Tlingit values, in particular, add definition and meaning to the sense of community, sense of place, and sense of purpose that the Campus Master Plan is attempting to achieve.

about the environment and culture tend to become more complex, more meaningful, and more relevant. Take for example, the concept of Wooch. Yax which includes the values of balance, reciprocity, and respect. It is easy to see how Wooch. Yax can be the foundation underneath an enduring master plan. There are, no doubt, countless Native concepts and values that can inform this master plan. For the

current purposes, it might be sufficient to note that the aesthetic value of any Alaska Native design, art and architecture that makes it onto the campus is the least of the reasons to embrace them. The hope is that this distinctive learning community will continue to achieve its potential and truly become a destination of choice that is also appreciated as an indigenous place.

In the Tlingit worldview, like many Native worldviews, people and place are intertwined. In other words, they

cannot be considered independent of each other. Every

person's sense of being is tied to a particular place.

When you relate to the world in this way conversations

There were at least twenty Kwáans in Southeast Alaska prior to the arrival of outsiders. The Ketchikan Campus is located within Taant'a Kwáan, the Sitka Campus is located within Sheey At'iká (a.k.a. Sheet'ká) Kwáan, and the Juneau Campus is located within Aak'w Kwáan.

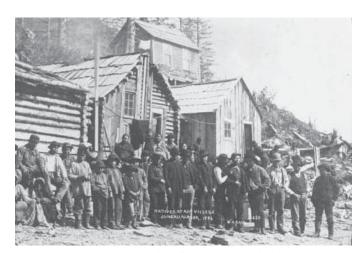


Photo 3.41 Natives at Auke Lake Village - Juneau, Alaska



Photo 3.42 Student drumming group



Figure 3.1 Juneau Auke Campus Kwáan

Juneau—Building Use

Support Student Success

Multiple gathering spaces are provided in central locations as a resource for commuter students as well as residential students. At Juneau Auke Lake, a new firstyear student residence hall with living/ learning center will be tucked away in wooded hillside within campus Kwáan. A new student union will provide expanded dining options and relocate the bookstore also within campus Kwáan. A field house/ soccer field is located on under utilized parking

Support Teaching and Learning

Foster a strong and connected academic community where various departments can collaborate and share resources—a community of scholars.

Classroom improvements, relative to modern pedagogy and learning styles, will be achieved through a combination of renovation and new construction. Classroom should be adapted for hybrid learning, and allow for nimbleness.

At Juneau Auke Lake Campus new development is oriented around the Campus Kwáan. Sell Bill Ray Center and consolidate programs on main campus; a small classroom/office building will support relocated programs as well as provide swing space for additional remodel and new construction. Move Heath Sciences/ UAA Nursing programs to new facilities on Auke Lake Campus; Lease or sell underutilized Natural Sciences Research Lab (NSRL) building. Use resources from the sale or lease of this space to help fund the new science building.

Support Community Engagement

The new Cultural Arts Center, which includes a Long House, performance and gathering space, gallery space, and demonstration areas both within the building and outside, will be a distinguishing facility that serves as a resource to the Auke Lake Campus as well as the greater community. The Cultural Arts Center resides at the campus entry to create a signature campus gateway, welcoming students and community alike.

Support Research and Creative Expression

Continue to promote faculty scholarship and undergraduate research through an on-going commitment to providing adequate research laboratories and dedicated space for creative expression. Provide areas for exhibition through campus.

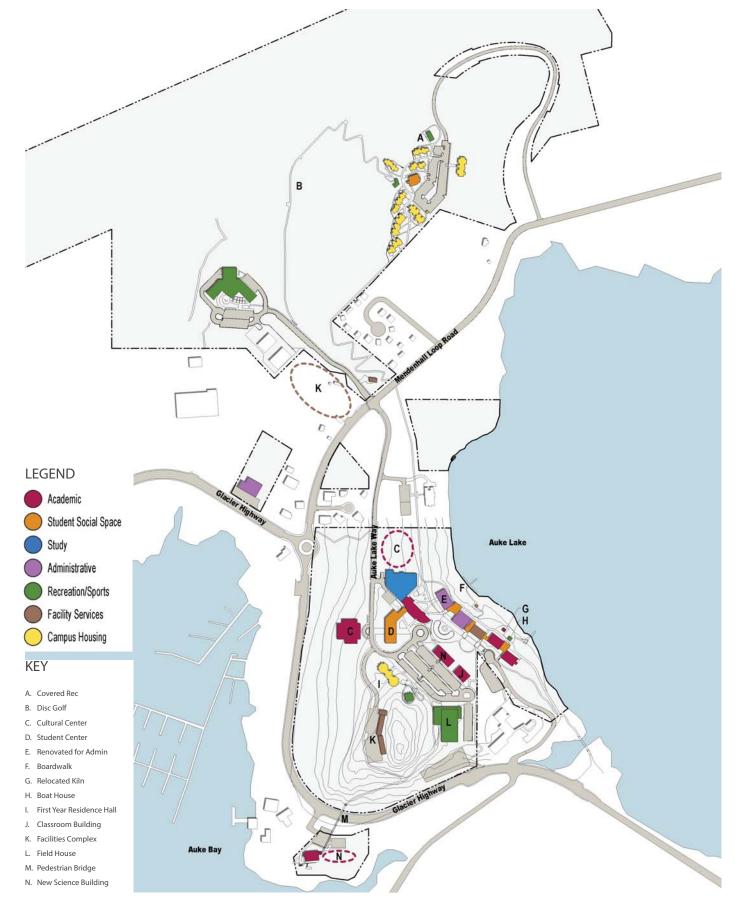


Figure 3.2 Juneau Auke Lake Building Use

Juneau—Green Space

Support Student Success

The student life experience is augmented by the landscape. Connections made between green spaces, buildings and the greater environment strengthen the relationship between the built and natural environment. Use the landscape to create a sense of place. At Juneau Auke Lake, the Campus Kwáan orients and connects new development.

Support Teaching and Learning

Open space development on campus enhances the student learning experience. The Campus Kwáan at the campus core provides opportunities to recognize and interpret Tlingit cultural heritage of Auke Lake area. This is achieved through cultural art, demonstration areas and signage.

Outdoor learning spaces range from informal outdoor classrooms and gathering spaces to art courtyards, to functional work spaces and access to loading docks.

Support Community Engagement

Streetscape enhancements including signage and light-pole banner/ artwork program are used to create a visual and consistent presence of the multiple university locations within their unique communities.

Campus trails connect campus and community to enable sharing of access to the natural environment through recreation.

Support Research and Creative Expression

Design development to maximize connections to water and access to vistas. At Juneau Auke Lake, demolition of the annexes provides opportunity for expanded art courtyard and recreation. Selective and careful thinning reinforces vistas of surrounding mountains and glaciers at Auke Lake, and vista of Auke Bay near the Cultural Arts Center.

Local food production at Juneau Auke Lake campus is comprised of a working greenhouse and garden area, adjacent to the Recreation Facility, but also in easily accessible to the upper campus student housing precinct via the paved trail.

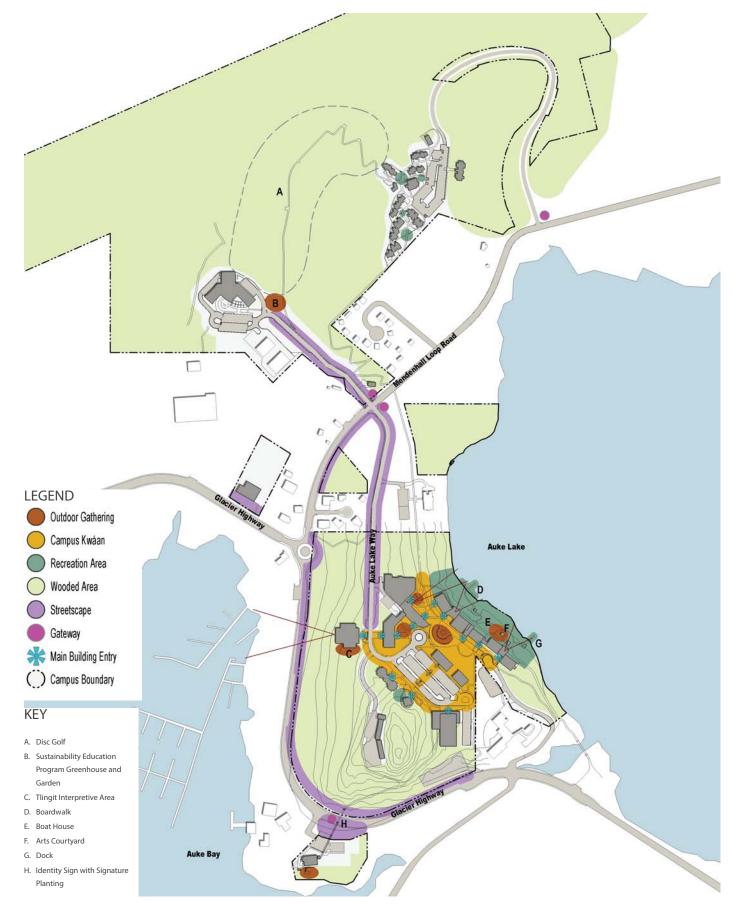


Figure 3.3 Juneau Auke Lake Green Space

Juneau—Circulation and Parking

Support Access

The previous CMP guided a bold decision at Juneau Auke Lake campus to close a portion of Auke Lake Way to public access. The current CMP continues to support this through promoting greater clarity to the new campus main entrance both as wayfinding and as safety issues arise.

Additional drop-offs at Cultural Arts Center, New Academic Building and Fieldhouse, and Residence Hall accommodate additional people on campus for the various facilities.

As Glacier Highway is transformed by the Department of Transportation, coordinate bus stop locations and schedules with Capital Transit to provide the safest and logical access points to students and community arriving by bus.

Loading areas continue to be focused to rear of building, directing access vehicles to less populated routes. At Juneau Auke Lake, a new limited access road connects facilities services to main campus.

Support Pedestrian and Bicycle Environment

The Campus Kwáan creates a pedestrian-centric core Juneau Auke Lake Campus, building upon the campus greenway. Connect the Anderson Building and Campus Kwáan through new pedestrian path and bridge. Strengthen the connection from the Campus Kwáan to the upper campus student housing precinct and recreation building though marked crosswalks and realigning the pedestrian trail to cross at the vehicular intersection. The University should continue to explore options for a crosswalk light.

Bicycle parking should be located in convenient locations along ped/bicycle routes, with options for covered parking at areas of high use.

Support Parking

The on-campus parking ratio needs careful study in order to determine the appropriate replacement of under utilized parking. Parking at Juneau Auke Lake becomes the site for several new buildings. Additional parking may be provided at the former facilities services site or behind BAS. Continue to share parking with Chapel-by-the-Lake.

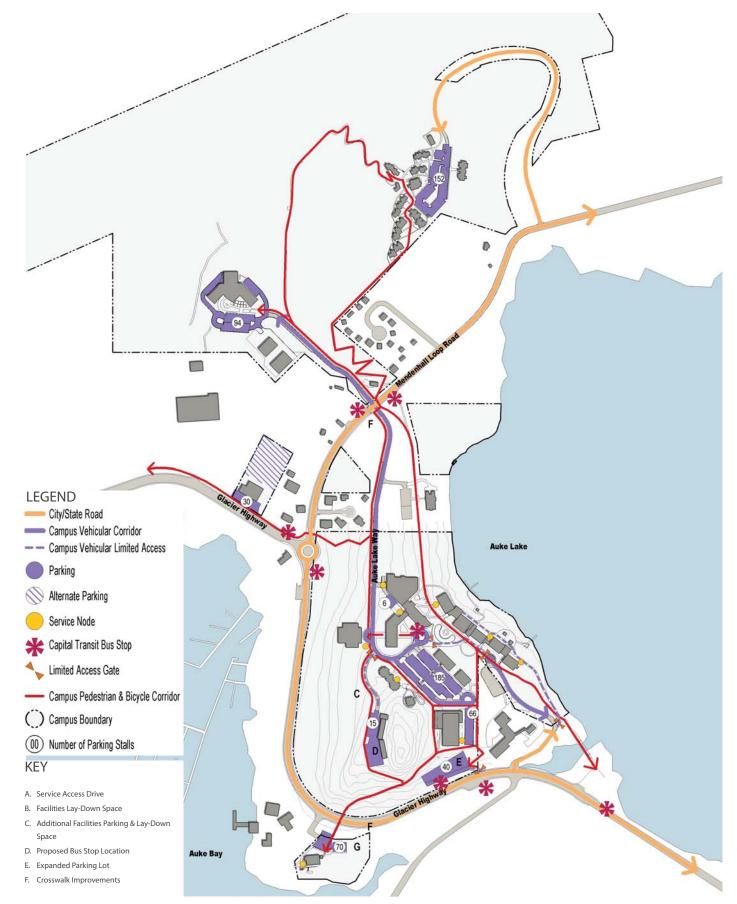


Figure 3.4 Juneau Auke Lake Circulation and Parking

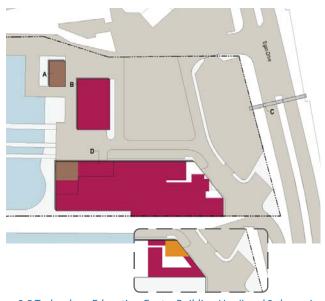


Figure 3.5 Technology Education Center Building Use (Level 2 shown in dashed frame)

KEY LEGEND A. Storage/Facility Academic Building Student Social Space B. Expanding Study C. Signage/ Administrative at Existing Recreation/Sports Pedestrian Bridge Facility Services D. Expanded Lab and Classroom Campus Housing

80

Technology Education Center - Building Use

Support Teaching and Learning

At Technical Education Center, consolidate all Career Education programs and office space to create a cohesive campus. Reconfigure the Marine Tech building to accommodate best use of space with the opportunity for a small expansion. Marine transportation and a computer lab will move from Bill Ray to the Technology Education Campus and should be accommodated during the reconfiguration/expansion. Modify lease with City/ Borough of Juneau at TEC to enable building expansion.

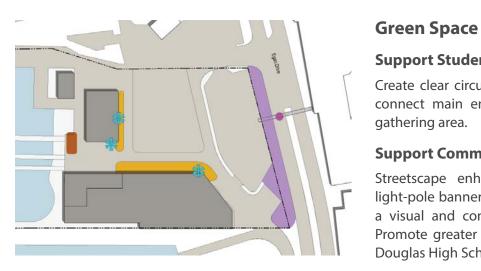
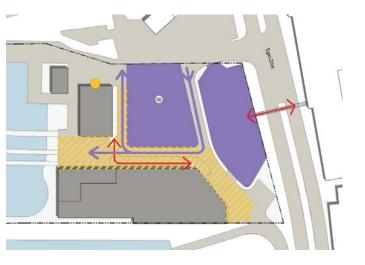


Figure 3.6 Technology Education Center Green Space



Support Student Success

Create clear circulation zones between buildings that connect main entrances. Develop a small outdoor gathering area.

Support Community Engagement

Streetscape enhancements including signage and light-pole banner/ artwork program are used to create a visual and consistent presence along Egan Drive. Promote greater visibility by using bridge to Juneau-Douglas High School as a UAS landmark.

Parking and Circulation

Support Teaching and Learning

Outdoor space provides necessary staging areas for programs. Circulation and service zones extend through areas adjacent to buildings for access.

Support Access

Utilize signs and unique landmarks to signify the main entrance/front door to campus.

Figure 3.7 Technology Education Center Circulation and Parking



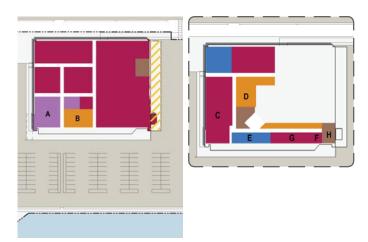
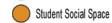


Figure 3.8 Sitka Building Use (Level 2 shown in dashed frame)

LEGEND

Academic



Administrative

Recreation/Sports

Facility Services

Campus Housing

KEY

- B. Exhibition Space
- C Classroom/Faculty Office
- D. Meeting & Exhibition Room E. Study & Testing
- F. IT Help Desk
- G. Art Room Renovation
- H. Central Computer

Sitka—Building Use

Support Student Success

Multiple gathering spaces are provided in central locations as a resource for local students. Improve integration of services in all campus buildings through display kiosks and smart signs. At Sitka, bring public functions to the forefront in support of student success. Create clear circulation zones within the building.

Support Teaching and Learning

Foster a strong and connected academic community where various departments can collaborate and share resources—a community of scholars.

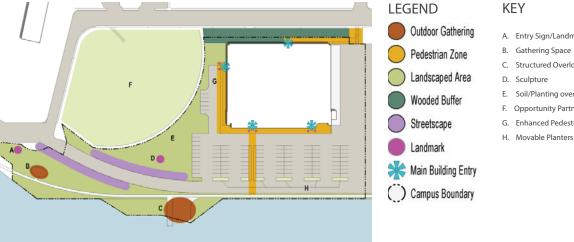
Classroom improvements, relative to modern pedagogy and learning styles, will be achieved through a combination of renovation and new construction. Classroom should be adapted for blended instruction and allow for flexibility. Spaces should be adapted and configured to consolidate uses and promote wayfinding. Consolidate uses within the building. Maximize benefits from proximity to Mt. Edgecumbe High School in support of collaboration and secondarypostsecondary links.

Support Community Engagement

Make use of community facilities in supporting UAS programs (e.g. Sitka Sound Science Center, Public Safety Training Academy, Sitka Fine Arts facilities.)

Support Research and Creative Expression

Improve public displays of student learning and creativity.



- A. Entry Sign/Landmark
- C. Structured Overlook/Boardwalk
- E. Soil/Planting over Existing Concrete
- F. Opportunity Partnership
- G. Enhanced Pedestrian Path
- H. Movable Planters

Sitka—Green Space

Figure 3.9 Sitka Green Space

Support Student Success

The student life experience is augmented by the landscape. Connections made between green spaces, buildings and the greater environment strengthen the relationship between the built and natural environment. Use the landscape to create Campus Kwáan and a sense of place. Improve/ enhance quality of green space and pedestrian circulation adjacent to Sitka Campus building to connect to proposed trail systems, clarify circulation, and provide opportunities for cultural and art displays.

Support Teaching and Learning

Open space development on campus enhances the student learning experience. Outdoor learning spaces range from informal outdoor classrooms and gathering spaces to art courtyards, to functional work spaces and access to loading docks.

Support Community Engagement

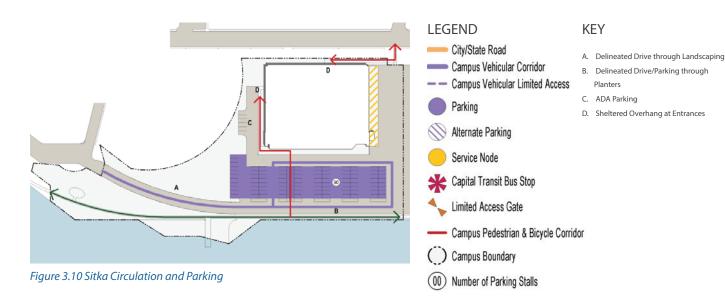
Use streetscape enhancements including signage and light-pole banner/ artwork program to create a visual and consistent presence of the multiple university locations within their unique communities. Capitalize on the aviation heritage of Sitka's unique location to create sculpture and sense of arrival.

New house posts have recently been installed at each main entry.

Japonski Island Trail connect campus and community to enable sharing of access to the natural environment through recreation.

Support Research and Creative Expression

Design development to maximize connections to water and access to vistas.



Sitka—Circulation and Parking

Support Access

Loading areas continue to be focused to rear of building, directing access vehicles to less populated routes. Zones are created at various locations that coordinate loading functions with academic functions.

Support Pedestrian and Bicycle Environment

Provide a distinct and clear path for pedestrians and bicycles. Continue to provide sheltered bike parking.

Support Parking

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Utilize moveable planters to define parking. Location ADA accessible parking at all public doors, including side door that links to the testing area.

Ketchikan—Building Use

Support Student Success

A new central hub connection provides the home for student support spaces. Improve integration of services in all campus buildings through display kiosks and smart signs.

Enhance relationship between KIC and Lower Campus.

Support Teaching and Learning

Foster a strong and connected academic community where various departments can collaborate and share resources—a community of scholars.

Classroom improvements, relative to modern pedagogy and learning styles, will be achieved through a combination of renovation and new construction. Classroom should be adapted for hybrid learning, and allow for nimbleness. Spaces should be adapted and configured to consolidate uses and promote wayfinding.

Support Community Engagement

Consider partnerships to utilize facilities in community, such as the Alaska Marine Highway site and the Ketchikan Shipyard site.

Support Research and Creative Expression

Improve public displays of student learning and creativity

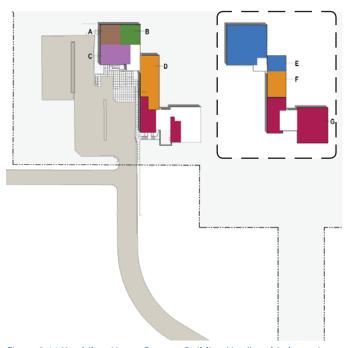


Figure 3.11 Ketchikan Upper Campus Building Use (Level 2 shown in dashed frame)

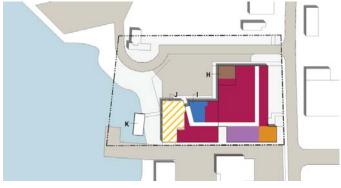


Figure 3.12 Ketchikan Lower Campus Building Use



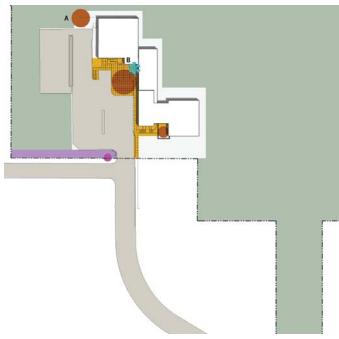


Figure 3.13 Ketchikan Upper Campus Green Space

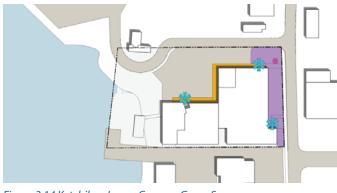
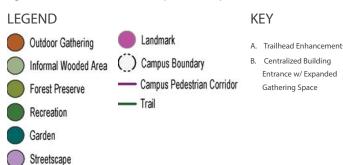


Figure 3.14 Ketchikan Lower Campus Green Space



Ketchikan—Green Space

Support Student Success

The student life experience is augmented by the landscape. Connections made between green spaces, buildings and the greater environment strengthen the relationship between the built and natural environment. Use the landscape to create a sense of place. Improve outdoor setting and access, and create a deliberate arrival point at both upper and lower campuses.

Support Teaching and Learning

Open space development on campus enhances the student learning experience. The lower campus uses proximity to harbor for maritime access and the new Davit dock.

Support Community Engagement

Streetscape enhancements including signage and light-pole banner/ artwork program are used to create a visual and consistent presence of the multiple university locations within their unique communities.

Campus trails connect campus and community to enable sharing of access to the natural environment through recreation.

Support Research and Creative Expression

Design development to maximize connections to water and access to vistas.

Ketchikan—Circulation and Parking

Support Access

Utilize signs and unique landmarks to signify the main entrance/front door to campus.

Loading areas continue to be focused to rear of building, directing access vehicles to less populated routes. Create and define a zone that coordinates loading functions with academic functions at Ketchikan Lower Campus.

Support Pedestrian and Bicycle Environment

Develop pedestrian circulation to provide a distinct and clear path.

Bicycle parking should be located in convenient locations along ped/bicycle routes, with options for covered parking at areas of high use.

Support Parking

Reconfigure and pave parking at Ketchikan lower campus.

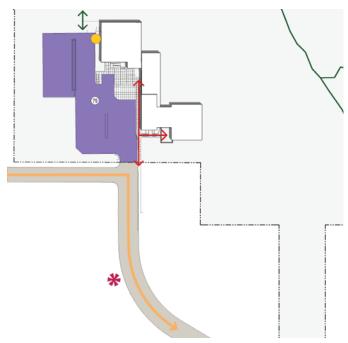
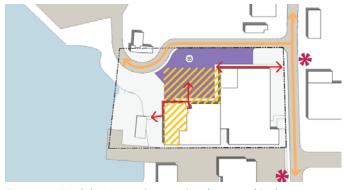
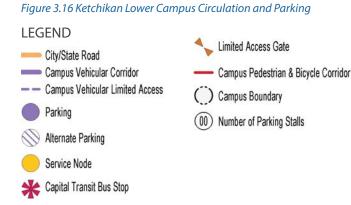
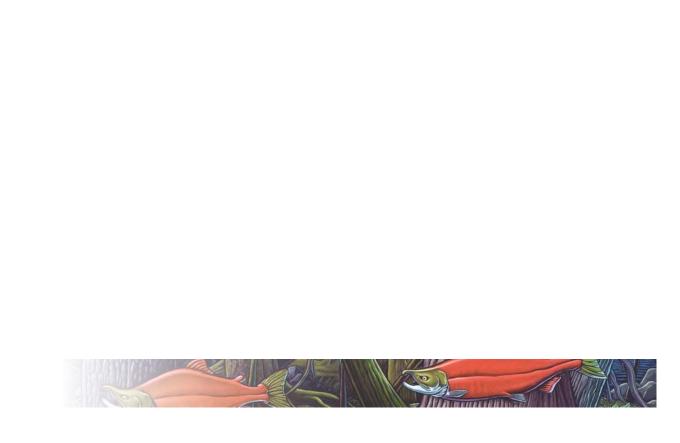


Figure 3.15 Ketchikan Upper Campus Circulation and Parking









learn · engage · change

Introduction

The following section outlines implementation strategies. A series of detailed actions accompanies the set of drawings that illustrate Current Projects and Priorities, Mid Term Projects (2014-2019), and Long Term Projects (2019 and Beyond). A precise implementation schedule is not specified in order to allow flexibility for programmatic changes and potential funding shifts.

Each project proposed in the UAS Campus Master Plan should build upon the Core Themes of the Strategic Plan. The accompanying matrices link each project to the Core Themes.



Photo 3.1 Chancellor John Pugh and Bill Sheffield at Bridge Dedication



Photo 3.2 Stair Construction at TEC



Photo 3.3 New Freshman Dorm Study by MRV Architects

Current Projects And Priorities

The current projects and priorities phase focuses on currently planned and funded projects. Goals include campus visibility and creating sense of place through simple, strategic site strategies at all campuses.

With the strategic decision to sell Bill Ray Center and potentially NSRL, this phase sets the stage at Juneau Auke Lake to add additional buildings in the immediate future and continue to solidify the campus core.

CORE THEMES

- I. STUDENT SUCCESS
- II. TEACHING AND LEARNING
- III. COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT
- IV. RESEARCH & CREATIVE EXPRESSION

ı	Ш	Ш	IV	CAMPUS	KEY	PROJECT RECOMMENDATIONS	GSF
						BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	
1				J	R-1	Freshman Residence Hall	17,357
						LANDSCAPE/ GREENSPACE IMPROVEMENTS	
		П		J	S-1	Outdoor site development at campus greenway	45,000
				J/K/S	S-14	Landmark/ Signage Improvements- ongoing	2
Ì				J	S-20	Extend campus greenway corridor between Noyes and new housing	5,000
j				J	S-16	Campus perimeter landscape and signage improvements- Glacier Highway	2450 LF
						CIRCULATION IMPROVEMENTS	
				J	S-3	Anderson Site Development- Upgrade to Entry/ Parking due to Road work	40,000
î		- 1				Extend campus greenway corridor including covered walk along SE propery line to new	2
				J	S-10	Anderson Trail SW of Noyes pavillion	600 LF
	0			J	S-11	Auke Lake Way Pedestrian Improvements & Road Re-alignment	2800 LF
- 5		\neg		J	S-12	Development of campus path and bridge to Anderson building	14,000 LF

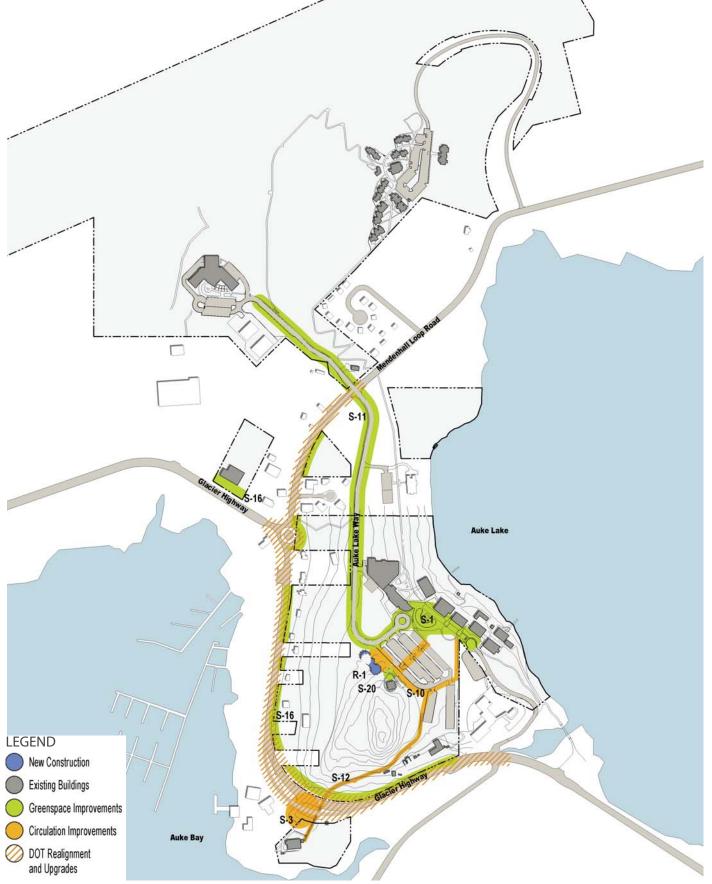


Figure 3.1 Figure 5.1 Juneau Auke Lake - Current Projects and Priorities

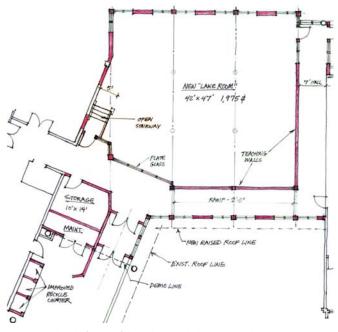


Photo 3.4 Sketch from Infill "Links" Study by MRV Architects

Mid-Term Projects And Priorities (2014-2019)

Mid-term projects correspond with the CIP plan. Student success is a main priority. These projects continue to focus on fostering the student experience with new dining hall / student union, student support spaces and classroom renovations.

Alternate options should be explored to test likely scenarios including the new dining hall/student center and remodeling Mourant, or building an academic classroom / academic office building.

The Annexes become valuable swing space to help accommodate renovations.

CORE THEMES

- I. STUDENT SUCCESS
- II. TEACHING AND LEARNING
- III. COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT
- IV. RESEARCH & CREATIVE EXPRESSION

1	II	Ш	IV	CAMPUS	KEY	PROJECT RECOMMENDATIONS	GSF
						BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	
				J	A-1	Auke Lake Academic Classroom/ Academic Office Building	21,890
				J	A-3	TEC Welding Buidling 2nd floor renovation/ expansion	3,000
				J	A-4	Mourant Renovation	17,584
				J	A-5	Hendrickson Renovation	11,532
				S	A-6	Sitka Art Room Renovation	1,600
				J	C-1	Auke Lake Student Center	33,000
				J	C-2	Auke Lake Student Social Spaces	13,000
				J	R-2	Freshman Residence Hall Phase II	11,781
						LANDSCAPE/ GREENSPACE IMPROVEMENTS	
				S	S-5	Sitka Site Improvements	180,000
				К	S-17	Campus perimeter landscape improvements- Ketchikan Campus	400 LF
				S	S-18	Campus perimeter landscape improvements- Sitka Campus	250 LF
				J	S-19	Campus perimeter landscape improvements- TEC Center	330 LF
				J	S-8	Lakeside Recreation Area/ New Boathouse/ Boardwalk at lake front	NA
						CIRCULATION IMPROVEMENTS	
				J	S-10	Drop-off and Extend Campus Greenway to New Academic Building	NA
				J	S-13	Improved Pedestrian connections at TEC	8,000

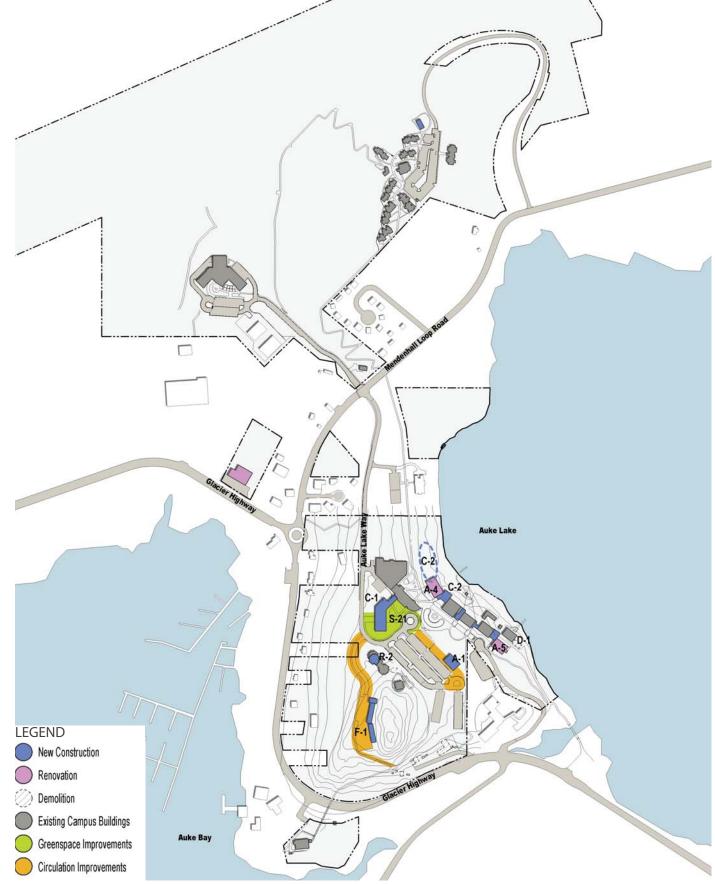


Figure 5.2 Juneau Auke Lake - Mid-Term Projects and Priorities

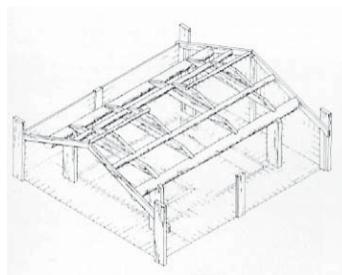


Photo 3.5 Typical Long House Frame, source: http://www.shortstreet.net/NA/naplankho.htm

Long Term Projects And Priorities (2019 And Beyond)

Long term projects place focus on additional amenities to improve student life experience, facilities to enhance community connections, and continued growth for classroom space including renovations.

The gradual shifting of buildings at the heart of campus/campus core allows for the demolition of the Soboleff Annex and the creation of an active/passive recreation zone along Auke Lake.

CORE THEMES

- I. STUDENT SUCCESS
- II. TEACHING AND LEARNING
- III. COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT
- IV. RESEARCH & CREATIVE EXPRESSION

- 1	Ш	Ш	IV	CAMPUS	KEY	PROJECT RECOMMENDATIONS	GSF
						BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	
				J	A-7	Physical Science Building	25,200
				J	A-8	Auke Lake Cultural Center	20,000
				J	A-9	TEC Expansion/ Mine Training Center/ parking re-configuration	14,000
				J	A-10	Novatney Renovation	11,884
				J	A-11	Soboleff Art Studio Renovation	3,000
				K	A-12	Ketchikan Addition	7,200
				J	C-2	Field House	31,000
				J	D-1	Demo Annexes	
				J	R-3	Banfield Remodel	17,748
						LANDSCAPE/ GREENSPACE IMPROVEMENTS	
				J	S-2	Tlingit outdoor interpretive trail	-
				J	S-7	Anderson Site Development- Creation of outdoor classroom space	5,000
				J	S-8	Lakeside Recreation Area/ New Boathouse/ Boardwalk at lake front	140,000
			9	J	S-9	Disc Golf Course	600,000
				J	S-16	Campus perimeter landscape and signage improvements- Glacier Highway	350 LF
						CIRCULATION IMPROVEMENTS	
		J S-22 Additional Parking at Anderson science building					60,000

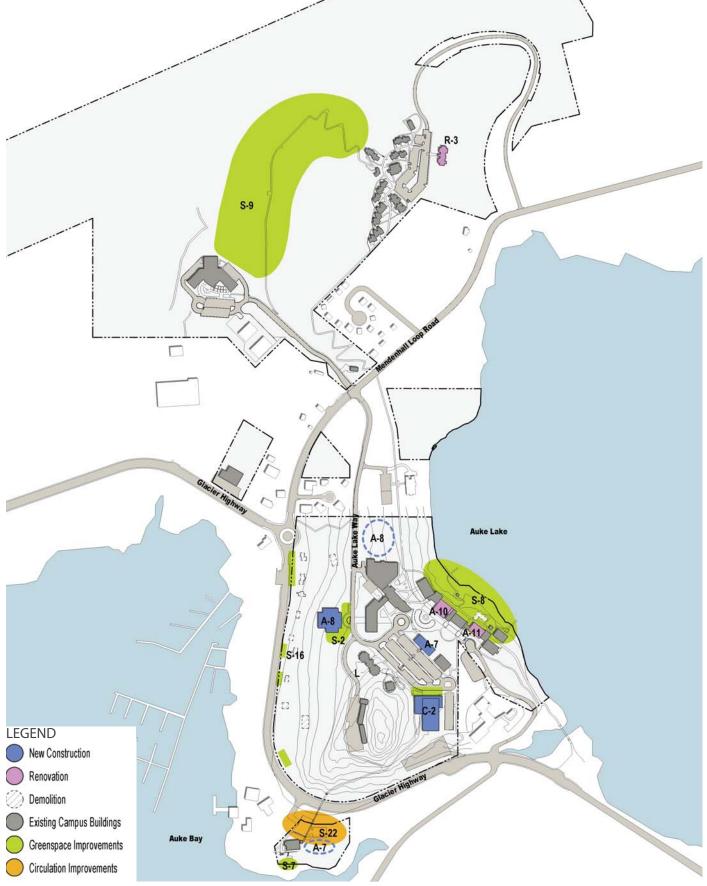


Figure 5.3 Juneau Auke Lake - Long Term Projects and Priorities

IMPLEMENTATION



Photo 3.6 Auke Lake dock

Design Guidelines

The purpose of the Campus Design Guidelines is to encourage and inform design for new construction and renovation projects in support of the University's mission and to promote a coherent identity for its three campuses in Juneau, Ketchikan, and Sitka. The purpose of the Guidelines is to achieve a balance between the Campus Master Plan guiding principles and the judgment that must be exercised for each implementation project, so that the campuses are developed in a thoughtful and consistent manner over an extended period of time. The desired result is an integrated regional university with cohesive campuses in which the parts all relate to one another, regardless of their location and when they are built.

These guidelines are intended to serve as a living document that supports innovation, safety, flexibility, and sustainability over time. They provide for evolving uses, while enhancing the visual and civic integrity of the campuses and the surrounding areas.

1.0 Campus Character

1.1 Identity: Coherence and Unifying Multiple Campuses

UAS' mission focuses on student learning. In support of this mission, the university subscribes to a set of values that inform this plan. These values are: Excellence, Diversity, Access, Collaboration, Sustainability, and Stewardship. These values must be integrated into, and reflected in, the design of UAS facilities.

The university's motto "Learn, Engage, Change" reflects the spirit of our UAS mission and the core themes of the UAS Strategic and Assessment Plan, 2010-2017. The UAS campuses should be designed with a level of distinction that reflects this mission and incorporates the rich cultures, languages, arts, and environments of Southeast Alaska. Achieving this goal involves capitalizing on the exquisite natural environment of our campuses. It involves designs based upon artistic expression and cultural diversity. It includes a sense of transparency and access, collaboration, and creative use of space. It means designing to be a good neighbor in our communities. And it includes designs that take the long view—building with sustainability and stewardship in mind. Each of these values and sayings should serve as guiding principles in the design of campus buildings and open space. Therefore, the following questions should be posed throughout the development of future projects:

How does the project express institutional qualities of:

- Excellence through continuous improvement and innovation?
- Diversity of cultures, talents, abilities and educational goals?
- Collaboration within and beyond the university?
- Access to all?
- Sustainability and stewardship?
- Does the project recognize the significance of Southeast Alaska cultures through:
- Concept of Campus Kwaan?
- Relationship between people and the land?
- Being a good neighbor and contributing to community?
- Does the project integrate aspects of the surrounding natural world?



Photo 3.7 Totem Carving at Egan



Photo 3.8 Covered Walk at Ketchikan upper campus



Photo 3.9 New Campus Sign at Sitka



Photo 3.10 Campus Entrance Sign at Juneau Auke Lake

1.2 Campus Identity and Character

While institution-wide identity is important, each campus must also respond to its own unique context and conditions. Strategies such as physically clear edges that identify the campus core, easily identifiable entries and significant open spaces, help to make a campus distinct. Consistent elements across the building design approach are also important tools (ex. materials, detailing, roof slopes, fenestration, etc.) that help establish and/or strengthen identity and character and should be considered for each campus. Questions to pose throughout the development of future projects are:

- Does the project contribute to strengthening a sense of the campus core?
- Does the project help to define open spaces expressed in the campus master plan?
- Does the project strengthen campus identity and visibility?

1.3 Contextual Response

Qualities unique to each site such as views, topography, natural features and neighborhood character should inform a design response that celebrates distinct qualities of each campus and grounds the campus to its place. Building and open space form and orientation should take into account the exceptional features of the campus setting. When possible and appropriate, adjacent natural environments should be brought into the design as a campus feature. Questions to pose throughout development of future projects should include:

- How are unique aspects of the site and campus captured in the design? Consider:
- Views
- Topography
- Natural features
- Cultural setting
- Character of the surrounding area
- Relationship to surrounding bodies of water

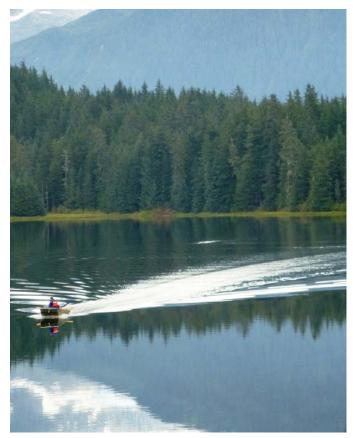


Photo 3.11 Auke Lake



Photo 3.12 Native Vegetation

IMPLEMENTATION



Photo 3.13 Eagle Totem at Auke Lake



Photo 3.14 Sikta House Posts

1.4 Cultural Response

UAS is simultaneously rooted in the cultural history and landscape of Southeast Alaska and its place in the modern world. The campus culture embraces the environment and cultures of southeast Alaska, including the rich history and tradition of the original people of this region---Tlingit, Haida and Tsimshian who have lived here for thousands of years. Contemporary communities are diverse and modest in size but are rich in history and in economic and cultural activity. The region's economy today is centered on fishing, mining, tourism and government. It is a region of abundant natural resources, resilient communities and unsurpassed beauty. The Cultural Response to design should be rooted in Haa Shagoon—a vibrant Campus which reflects, celebrates and interprets our built environment with knowledge of the rich cultural history of the past together with future generations as we wish them to see us. Together this should work in harmony on the design approach to the campus built environment as a symbol of our place in this time. Questions to consider during the design process may include:

- Does the project approach consider the environment and cultures of Southeast Alaska while simultaneously looking at the past, and the future, with the greatest consideration to the campus at this place in this time?
- Does the project consider visual and artistic aspects of the original people of this region—the Tlingit, Haida and Tsimshian—in the design process and character of the building?

1.5 Response to Climate

The University of Alaska Southeast is located in a temperate rainforest. Its location between the coastal mountain range—with its glaciers and icefields—and Alaska's Inside Passage create unique maritime climatic conditions. Aspects of a maritime climate such as rain, fog, snow, freeze-thaw cycles, wind direction and the occasional clear sunny day should be considered while identifying building and open space orientation. Buildings should be designed to capitalize on the region's exceptional views and viewsheds, which make for inviting instructional and work spaces. Because Southeast Alaska is often cloud-covered, members of the university community treasure natural lighting; thus, wherever possible buildings should be designed to bring natural light into classrooms, offices, and gathering spaces. While days with access to the sun's warmth and direct light can be rare, there should be opportunities to take advantage of these events when they do occur.

- Does the project take into account maritime climatic conditions of SE Alaska's temperate rainforest? Consider:
- o Amount of rainfall
- Snow, ice and freeze-thaw cycles
- o Taku winds
- o Amount of daylight
- Cost-effective utilization of alternative energy sources
- o Natural lighting
- o Energy designs for long-term sustainability



Photo 3.15 Outdoor Studies Class



Photo 3.16 Outdoor Classroom on a Sunny Day

IMPLEMENTATION



Photo 3.17 View from Covered Walk at Ketchkian Upper Campus



Photo 3.18 Entry Sign and Planting at Student Recreation Center Entry Drive

1.6 Relationship between Campus and Community

Campus edges and entries are the public face of the university. For visitors and the University of Alaska Southeast community, the dominant impression of the University is created by these edges. Campus edges and entrances must provide an appropriate reflection of the character and quality of campus without creating barriers

Campus edges should have visual features that clearly define campus boundaries (e.g., landscape plantings and elements, lighting standards, banners identifying the UAS, signage, forest edges, bodies of water, etc.). Signage should be unified, consistent, scaled appropriately, and limited in number and aimed to the first-time visitor. Other recommendations at the campus edges might include:

- Public art to provide a campus feel.
- · Consistent landscape treatment.
- Select open views into campus

The Campus "Front Door" serves as the transition between the campus and the surrounding community and should clearly indicate arrival to the campus. The campus "Front Door" should create a welcoming appearance and a sense of arrival to UAS. The "Front Door" should promote long term vision and quality in development through

- Distinctive and consistent signage, including text, form and color
- Streetscape enhancements through the use of banners, plantings and pedestrian walkways
- Enhancement of cultural and environmental awareness through signage
- Proximity of transit stops to the campus "Front Door"

1.7 Relationship between Buildings and Campus

Landscape. The functionality and aesthetic quality of the campus depends on the design of buildings, open space and circulation being conceived in concert, with the intent of enhancing each other. Building placement can define open space and affect the quality of that space through shadows and scale, depending on time and season. The scale of open space formed between buildings should be determined intentionally. For example, a campus' most significant landscape should be grander in scale and character than the smaller more intimate spaces that are part of the open space network of campuses with multiple buildings.

 How does the project support and define existing or future landscape as expressed in the master plan?

<u>Circulation</u>. A building's relationship to campus circulation should be designed to help clarify a campus' organizing structure. Main entrances should be clearly identified and relate to the pedestrian circulation and pathways, incorporating a combination of indoor and outdoor gathering places to accommodate informal conversations and gatherings where appropriate. The pedestrian environment should dominate. Questions for consideration in implementing design might include:

- How does the project help to clarify the campus organizing structure?
- Does the project clearly identify entrances?
- Does the project successfully connect to and support the campus pedestrian circulation system?
- Are indoor and outdoor relationships strengthened with the project design?



Photo 3.19 Covered walk connecting Paul and Ziegler Buildings



Photo 3.21 Aerial View of Anderson Science Building



Photo 3.20 Anderson Science Building

2. 0 Architectural Standards

With UAS' origins as a community college and the expansion of auxiliary and academic programs into a liberal arts university, UAS buildings have resulted in an eclectic mix of styles and character. The architectural guidelines are not grounded in a particular design period, but in the understanding that sustainability, functionality and response to the surrounding natural environment shall be the driving influence in building design. Building design should be of its time rather than mirror previous styles as well as complement neighboring buildings, accommodate future renovations and embrace adaptive reuse.

2.1 Orientation and Location

Building locations shall generally conform to the Campus Master Plan. These locations are intended to develop unity among buildings and support campus functions and circulation by means of alignment and location. Building orientation should take into account access to daylight and views, and topography.

- Appropriate response to views should be made to emphasize connection to unique natural beauty of campus locations and settings
- Questions during the design process might include:
- o Does the project siting and orientation keep with the vision expressed in the master plan?
- o Does the siting and orientation help to support other campus functions and circulation?
- o Does building orientation capitalize on unique site features such as views and topography?

2.2 Scale and Massing

Building massing should be determined by functions, program, context and the future vision of the campus.

- The overall scale size, footprint, height, and profile relate to surrounding buildings and open space.
- Typically buildings will be "in scale "with their environment, similar to their surroundings and appropriate to the development area and use, unless the building or site is a landmark or special use deserving special prominence.
- If the vision expressed in the campus master plan includes the predominance of future buildings at a larger scale than existing, the project should be designed to contribute to this future vision.
- Existing site features also inform massing such as topography where the design response can respect and utilize existing slopes.
- The repetition of building elements at a variety of scales will bring a unifying character to the building and still provide rhythm and variation.
- Massing should also be determined by interior quality of space. For example, interior daylighting is maximized with shallow floor plates, daylight atriums, skylights, and increased building perimeter (65-85' is the recommended maximum building width for academic programs).

Questions to pose include:

- Is the project scale and massing appropriate to the
- o Program?
- o Site and context?
- o Future campus vision?
- Does the scale massing contribute to a quality interior environment?
- Does the scale and massing take advantage of unique and positive site features?



Photo 3.22 Photo illustrating vertical/transparent building elements at circulation space between buildings



Photo 3.24 Exposed Wood at Ketchikan



Photo 3.25 Daylight in Egan Library

2.3 Materials

Material choices should emphasize integrity of materials in their natural state. They should be of a permanent nature, able to age well, and express appropriate craftsmanship in their detailing and application. Material options will vary depending upon the campus area and function, but consideration should be given to use of local materials whenever feasible.

New buildings should be designed to encourage a visual fusion of indoor and outdoor spaces through transparency. Each exterior building wall should be thought of as both a specific means of containing and defining interior space, and as an element that defines the campus. Transparency increases awareness of and feeling of connection with the campus setting. Solid walls, particularly at ground level, emphasize boundaries and separation, undermining the notion of the campus as a public space.

Questions to pose during design might include:

- Do the proposed materials offer a sense of integrity to their natural state?
- Are materials chosen durable and able to age well?
- Is there an appropriate use of solid vs. transparent walls?

2.4 Building Entrances

At primary building entrances, the exterior spaces should be developed from materials and forms that complement the building architecture and that do not compete with the facade.

- Integrated accessible entries should be provided at all new buildings and provide appropriate weather protection with particular attention to precipitation and to snow and ice buildup.
- When possible, entrance spaces should provide for informal seating.
- Amenities should be provided at all primary building entrance spaces including waste receptacles and bicycle racks; these should be located in a non-obtrusive way while being visible and convenient.

2.6 Service Areas

Loading and Service areas should be designed to meet functional requirements of each building they serve, but care should be taken to appropriately screen and protect these areas.

2.7 Mechanical Areas

Areas devoted exclusively to mechanical equipment should be designed so that their visibility from public areas and building entries, including walkways, is minimized.



Photo 3.26 Building Entry at Mourant



Photo 3.27 Building Entry at Hendrickson Annex



Photo 3.28 Light through the trees



Photo 3.29 Rainforest Understory

3.0 Landscape Guidelines

The University of Alaska Southeast is situated in such an arena of spectacular scenic beauty that the landscape guidelines should focus on the larger natural world while emphasizing the University's connections to it. Campus elements should be organized in a purposeful manner that conveys the history of place, cultural traditions, educational mission and location of the University of Alaska Southeast. The landscaped spaces should tie the built environment together in a cohesive manner which reinforces the sense of a modern campus in a wilderness setting.

3.1 Image and Entrance (see Campus "Front Door"

- Provide landscaping to complement distinctive signage which creates a of arrival at campuses' "front doors"
- Provide streetscape enhancements along property bordering public rights-of-way that include banners, plantings, and pedestrian walkways
- Create signage to enhance cultural and environmental awareness
- Refer to UAS Signage System Manual and Construction Specification for specific details

3.2 Outdoor Gathering and Interchange

- Develop a system of spaces adjacent and visible to campus with unifying design elements
- Develop spaces to provide flexibility in the variety of uses, from small to large scale gathering, concerts, ceremonies, demonstration, and recreation
- Develop spaces in coordination with pedestrian circulation routes that encourages multidirectional traffic flows and interchange
- Situate gathering spaces in visible locations with consideration of light and seasonal conditions to promote use and participation
- Provide opportunity for interpretive elements that connect the cultural and environmental histories of each campus
- "Lifestyle Experience" in the common spaces serve to make those spaces comfortable and well used, including open seating fixtures, and less formal shapes to landscape features



Photo 3.30 Autumn Scene at Auke Lake Campus Core



Photo 3.31 Small Covered Pavilion at Auke Lake



Photo 3.32 Covered Walkways at Auke Lake

3.3 Circulation

- Build upon/Expand pedestrian greenway corridor to develop a network of connected routes that connect buildings as well as outdoor gathering spaces with a clear, safe, direct route of travel
- Minimize pedestrian and vehicular points of
- Use paving with the colored and textural feelings that identify areas as appropriate for various uses
- Provide provisions for snow removal from pedestrian, vehicular and service circulation routes
- Always develop a plan for snow removal and storage, and provide safe and secure routes between activity areas
- Provide snow storage areas in each zone, to be easily accessed and easily removed when it reaches critical mass
- The use of removable planters with trees, shrubs and flowering plants as space definers is a desirable solution to snow management problems
- Screen parking areas with plantings
- Use topography to nestle parking below sightlines
- Minimize vehicular circulation within campus
- Orient service areas away from primary pedestrian areas

3.4 Planting Strategies

- Plan and develop individual landscape projects with the unifying theme of Low Maintenance, **Environmental Sustainability, and Native Plant Community Integration.**
- Create a sustainable and aesthetic landscape through
- Preservation and restoration of certain natural landscape features, including evergreen forest and native understory
- Create a low maintenance footprint using native species together with low maintenance shrubs and perennials to create environmental sustainability
- Selectively trim and prune plantings to improve sightlines to view corridors (Auke Lake, Auke Bay and the mountains beyond)
- Minimize the amount of intensively maintained landscape
- Create optimal views to building entrances through the use of landscape elements
- Use of removable planters with trees, shrubs and flowering plants to define space (a desirable solution to managing snow removal)
- Aggressively remove invasive species



Photo 3.34 Planting at Egan Courtyard



Photo 3.33 Paving at Egan Courtyard

APPENDIX A:

Compliance with UA Board of Regents' Master Planning Policy

APPENDIX B:

Space Needs Analysis

APPENDIX C:

Departmental Space Needs Analysis

APPENDIX D:

Planning Concepts

Compliance with UA Board of Regents' Master Planning Policy

Chapter 05.12 – Capital Planning and Facilities Management; P05.12.30 Campus Master Plans

The University of Alaska Southeast Campus Master Plan addresses all 12 content points outlines by the Board of Regents. The points encompass community and environmental context, enrollment planning and subsequent facility needs, and future project recommendations. These projects include potential demolition, upgrades and new construction for facilities, infrastructure and open space. The points are addressed in the planning document as follows:

One: Projected enrollment and other factors affecting the need for facilities and infrastructure

Section 3: Current Campus Challenges includes discussion of issues that drive recommendations for future facilities and infrastructure.

Existing space needs were analyzed and outlined in a summary graphic to illustrate space deficits and surpluses.

Quality and configuration of space is of concern for adapting to current pedagogies associated with eLearning in particular.

Two: General areas for land acquisition and disposal

Section 2: Existing Campus Conditions speaks to land acquisition and disposal. Current and mid-term projects do not require land acquisition. However at Juneau Auke Lake, acquiring residential parcels along Glacier Highway as they become available will position the University for future opportunities both for building site and partnership opportunities. Additional partnership opportunities are diagrams in Section 2.

Three: The general location of new or upgraded infrastructure, including roads, parking, pedestrian circulation, transit circulation, and utilities

Section 2: Existing Campus Conditions address issues regarding utility/infrastructure improvements.

Section 4: Future Campus illustrates primary public vehicular access drive, limited vehicular access, borough bus system connections, parking, and pedestrian circulation.

Four: Demolition of buildings, structures, and facilities

Section 2: Existing Campus Conditions contains a building conditions diagram that indicates facilities to be demolished.

Demolition of buildings, structure and facilities include:

- Soboleff Annex
- Facilities Services building (Stover House)

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Demolition of buildings, structure and facilities include:

- Soboleff Annex
- Facilities Services building (Stover House)

Five: General location, size, and purpose of new buildings, structures, and facilities

The phasing matrices in Section 5: Implementation identify the gross square footage for capital improvement projects and proposed facilities.

The Building Use diagrams, contained in Section 4, illustrate the existing and proposed facilities according to primary space use.

Six: Guidelines for landscaping

Design guidelines for landscaping are included in Section 5: Implementation

Seven: General location and intent for open spaces, plazas, etc.

The open space diagrams, contained in Section 4: Future Campus, illustrate location and type of campus open space.

Eight: Guidelines for signage, both freestanding and on buildings and structures

Signage guidelines are included in Section 5: Implementation

Nine: Architectural guidelines for all buildings, structures, and facilities

Architectural design guidelines are included in Section 5: Implementation

Ten: Environmental and cultural issues, ADA access, and energy conservation

Section 4: Future Campus addresses ADA access through campus connectivity.

Section 5: Implementation includes guidelines:

- Cultural, Climate and Environmental Response
- Architectural guidelines for ADA access and energy conservation

Eleven: The relationship of the campus to its surroundings and coordination with local government land use plans and ordinances

The land use and context maps in Section 2: Existing Campus Conditions illustrate the UAS campuses and surrounding community.

Twelve: General priorities for capital projects

The phasing diagrams and matrices in Section 5: Implementation illustrate the general priorities for capital projects. The current projects phase includes projects currently under construction or in the planning stage. The subsequent phases illustrate future facility development priorities.

Space Needs Analysis

															JUNEAU CAMPUS HC Undergrad HC 1,969 TARGET 2021 Undergrad HC 2646
															BASE ENROLLMENT 2011 Grad Sldt HC 417 growth for HC= 3% Grad Sldt HC 560 Total Student HC 2,386 (UAS TO VERIFY) Total Student HC 3,207
															TRADITIONAL LEARNER ANNUAL
															Undergrad FTE 701 GROWTH RATE ASSUMED AT 2.8% Undergrad FTE 935 FTE TRADITIONAL Grad FTE 51 FTE TRADITIONAL Grad FTE 161
															Professional FTE 101 Professional FTE 101
															Total Traditional Student FTE 853 E-LEARNER ANNUAL Total Traditional Student FTE 1,197
JUNEAU AUKE LAKI	E CAMPUS														GROWTH RATE ASSUMED AT 3.4%
JUNEAU AUKE LAKI	E CAIVIPUS														FTE E-LEARNERS Undergrad FTE 250 FTE E-LEARNERS Undergrad FTE 306 Grad FTE 135 Grad FTE 215
I IAC LINIVERSITY OF A	ALASKA														Total E-learner Student FTE 385 Total E-learner Student FTE 521
US UNIVERSITY OF A	AST														Total Overall Student FTE 1,238 FTE TOTAL 31 Overall Student FTE 1,718
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR															FTE Student/Faculty Ratio 15.9 Total Faculty FTE 78 FTE Student/Faculty Ratio 21.0 Total Faculty FTE 82
learn · engage	e · change														Total FTE +10 % FTE learners 1249
												Space			Assumptions
						Guideline						needs			
FICM						Gl	uideline		Demolition		New	being brought		Variance	
Space		Existing			Guideline	Guideline AS	SF % of	Surplus	/New	2021 Projected	Programs	from Bill	2021 Projected	(Surplus /	/
Code FICM Space Categor	ory	ASF	ASF/FTE %	of Total	ASF	ASF/FTE	Total ((Deficit)	Buildings	Existing ASF	Space	Ray	Guideline ASF	Deficit) ASF	
CLASSROOMS															
110/115 Classrooms + Service		18,949	22	11.26%	9,553	11	5.21%	9,396	0	18,949	2,866	799	17,061	1,888	Assumes 25 ASF per Station
											Nursing program				
LABS											F5				2000 Decided ACT includes around for Association
210/215 Teaching Labs + Service	ce	13,258	16	7.88%	5,006	6	2.73%	8,252	0	13,258	6,375	1,770	15,165	(1,907)	2021 Projected ASF includes space for 4 year nursing program Assumes 60 ASF per Station
210/215 Tech Labs + Service 220/225 Self Study Lab		0 3,045	0	0.00% 1.81%	0 3,568	0		0 (523)	0				0 5,003	(1.050)	
250/255 Research Labs + Service	ice	9,518	11	5.66%	7,960		4.34%	1,558	(5,562)		0		11,162	(1,958) (7,206)	
											Nursing program				
OFFICES/ CONF. ROOMS															2021 Projected ASF includes space for 4 year nursing program
310 Faculty Offices 310 Administrative/ Staff Off	offices	14,931 23,400	17 27	8.87% 13.90%	12,520 22,420	15 26		2,411 980	(1,687) (1,132)	13,244 22,268	0	-,,	19,028 32,539	(5,784) (10,271)	
320 E-learning Support	Milces	0	0		577	2	0.31%	(577)		0			782	(782)	based on e-learner FTE
350 Conference Rooms		1,721	2	1.02%	3,595	4	1.96%	(1,874)	(290)	1,431 Assumes demolition	0	832	5,873	(4,442)	22
										of Sobeloff annex					
										building and Sale of NSRL					
STUDY/ LIBRARY															_
400 Study / Library		34,262	40	20.36%	26,526	31	14.46%	7,736	0	34,262	0		37,199	(2,937)	
DEODE ATION! ATIU ETIO															
RECREATION/ ATHLETIC 520 Rec Athletic or Phy Edu	luc.	18,587	22	11.04%	35,000	41	19.08%	(16.413)	0	18,587	0		35,000	(16.413)	
670 Recreation		3,022	4	1.80%	3,000		1.64%	22	0		0		3,000	22	includedes 10% e-learner but uses core min
STUDENT SUPPORT															
530 Media Production 610 Assembly		910 0	0	0.54%	5,000 14,000	6 16		(4,090) (14,000)	0	910 0	0		5,000 14,000	(4,090) (14,000)	
620 Exhibition		0	0	0.00%	2,000	2	1.09%	(2,000)	0	0	0		2,000	(2,000)	includedes 10% e-learner but uses core min
630 Food Service 650 Lounge Space		7,673 2,916	3	4.56% 1.73%	6,243 5,000	6	3.40% 2.73%	1,430 (2,084)	0		0	380		(1,082) (2,464)	includedes 10% e-learner but uses core min
660 Merchandising 680 Meeting Room		3,470 1,179	1	2.06% 0.70%	2,000 3,122		1.09%	1,470 (1,943)	0				2,000 4,189	(3,010)	
800 Health Care		0	0	0.00%	1,000			(1,000)	0				1,402	(1,402)	
FACILITY SUPPORT															
710 Central Computer / Tele	lecomm	908	1	0.54%	4,000	5	2.18%	(3,092)	0	908	0		4,000	(3,092)	
720 Shop		1,358	2	0.81%	7,923		4.32%	1,916	0					(2,189)	includedes 10% e-learner but uses core min
730 Central Storage 740 Vehicle Storage	9839	6,098 2,383	7 3	3.62% 1.42%	incl_			_	0						
750 Central Service		545	1	0.32%	3,000	3.52	1.64%	(2,455)	0	545	0		4,207	(3,662)	
760 Hazardous Materials		160	0	0.10%	397	0.5	0.22%	(237)	0	160	0		557	(397)	
	TOTAL ACADEMIC SPACE	168,293	197.20	100.00%	183,410	214.92	100.00%	(15,117)	(8,671)	159,622	9,241	7,266	245,330	(85,708)	
														-34.9%	%

Master Plan Space Model 1of1 11/5/2012

JUNEAU BILL RAY CENTER



 CAMPUS ROLLMENT 2011						
FTE TRADITIONAL	Undergrad FTE	0				
	Grad FTE	0				
Total Tra	Traditional Student FTE					
FTE E-LEARNERS	Undergrad FTE	0				
	Grad FTE	0				
Total E	-learner Student FTE	0				
	Blended FTE	0				
Total	Overall Student FTE	10				

ARGET 2021			
RADITIONAL ROWTH RAT	ANNUAL E ASSUMED	2.9%	
	FTE TRADITIONAL	Undergrad FTE	0
		Grad FTE	0
	Total	Traditional Student FTE	14
	FTE E-LEARNERS	Undergrad FTE	0
	_	Grad FTE	0
	Tota	I E-learner Student FTE	0
		Blended FTE	0
	То	tal Overall Student FTE	14

Page 1 of 1

													Assumptions
BILL	FICM							Guideline				Variance	
RAY	Space		Existing	Exstg Ex	ysta ASF	Guideline			Surplus	2021 Projected	2021 Projected	(Surplus /	
CENTER	Code	FICM Space Category		ASF/FTE %			ASF/FTE	Total		Existing ASF	Guideline ASF	Deficit) ASF	
		, , ,							, ,	Ü		,	
CLASSROC	OMS												
<u> </u>	110/115	Classrooms + Service	2,340	10	16.39%	600	59	12.35%	1,740	2,340	799	1,541	Assumes 25 ASF per Station
LABS													
	210/215	Teaching Labs + Service	4,645	457	32.53%	1,330	131	27.36%	3,315	4,645	1,770	2,875	Assumes 60 ASF per Station Assumes 150 ASF per Station
	210/215 220/225	Tech Labs + Service Self Study Lab	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0		0	0	Assumes 150 ASF per Station Assumes 4 ASF per FTE
	2201223	oon olday Lab	0	•	0.0070	J	<u> </u>	0.0070		U	U	<u> </u>	
OFFICES/ C	ONF. RO	OMS											
	310	Faculty Offices	3,184	313	22.30%	1,105	109	22.74%	2,079	3,184	1,471	1,713	Existing Guideline Assumes 12 offices (6.5 faculty and 5.5 staff)
	310	Administrative/ Staff Offices	3,031	298	21.23%	825	81	16.98%	2,206	3,031	1,098	1,933	
	350	Conference Rooms	357	35	2.50%	625	62		(268)	357	832	(475)	
STUDY/ LIB	RARY												
	400	Study / Library	0	0	0.00%		0	0.00%	0	0	0	0	
CTUDENT C													
STUDENT S		Exhibition	0	^	0.00%	0	•	0.00%	0	0	0	0	
	620 650	Lounge Space	232	23	1.62%	286	0 28	5.88%	(54)		380	(148)	
	660	Merchandising	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0		0	0	
	680	Meeting Room	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0		0	0	
	800	Health Care	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0	
FACILITY S	IIDD∩DT												
I ACILITI 3	710	Central Computer / Telecomm	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0	
	720	Shop	0	0	0.00%	689	68	14.19%	(199)	U	918	(428)	
	730	Central Storage 490		48	3.43%	incl	_	14.1970	(199)	490	710	(420)	
	740	Vehicle Storage 470	0	0	0.00%	incl							
	750	Central Service	0	0	0.00%		0	0.00%	0	0	0	0	
	760	Hazardous Materials	0	0	0.00%		0	0.00%	0	0	0	0	
		TOTAL ACADEMIC SPACE	14,279	1,406	100.00%	4,860	170 12	100.00%	9,419	14,279	7,266	7,013	
		TOTAL ACADEMIC SPACE	14,279	1,406	100.00%	4,800	478.43	100.00%	9,419	14,279	1,200	7,013	

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JUNEAU TECHNICAL EDUCATION CENTER

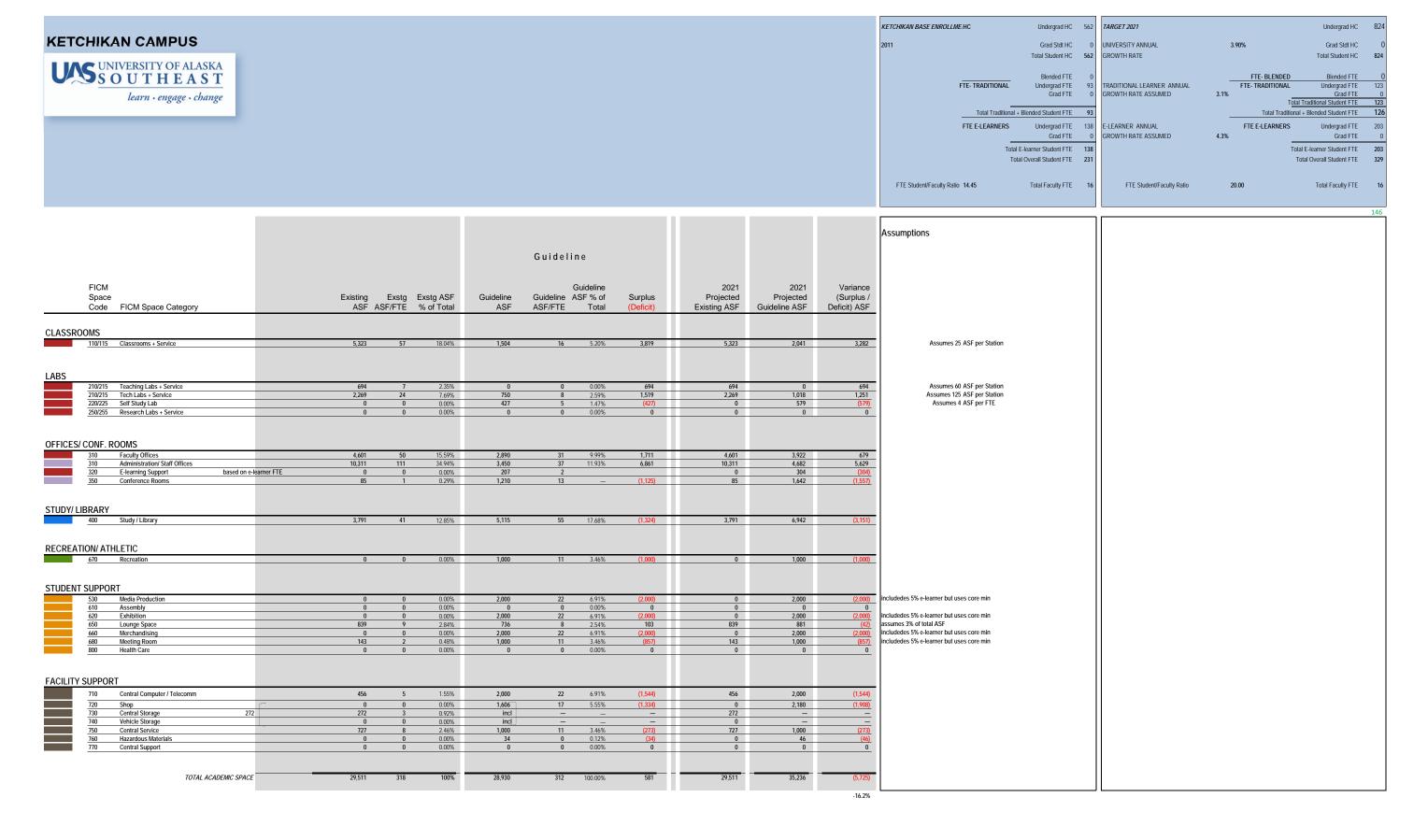


TEC CENTER CAMPUS		7
BASE ENROLLMENT 2011		T
		G
FTE TRADITIONAL Undergrad FTE	0	
Grad FTE	0	
(Includes blended learners) Traditional Student FTE	51	
FTE E-LEARNERS Undergrad FTE	0	
Grad FTE	0	
Total E-learner Student FTE	0	
Blended FTE	0	
Total Overall Student FTE	51	
FTE Student/Faculty Ratio 9.3 Total Faculty FTF		F
9.3 Total Faculty FTE	6	

RGET 2021								
ADITIONAL ANNUAL OWTH RATE ASSUMED	5.1%							
FTE TRADITIONAL	Undergrad FTE	0						
	Grad FTE							
Total T	raditional Student FTE	84						
FTE E-LEARNERS	Undergrad FTE	0						
	Grad FTE	0						
Total	E-learner Student FTE	0						
	Blended FTE	0						
Tot	al Overall Student FTE	84						
E Student/Faculty Ratio								
14.0	Total Faculty FTE	6						

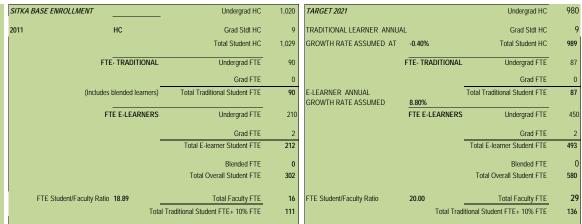
							Guide	line				
	FICM							Guideline				Variance
TEC	Space		Existing	Fxsta	Exstg ASF	Guideline	Guideline	ASF % of	Surplus	2021 Projected	2021 Projected	(Surplus /
CENTER	Code	FICM Space Category	ASF		% of Total	ASF	ASF/FTE		,	Existing ASF	Guideline ASF	Deficit) ASF
	OMS & LAB	, , ,							, ,	J		
	110/115	Classrooms + Service	1,695	33	5.00%	2,230	44	9.68%	(535)	1,695	3,667	(1,972)
LABS						,			(* * * *)	,	,,,,	(,,,,
	210/215	Tech Labs + Service	30,513	596	90.08%	15,908	311	69.09%	14,605	30,513	26,161	4,352
	220/225	Self Study Lab	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0
OFFICES/	CONF. ROC	DMS										
	310	Faculty Offices	760	15	2.24%	935	18	4.06%	(175)	760	1,538	(778)
	310	Administrative/ Staff Offices	310	6	0.92%	975	19	4.23%	(665)	310	1,603	(1,293)
	350	Conference Rooms	0	0	0.00%	625	12	_	(625)	0	1,028	(1,028)
STUDY/ LI	BRARY											
	400	Study / Library	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0
STUDENT	SUPPORT											
	650	Lounge Space	230	4	0.68%	677	13	2.94%	(447)	230	1,114	(884)
	660	Merchandising	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0
	680	Meeting Room	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0_
FACILITY :	SUPPORT											
	710	Central Computer / Telecomm	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0
	720	Shop	365	7	1.08%	1,675	33	7.28%	(1,310)	365	2,755	(2,390)
	730	Central Storage 365	0	0	0.00%	incl	_	_	_	0	_	<u> </u>
	740	Vehicle Storage	0	0	0.00%	incl_	_	_	_	0	_	
	750	Central Service	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0
	760	Hazardous Materials	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0
		TOTAL ACADEMIC SPACE	33,873	662	100.00%	23,026	450	100.00%	10,847	33,873	37,866	(3,993)

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SITKA CAMPUS





									TOTAL TRADITIONAL STUDENT FIE+ 10% FIE III	Total Traditional Stude
				Guideline					Assumptions	
						2021	2021			
FICM	E Antonio E di	- F1- ACE	0.11.11.		leline	Projected	Projected	Variance		
Space		stg Exstg ASF		Guideline ASF	· ·	Existing	Guideline	(Surplus /		
Code FICM Space Category	ASF ASF/F	TE % of Total	ASF	ASF/FTE	Total (Deficit)	ASF	ASF	Deficit) ASF		
OMS										
110/115 Classrooms + Service	8,055	89 23.33%	654	7	2.15% 7,401	8,055	630	7,425	Assumes 25 ASF per Station	
210/215 Teaching Labs + Service 210/215 Tech Labs + Service		47 12.29% 17 4.52%			3.07% 3,313 10.68% (1,685)	4,245 1,561	898 3.126	3,347 (1,565)	Assumes 60 ASF per Station Assumes 125 ASF per Station	
220/225 Self Study Lab	6,198	69 17.95%	361	4	1.19% 5,837	6,198	347	5,851	Assumes 4 ASF per FTE	1
250/255 Research Labs + Service	0	0 0.00%	1,493	17	4.91% (1,493)	0	1,438	(1,438)	Based on ASF per \$ in research funding	1
CONF. ROOMS 310 Faculty Offices	4,826	54 13.98%	2,720	30	8.95% 2,106	4,826	2,620	2,206		1
310 Administrative/ Staff Offices		70 18.19%	4,150	46	13.65% 2,131	6,281	3,997	2,284		1
320 E-learning Support	0	15 3.95%	954	11 10	2.019/	1 245	919	(919) 513		1
350 Conference Rooms	1,365	15 3.95%	885	10	2.91% 480	1,365	852	513		1
400 Study	100	1 0.29%	407	5	1.34% (307)	100	392	(292)		
ION/ ATHLETIC										
670 Recreation	0	0 0.00%	1,000	11	3.29% (1,000)	0	963	(963)		
CUPPORT										
SUPPORT										
530 Media Production	600	7 1.74%	3,000	33	9.87% (2,400)	600	2,889	(2,289)	Existing ASF accounts for 4 Instructional Designers offices @ 150 / office- this was pulled out of	
610 Assembly	0	0 0.00%	0		0.00%	0	0	0	310 category Guideline includedes 10% e-learner but uses core min.	1
620 Exhibition 650 Lounge Space	•	0 0.00% 10 2.64%	2,000 596		6.58% (2,000) 1.96% 317	0 913	1,926 574	(1,926) 339	Core Minimum Guideline for 2 year institution Guideline includes 10% e-learner	1
650 Lounge Space 660 Merchandising		10 2.64% 0 0.00%			1.96% 317 0.73% (223)			(215)	Guideline includes 10% e-learner Guideline includes 10% e-learner	1
680 Meeting Room	0	0.00%	1,000	11	3.29% (1,000)	0	963	(963)	Core Minimum Guideline for 2 year institution	1
800 Health Care	0	0 0.00%	0	0	0.00% 0	0	0	0		
SUPPORT										
710 Central Computer / Telecomm	0	0 0.00%			13.15% (4,000)			(3,852)	Core Minimum Guideline	1
720 Shop 289 730 Central Storage	0 289	0 0.00% 3 0.84%		19 —	5.61% (1,418)	289 incl	1,644 incl	(1,355)		1
740 Vehicle Storage	0	0 0.00%	incl	_		incl	incl	_		1
750 Central Service 760 Hazardous Materials	100	1 0.29% 0 0.00%	1,000		3.29% (900)		963	(863)		1
760 Hazardous Materials 770 Central Support	-	0 0.00% 0 0.00%	79		0.26% (79) 0.00% 0	0	76 0	(76) 0		1
770 Gentral Support	0	0.00%	0	U	0.5570	U	U			
TOTAL 40405**** 224.25	04500	100 000	20.400	007	20.000	04.500	20.00	F.0:-		1
TOTAL ACADEMIC SPACE	34,533 3	100.00%	30,408	337 10	00.00% 4,125	34,533	29,286	5,247		
_								17.9%		

Departmental Space Needs Analysis

School of Career Education- A	applied Technical Educat	tion Department								
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011 FACE TO	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total) FACE +10% E-LEARNERS		FTE 0 52 52 52	Guideline Time varie. amoi progr	g			2021 0% 0% 5.1% 29% Annual Total Growth Growth FACE	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total E TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	FTE 0 82 82 82
Space Category	Building/ Room indicator	Total Oty Seats		WRU W	'SCH Spf	Guideline ASF A	SF/FTE Variance	Total ASF Qty Seats	Variance Total ASF ASF	Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES										
Teaching Labs (210) Auto Technology Progra Construction Technology Progra Diesel Technology Progra Welding Progra Marine Technology Progra Mine Technology Progra	m m m m	4 10 6 5 0 4 29	4,930 12,742 8,128 3,960 0 3,025 0 32,785	60 68 87 10 0 	212 16.88 173 9.38 663 14.06 105 13.50 0 6.03 - 1,587 11.97	1,617 9,321 1,411 200 3,600	239 1353 0 11125 0 (1193) 0 2549 50 (200) (575) 377 13058		- 3,991 939 - 1,804 10,938 - 18,477 (10,349) - 2,797 1,163 - 326 (326) - 6,600 (3,575))
Open Labs (220) Auto Technology Progra Construction Technology Progra Diesel Technology Progra Marine Technology Progra Mine Technology Progra	m m m	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		- - - -	60 40 96 16 0	(60.00) (40.00) (96.00) (16.00) 0.00		- 67 (67) - 45 (45) - 190 (190) - 26 (26) - 0 0	
	Total	0	0	-		212	4 (212)	Projected AS	(327.92) F 328 (328)	
Space Category		Total Qty Seats		HC F	SPACE FACTOR TEF ASF/FTEF	Guideline ASF A	SF/FTE Variance	Total ASF Qty Seats	Variance Total ASF ASF	Comments
Research/ Grants Space (250. 255)	Total	0	0 0	0.00	0.00 -	0.00	0.00 0	Projected ASI	- F 0 ()

ise Data - Existing II 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total				FTE 0 52 52		me Period vries					2021 0% 5.1%	0% 29%		E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total		FTE 0 82 82	
FAC	CE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS				52	aı	mong ograms	ASF/				Annual Growth	Total Growth	FACE TO FA	ACE +10% E-LEARNERS		82	
pace Category	Space Description	<i>Qty</i>	Appt	Current Total ASF			Qty	OFFICE/ CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance		<i>Qty</i>	OFFICE/ CONF	Total ASF	Variance ASF		Comments
PARTMENTAL & FACULTY	OFFICES																	
fices (310, 315)		6	6	863			8.0		1,282	24.5	(419)		7.6		1,216	(543)		
Auto Technology P. Construction Technology P. Diesel Technology P.	Program		1 1.0 2 2.0 1 1.0	180			1.0 2.0 1.0		170 340 170	11.3 34.0 7.1	(80) (160) 80		0.8 0.6 2.2		142 95 377	(52) 85 (127)		
Marine Technology P. Mine Technology P.	Program		1 1.0 1 1.0 1 1.0	153 190			1.0 1.0 3.0		170 170 432	42.5	(17) (242)		1.0		170 432	(127) (17) (432)		
learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	()	0			0.00	150	0	0.00	0			150	0	0		
onference (350)	Conference Rooms		1	357			2		925	18	(568)		2		925	(568)		
Large Conf Medium Conf	f. Room f. Room JS120-205	() 1	0 357			1	625 300	625 300	12.0 5.7	(625) 57		1 1	625 300.00	625 300	<mark>(625)</mark> 57		
	Office Subtotal		7 0.00	1,220			10.00		2,207	42.23	(987.00)		10		2,141	(921)		
	DEPARTMENT TOTAL			34,005		=			22,146	423.71	11,859	Total	Departme	ental Area	36,138	(2,133)	ASF	

School of Career Education-	Automotive Technolo	ogy																
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNEF FACE TO FACE Tota				FTE 0 15 15	Guideline	Classtime Cor	nsidered:				202 0.09 1.09	% 0% % 12%		E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total		FTE 0 17 17	
FACE TO F	FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	;			15		5PM-10PM					Annua Growt		TO FACE +1	0% E-LEARNERS		17	
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator	<i>Qty</i>	Total Seats	Current Total ASF		WRU	WSCH	Spf	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance				Total ASF	Variance ASF		Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES	<u></u>																	
Teaching Labs (210)	JS119-108 JS119-105 JS119-106 JS119-216	1 1 1 1		140 2,020 2,255 515														
	Tota.	4		4,930		59.83	212.00	16.88	3,578	239	1,353		Pro	jected ASF	3,991	939	Determ	ined by SCH calc
Open Labs (220)																		
	Tota.	0	0	0					- 60	4	(60)		Pro	jected ASF	67	(67)		ASF / FTE TF +10% e-learner
Research/ Grants Space (250. 255)	i) Tota	0	0	0		(0	0.0	0	0	0		Pro	jected ASF	- 0	0	Noted ²	I researcher person in
				Current				ASF/ OFFICE/								Variance		
Space Category	Space Description	Qty	Appt	Total ASF			Oty	CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance		Qty A	ASF/Sta	Total ASF	ASF		Comments
DEPARTMENTAL & FACULTY OF	FICES																	
Offices (310, 315)		1	1	90			1		170	11.3	(80)		1		142	(52)		
E-learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0	0.00	0			0.00	150	0	0.0	0		0	150	0	0		
Conference (350)	Conference Rooms Office Subtota Subtota		0 2.00	0 90.00 90			0		0 170 170	11.33	(80.00) (80.00)		1 1		0 142.23 142			
	Program Tota			5,020					3,808	253.83	1,213		Pro	gram Total	4,200	887	ASF	

Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER				FTE	Guideline						2021	00/		E I EADNED		FTE
Fall 2011	FACE TO FACE				0 10		01					0.0% 1.0%	0% 12%		E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE		0 11
	Total				10		Classtime Co	onsiaerea:				Annual	Total		Total		11
FACE TO) FACE +10% E-LEARNERS				10		8AM-5PM					Growth	Growth ,CE TO F	ACE +109	% E-LEARNERS		11
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator	Oty	Total Seats	Current Total ASF		WRU	WSCH	Spf	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance				Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES																	
Teaching Labs (210)																	
	JS119-125 JS119-139	1 1		4,495 4,690													
	JS119-212 JS119-125A	1 1		535 275													
	JS119-125B JS119-125C	1		125 120													
	JS119-213	1		135													
	JS118-131 JS120-230	1 1		1,400 541													
	JS120-231 <i>Total</i>	1 10	0	426 12,742			68 173	9.38	1,617	162	11125				_	-	
				,					,-				Projecte	ed ASF	1,804	10,938	Determined by SCH calc
Onen Lehe (220)																	
Open Labs (220)	Total	0	0	0		_		-	40	4	(40)				- <u>-</u>		uses 4 ASF / FTE
													Projecte	ed ASF	45	(45)	Uses FTF +10% e-learner
Research/ Grants Space (250. 25																	
	Total	0	0	0			0 0	0.0	0	0	0		Projecte	ed ASF	0	0	Noted 1 researcher person in sta
								405/									
				Current				ASF/ OFFICE/								Variance	
Space Category	Space Description	<u>Oty</u>	Appt	Total ASF			Qty	CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Vvariance		Oty ASF/	'Sta	Total ASF	ASF	Comments
DEPARTMENTAL & FACULTY O	FFICES																
Offices (310, 315)		2	2	180			2		340	34.0	(160)		1		95	85	
E-learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0	0.00	0			0.00	150	0	0.00	0		0	150	0	0	
Conference (350)	Conference Rooms	0	0	0			0.00	ı	0	0.00	0		0.00		0	0	
	Office Subtotal	4.00	4.00	180.00					340	34.00	(160.00)		1		95	85	

Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total		2	E 0 4 4	Guideline	Classtime Co.	onsidered:				2021 0.0% 5.0%	0% 101%	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total		FTE 0 48 48
FACE TO FACE	± +10% E-LEARNERS			4		8AM-5PM	msidered.				Annual Growth	<i>Total</i> Growth FAC	E TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS		48
pace Category i.	Building/ Room indicator		Current otal ASF		WRU	WSCH	Spf	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance			Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
CADEMIC SPACES															
esel Teaching Labs (210)	Total	7 0	8,128		87	663	14.1	9,321	388	(1193)	-	- Projected <i>F</i>	ASF 18,477	(10,349)	Determined by SCH calc
lding Teaching Labs (210)	Total	6 0	3,960		10	105	13.5	1,411	59	2549	-	- Projected <i>F</i>		1,163	Determined by SCH calc
n Labs (220)	Total	0 0	0			-	-	96	4	(96)	-	-	· .		uses 4 ASF / FTE
												Projected <i>F</i>	NSF 190	(190)	Uses FTF +10% e-learner
search/ Grants Space (250. 255)															

	DI 17 1 1																	
School of Career Education	on-Diesel Technology & We	elding																
Base Data - Existing					FTE	Guideline						2021					FTE	
Fall 2011	E-LEARNER				0	Guidellile						0.0%	0%		E-LEARNEF)	0	
	FACE TO FACE				24							5.0%	101%		FACE TO FACE		48	
	Total				24		Classtime Con	sidered:							Tota		48	
												Annual	Total					
FACE T	TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS				24		8AM-5PM					Growth	Growth	FACE TO FA	ACE +10% E-LEARNERS		48	
				,				ASF/										
Space Category	Space Description	Qty		Current etal ASF			Qtv	OFFICE/ CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance		Qty	ASF/Sta	Total ASF	Variance ASF		Comments
opase eatings.	opace Decempnen	4.9	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1477107			2.9	00/11	ardonno i loi	7.6777.72	rananos		4.9	7.07,0.0	70.077.07	Tunanoe nen		Commente
DEPARTMENTAL & FACULTY	OFFICES																	
Offices (310, 315)		1	1 25	0			1		170	7.1	80		2		377	(127)		
E-learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0	0.00	0			0.00	150	0	0.00	0		0	150	(0		
L learning Support (320)	Workspace, Storage	Ū	0.00	v			0.00	100	Ū	0.00	· ·		Ū	130	· ·	·		
Conference (350)	Conference Rooms	0	0	0					0	0.0	0		0		(0		
	Office Subtotal	2	2.00	250					170	7.08	80.00		2		377	(126.70)		
	Drogram Total			8,378					9,587	399.46	(1,209)		Total I	Program Area	19,04	(9503.06)	ASF	
	Program Total			0,3/0					9,307	379.40	(1,209)		TULALI	riogiani Alea	19,044	(9003.00)	ASE	

ase Data - Existing pring 2011		EARNER FO FACE Total			FTE 0 18 18	Guideline					2021 0.0% 2.9% Annual	0% 29%		E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total		TE 0 23 23
FACE ⁻	O FACE +10% E-LEA	ARNERS			18	8	am-5pm FRC	M SPRING 2011			Growth		FACE TO FACE 4	+10% E-LEARNERS		23
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator		Total y Seats	Current Total ASF		WRU	WSCH	Spf Guide	line ASF ASi	F/FTE Variance				Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
eaching Labs (210)	JS120-208			825												
	JS120-150		1	447						or Spring from which	to reference WS	SCH				
	JS120-150 JS120-154	Total	1 1 2 0	447 696 1,968		18	213	Used	time scheduled lassroom time in: 797		to reference WS	SCH	Projected ASF	1,030	938	Determined by SCH calc
oen Labs (220)				696 1,968				Used of	lassroom time in: 797	stead 44 1171	to reference WS	SCH	Projected ASF	1,030		·
en Labs (220)			0 0	696		-	213	Used of	lassroom time ins	stead	to reference WS	SCH	Projected ASF Projected ASF	1,030		Determined by SCH calc uses 4 ASF / FTE Uses FTF +10% e-learner

e Data - Existing					FTE	Guideline					2021				F	TE
ing 2011	E-LEARNER				0						0.0%	0%		E-LEARNER		0
J	FACE TO FACE				18						2.9%	29%		FACE TO FACE		23
	Total				18									Total		23
											Annual	Total				
FACE TO	FACE +10% E-LEARNERS				18	8am-5pm FR	OM SPRINI	G 2011			Growth		FACE TO FACE	+10% E-LEARNERS		23
17102 10	THOS TO BE SELECTION				10	- Cam opini i	ASF/	2011					17102 10 17102	TOTAL ELFTINIVERS		20
				Current			OFFICE/								Variance	
ce Category	Space Description	Qty	Appt	Total ASF		Qty	CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Vvariance		<i>Qty</i>	ASF/Sta	Total ASF	ASF	Comments
PARTMENTAL & FACULT	Y OFFICES															
ces (310, 315)	10100 1000	2	1.75	897		1.79	5	298	16.5	600		1		198	699	
	JS120-120B			116												
	JS120-120C			141												
	JS120-120D			101												
	JS120-130			404												
	JS120-130D			135												
arning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0	0.00	0		0.00) 150	0	0.00	0		0	150	0	0	
ag oupport (e2s)			0.00	· ·		0.00			0.00	· ·		·		· ·	· ·	
ference (350)	Conference Rooms	0	0	0		2	2	925	51.4	(925)		2		925	(925)	
Large Conf. Ro	om			0		•	1 625	625	34.7			1	625	625	(625)	
Medium Conf. Ro	om			0		1.0	300	300	16.7			1	300	300	(300)	
	Office Subtotal	4.00	3.50	897.00				1,223		(325.50)		1		1,123	(226)	
	Subtotal			897				1,223	67.92	(325.50)		3		1,123	(226)	

School of Career Education- Health Sciences -UAA programs and Future Programs		
	Classroom Credit Hours 17 2 year Nursing Program Space	Classroom Credit Hours 63 4 year Nursing
	Program Space needs Lab Credit Hours 44	Program Space needs Lab Credit Hours 41
Total Current Space Category Oty Seats Total ASF UAA NURSING SPACES	Assumed number of students 12 Future Nursing Needs	Assumed number of students 12 Future Nursing Needs
Classrooms (110) UAA-Nursing Classrm Lab (not UAS space) JS120-153 1 1,011	2 year Nursing Classroom (includes service) P+W Method	4 year Nursing Classroom (includes service) P+W Method
Total 1,011 ASF/FTE Teaching Labs (210)	Weekly Room Use (WRU) Goal of hours per week use Seat Utilization Rate (SUR) Goal ASF per seat/ station (assumed allocation avg) Resultant Space Factor (Spf) Weekly Student Contact Hours 30 WRU 67% SUR 30 ASF per Station 1.49 408 calcuated as credit hours * student	Weekly Room Use (WRU) Goal of hours per week use Seat Utilization Rate (SUR) Goal ASF per seat/ station (assumed allocation avg) Resultant Space Factor (Spf) ASF per station ÷ (WRU x SUR) 1.49
JS120-155 1 755 <i>Total</i> 1 755 <i>ASF/FTE</i>	Resultant Space Need ASF Guideline ASF 609	Resultant Space Need ASF Guideline ASF 2,257
Space Category Description Qty Appt Total ASF DEPARTMENTAL & FACULTY OFFICES Offices (310, 315) JS120-120A 1 136	(includes service) P+W Method Weekly Room Use (WRU) Goal of hours per week use Seat Utilization Rate (SUR) Goal ASF per seat/ station (assumed allocation avg) Resultant Space Factor (Spf) ASF per station ÷ (WRU x SUR 3.13	(includes service) P+W Method Weekly Room Use (WRU) Goal of hours per week use Seat Utilization Rate (SUR) Goal ASF per seat/ station (assumed allocation avg) Resultant Space Factor (Spf) ASF per station ÷ (WRU x SUR) 3.13
JS120-153A <u>1</u> 193 <i>Total</i> 2 329 <i>ASF/FTE</i>	Weekly Student Contact Hours Resultant Space Need ASF ASF/FTE Guideline ASF Guideline ASF 1,275 53	Weekly Student Contact Hours Resultant Space Need ASF ASF/FTE Guideline ASF Guideline ASF 128 ASF/FTE
Program Total 2,095	Total2year Nursing Program Space requirements (includes service) Assumes 24 students	Total 4 year Nursing Program Space requirements (includes service) Assumes 24 students
	Classroom Sapce 609 Lab Space 1,275	Classroom Sapce 2,257 Lab Space 3,075
	Resultant Space Need ASF ASF/FTE Guideline ASF 1,884 78	Resultant Space Need ASF Guideline ASF 5,332 ASF/FTE 222
		Total 4 yearand 2 year Nursing Program Space requirements (includes service) Assumes 24 students per program 4 year program
		Classroom Sapce 2,257 Lab Space 3,075 2year program 609 Classroom Sapce 609 Lab Space 1,275
		Total Classroom Space Total Lab Space Resultant Space Need ASF ASF/FTE 2,866 4,350 Guideline ASF 7,216 150.33

School of Career Education	n-Marine Transporatation							
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total		FTE Guideline 0 4 4	Classtime Considered:		2021 0.0% 0% 5.0% 63%	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total	FTE 0 7 7
FACE TO	D FACE +10% E-LEARNERS		4	8AM-10PM		Annual Growth Total Growth	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	7
Space Calegory	Buidling/ Room indicator	Total Current Qty Seats Total ASF	WRU	WSCH Spf Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE Variance		Variance Total ASF ASF	Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES Teaching Labs (210)				NO OTHER LAB SPACE REQUIRED- CLASS	SES ARE ALL TAUGHT IN GENERA	NL PURPOSE CLASSROOMS		
		0	Space Cat.	Description SIZE Wetsuit drying 20 x 10	AREA Variance 200 (200)			
	SUB TOTAL Total	0 0 0 0	0.00		50 (200)	Projected ASF	326 (326)	Determined by SCH calc
Open Labs (220)	Total	0 0 0		16	4 (16)	Projected ASF	26 (26)	uses 4 ASF / FTE Uses FTF +10% e-learner
Research/ Grants Space (250. 25	55) Total	0 0 0	0	0 0.0 0	0 0	Projected ASF	0 0	Noted 1 researcher person in
Space Calegory	Space Description	Current Qty Appt Total ASF		ASF/ OFFICE/ Qty CONF Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE Vvariance	Qty ASF/ OFFICE	Variance Total ASF ASF	Comments
DEPARTMENTAL & FACULTY O	DFFICES							
Offices (310, 315)	Washington Change	1 1 153		1 170	42.5 (17)	1	170 (17)	
E-learning Support (320) Conference (350)	Workspace/ Storage Conference Rooms Office Subtotal	0 0.00 0 0 0 0 2 2.00 153		0.00 150 0 0.00 0 170	0.0 0 0.0 0 42.50 (17.00)	0 1	0 0 0 0 170 (17)	
	= Program Total	153		186	46.50 (33)	Total Program Area	522 (343)	ASF

School of Career Education- Mi	ne Training Area Guid	ielinės Bas	ea on U	re brovided to	equirments			2011 c	URRENT NEED	S					2021		TUTURE NEEDS			
ase Data - Existing all 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total				FTE na na 0															
FACE TO FACE	CE +10% E-LEARNERS				na															
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator	Oty	Total Seats	Current Total ASF		Space Cat.	Room Description		SEATS	SIZE	ASF/ SEAT	AREA	Variance	Room Descr	ription	SEATS	SIZE		ASF/SEAT /	AREA Vai
CADEMIC SPACES																				
aching Labs (210)																				
	JS119-133 JS119-132	1		1040 90			0 Entry Level Underground Miners 0 SIMULATOR CONTAINERS	LAB ROOM Simulator station		20 1 25 X			,400 500	ADDITIONAL		20 1	25 X	20	70 500	1,400 500
	JS118-101A	1		195										SIMULATOR CONTAINERS		3	30 X	60	600	1,800
	JS118-101B JS118-101C JS119-138	1 1 1		270 280 1150		21	5 SIMULATOR CONTAINERS 5 Inside Storage 0 Simulator Triscreen and classroom	Simulator storage1		1 10 X 40 30 X 6 20 X	20 1	.5	100 600 400	0011111112110		1 40 6	10 X 30 X 20 X	10 20 20	100 15 67	100 600 400
						21	0 Computer Based Learning Room			15	4	10	600	Additional Simu Triscreens	ulator	18 15	40 X	30	67 40	1,200 600
	SUB TOTAL Total ASF/FTE	6	0	3,025 3,025		-		Total		83		3	3,600 (575)		Total	104 104				6,600
pen Labs (220)										0			0			0				0
esearch/ Grants Space (250. 255)	Total ASF/FTE	0	0	0				Total		0			0 0		Total	0				0
search Grants Space (250, 255)	_					_		_		0			0			0				0
	Total ASF/FTE	0	0	0				Total		0	405	,	0 0		Total	0				0
pace Category	Space Description	Qty	Appt	Current Total ASF					Qty	SIZE	ASF/ office	AREA	Variance			Qty	SIZE		ASF/ office /	AREA Vai
EPARTMENTAL & FACULTY OFFICES																				
fices (310, 315)		1	1	190						3	1	44	432 (242)			3			144	432
learning Support (320) onference (350) Large Conf. Roon		0	0.00	0 0 0						0			0			0				0
Medium Conf. Roon	_			0		_		Office Subtotal		3			0	Of	ffice Subtotal					0
	Office Subtotal	1.00	2.00	190.00		_				3			432 (242)			3				432
	Subtotal			190																
	Program Total		Does not in	3,215 clude classroom	space	=		Program Total					4,032 (817)	Pro	ogram Total					7,032
						6xx 7xx	Student/ Loung Lunchroom/ Comput Shop	er room		30 X 40 X				d in program total d in program total						
							OUTSIDE SPACE REQUIREMENTS	Vehicle Storage Loadking/ Dumping are	a	100 X 200 X			8000 0000							
									otal Area				8000							

School of Career Education															
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total ACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS			FTE 0 70 70	Guideline						2021 0% 4.6% Annual Growth	0% 50% Total Growth FACE TO FACE	E-LEARNEI FACE TO FACI Tota +10% E-LEARNER:	II E R	FTE 0 105 105
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator	<u>Oty</u>	Total Seats	Current Total ASF	WRU	WSCH	Spf	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance			Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES Teaching Labs (210)															
Applied Tech Teaching Labs (210)	Total	31		34,003	225	1,799	1	20,523	292			Projected ASF	34,69	9 53.91	Determined by SCH cal
Heath Science Teaching Labs (210)	Total	29		32,035	225	1,587	12		377	13,058		Projected GuildlineASF	33,66	9 (884.03)	
	Total	2		1,968		213	3.8	797	44	1171		0 Projected ASF	1,03	937.94	Determined by SCH calc
Open Labs (220)	Total	0		0		-		284	4	(284)					uses 4 ASF / FTE
Applied Tech Open	Labs (220)								T			Projected ASF	42	1 (421)	Uses FTF +10% e-learn
Health Science Open	Total Labs (220)	0		0	-	-	-	212	4	(212) 0		Projected ASF	32	- <u>(327.92)</u> 8 <u>(328)</u>	uses 4 ASF / FTE Uses FTF +10% e-learne
	Total	0	1	0	-	-	-	72	4	(72)		0 Projected ASF	9	3 (93)	0 uses 4 ASF / FTE 0 Uses FTF +10% e-learne

School of Career Education				
Base Data - Existing		FTE	Guideline 2021	FTE
Fall 2011	E-LEARNER	0	0% 0% E-LEARNER	0
	FACE TO FACE	70	4.6% 50% FACE TO FACE	105
	Total	70	Total Total	105
			Annual Total	
	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	70	Growth Growth FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	105
Space Category		Total Current Oty Seats Total ASF	SPACE FACTOR Guideline HC FTEF ASF/FTEF ASF ASF/FTE Variance Total ASF Variance ASF	Comments
Research/ Grants Space (250. 255	5)			
	Total	0 0 0	0.00 0.00 - 0.00 0.00 0	

			Current		ASF/ OFFICE/	Guideline				ASF/ OFFICE/			
Space Category Space Description	Qty	Appt	Total ASF	Qty	CONF	ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance	Qty	CONF	Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
DEPARTMENTAL & FACULTY OFFICES													
Offices (310, 315)	8	8	1,760	10		2,350	33.44	(590)	9		2,184	(424)	
Applied Tech Offices (310, 315)	6	6	863	8		1,282	25	(419)	8		1,216	(543)	
Health Science Offices (310, 315)	2	2	897	2		298	17	600	1		198	699	
Non Departmental Offices (310, 315)				5.0		770.0	10.96		5.0		770.0		
E-learning Support (320)	0		0	0	150	0	0	0	0	150	0	0	
Applied Tech E-learning Support (320) Workspace/ Storage	0		0	0.00	150	0	0.00	0	0	150	0	0	
Health Science E-learning Support (320) Workspace/ Storage	0		0	0.00	150	0	0.00		0	150	0	0	
Conference (350)	1		357	4		1,850	26	(1,493)	4	0	1,850	(1,493)	
Applied Tech Conference (350) Conference Rooms	1		357	2		925	18	(568)	2		925		
Large Conf. Room	0	0	0	1	625	625	12.0	(625)	1	625	625	(625)	
Medium Conf. Room JS120-205	1	0	357	1.0	300	300	5.7	57	1	300	300	57	
Health Sciences Conference (350) Conference Rooms	0	0	0	2		925	51.4	(925)	2		925		
Large Conf. Room	0	0	0	1	625	625	34.7	0	1	625	625	(625)	
Medium Conf. Room	0	0	0	1.0	300	300	16.7	0	1	300	300	(300)	
												(1,917)	
Office Subtotal	9	7.75	2,117	13.75		4,200	59.77	(2083)	13		4,034	(1917)	
SCHOOL ASF TOTAL			36,120			25,007	355.89	11,863	SCHOOL	ASF TOTAL	39,154	(2,284)	ASF

School of A&S- NATURAL SO	CIENCES Environmenta	l Sciences	s Program	1												
lase Data - Existing all 2011 FACE TO	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total FACE +10% E-LEARNERS				FTE 0 16 16	Guideline	Classtime Classtime Class	onsidered:				2021 0% 3% Annual Growth	0% 17% Total Growth F.	E-LE FACE TO ACE TO FACE +10% E-LEA	ARNER O FACE Total	TE 0 18 18
pace Category	Buidling/ Room indicator	Qty	Total Seats	Current Total ASF		WRU	WSCH	Spf	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance			Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
CADEMIC SPACES eaching Labs (210)	SUB TOTAL	4	0	2.574							'HAT IS CATAGORIZED AS EN'	VS- NO GEOGRAP	'HY OR GEOLOGY			
	Total ASF/FTE	4	0	2,574 2,574			16 students 9 57		800 800		1,774		Projected A	SF	935 1,639	Determined by SCH c
oen Labs (220)	Total T ASF/FTE	0	0	0					- 0	4	0		Projected A	.SF	0 0	uses 4 ASF / FTE Uses FTF +10% e-lea
<i>ace Category</i> search/ Grants Space (250. 255	i)	<i>Qty</i>	Total Seats	Current Total ASF		НС	FTEF	SPACE FACTOR ASF/FTEF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance			Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
·	Total ASF/FTE	10	0	2,798		0.0	5.00	-	3000.00	191.50	(202)		Projected A	SF	3505 (707)	
ace Category	Space Description	Qty	Appt	Current Total ASF			<i>Qty</i>	ASF/ OFFICE/ CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Vvariance		ASF, OFFIC Qty CON	`E/	Variance ASF	Comments
PARTMENTAL & FACULTY OF	FICES															
fices (310, 315) earning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	2	0.00				0.00		320 0 0		66 0		2	150	320 66 0 0	
nference (350) Large Conf. Ro Medium Conf. Ro	Conference Rooms com Office Subtotal	4.00		0 0			0.0	62		0.0 0.0 20.43	66.00		0 6 0 300 2	525 .00	0 0 0 0 0 320.00 66.00	
	PROGRAM TOTAL			5,758					4,120		1,638	Total	I Departmental A	rea	4,760 998	ASF

Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total E TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	FTE 21 256 277 258	Guideline	Classtime Co 8AM-5PM	onsidered:				2021 2.4% 3.4% Annual Growth	24% 35% Total Growth	FACE TO FACE -	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total		FTE 27 346 373
Space Category	Buidling/ Room Tot. indicator Qty Sea	al Current	WRU	WSCH	Spf Guide	eline ASF AS	F/FTE	Variance	Cromar	Crown	THEFTOTHE	Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES Teaching Labs (210)														
	Total 12	0 4,259				10,379	41	(6120)	-	- Pro	pjected ASF	14,033	(9,774)	Determined by SCH calc
Open Labs (220)	Total 0	0 0			-	1,033	4	(1033)	-	- Pro	- Djected ASF	1,395	(1,395)	uses 4 ASF / FTE Uses FTF +10% e-learne
	Tot	al Current			SPACE FACTOR								Variance	

Space Category		Total Oty Seats	Current Total ASF	НС		SPACE FACTOR ASF/FTEF C	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	<i>Variance</i>			Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
Research/ Grants Space (250		<i>y</i>												
Art														
	Assistant Professor			2.00	2.00	30.00	60							
	Associate Professor			1.00	1.00	30.00	30							
Communications						30.00								
	Assistant Professor			1.00	1.00	30.00	30							
English														
	Assistant Professor			4.00	4.00	30.00	120							
	Associate Professor			1.00	1.00	30.00	30							
	Term Asst Professor			2.00	2.00	0.00	0							
Foreign Language														
AL P. L	Term Asst Professor			1.00	1.00	0.00	0							
Native Languages	T-#			1.00	1.00	250.00	250							
	Taff Johnston			1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	250.00 30.00	250 30							
PE / Outdoor studies	Johnston			1.00	1.00	30.00	30							
PE / Outdoor studies	Term Asst Professor			1.00	1.00	0.00	0							
Philosophy	Term Asser folessor			1.00	1.00	0.00	U							
ι πιοσομπή	Associate Professor			1.00	1.00	30.00	30							
	Total	0 0	0	16	16 -		280	1.09	(280)	-	- Projected ASF	3	79 (379)	

Base Data - Existing					FTE	Guideline						2021					FTE	
Fall 2011	E-LEARNER				21	, carasinis						2.4%	24%		E-LEARNER		27	
	FACE TO FACE				256							3.4%	35%		FACE TO FACE		346	
	Total				277		Classtime Co.	nsidered:							Total		373	
												Annual	Total					
FACE 1	TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS				258		8AM-5PM					Growth	Growth	FACE TO FAC	CE +10% E-LEARNERS		349	
								ASF/						ASF/				
				Current				OFFICE/						OFFICE/		Variance		
Space Category	Space Description	Qty	Appt	Total ASF			Qty	CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Vvariance		Qtv	CONF	Total ASF	ASF		Comments
opade eategory	opade Decempion	L .)	7.661	70,077,07			2.9	00111	Curaciii ici	7.67,7.12	Trananco		2.9	00/11	701077107	7.07		Commente
DEPARTMENTAL & FACULTY	OFFICES																	
Offices (310, 315)		16	15.5	2,175					2,625	10.3	(450)		17		2899	(724)		
E-learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0	0.00	0			0.21	150) 150	6.99	(150.00)		1	150	186	(186)		
Conference (350)	Conference Rooms	0	0	0					300		(300.00)				300			
Large Conf.	. Room			0				625	5 0	0.0			0	625	0	0		
Medium Conf.	. Room			0			1.0	300	300	1.1			1	300.00	300	(300)		
	Subtotal			2,175					3,075	12.01	(900.00)		18		3,385	-1,210		

Base Data - Existing				FTE	Guideline				2021				FT	E
Fall 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE			8					0.0%	0% 37%		E-LEARNER		8
	Total			35 44	Classtime Considered:				3.0%	3/%		FACE TO FACE Total		8 7
				0.4					Annual	Total	EAGE TO EAGE 400			
	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS			36	8AM-10PM				Growth	Growth	FACE TO FACE +109			9
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator		otal Current eats Total ASF		Capcity ASF/Seat	Guideline ASF A	SF/FTE	Variance			To		riance ISF	Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES														
	Teaching Labs (210)													
	JS105-103 Darkroom	1	194		Print Making Studio									
	JS103-106C CLASSROOM LAB SVC	1	147		12 125	1500								
	JS103-106B CLASSROOM LAB SVC	1	95		Includes Storage & Prep									
	JS103-106A CLASSROOM LAB SVC	1	144		Painting/ Drawing Studio	0400 (711						vo.		
,	JS103-102A CLASSROOM LAB SVC	1	108		16 150 (16 Drawing	2400 (Thi	s provides for ivia	arsnas desire to incil	ude separate dra	wing and painti	ng studios by adding 50	1% more space)		
	JS103-102 ART STUDIO	1	995		16 Painting) Includes Storage & Prep									
	JS103-105 ART STUDIO	1	1,102		<u>Ceramics</u>									
	JS103-106 ART STUDIO	1	930		12 150	1800								
	JS105-103A DARKROOM JS105-103B DARKROOM	1	41		Includes Storage & Prep									
	JS105-103D DARKROOM	1	41 200		Photography 12 150	1800								
	JS105-103E DARKROOM	1	262		Includes Storage, Prep &									
	57. W. W. W. S. W. W. W. S. W.	•			Sculpture	24.11.00								
					12 185	2220								
					Includes Storage & Prep									
	SUB TOTAL													
	Total	12	4,259		64 151.9	9,720	276	(5461)					-	
										Pro	ected ASF	13,317	(9,058)	Determined by SCH calc
														Used a space factor of 2.
Open Labs (220)	-				_			(4.1)						1.405.4575
	Total ASE/ETE	0	0 0			- 144	4	(144)		Dro	incted ACE	104	(104)	uses 4 ASF / FTE
	ASF/FTE									PIU	ected ASF	196	(196)	Uses FTF +10% e-learne
					SPACE									
			otal Current		FACTOR								riance	
Space Category		Qty S	eats Total ASF		HC FTEF ASF/FTEF	Guideline ASF A	SF/FTE	Variance			To	tal ASF A	ISF	Comments
Research/ Grants Space	re (250. 255)													
Art														
ALL	Assistant Professor				<i>2.00</i>	60								
	Associate Professor				1.00 1.00 30.0									
	Total T		0		3 3-	90	2.6	(90)						
					.) .) -	90	∠.0	(90)	-	-	-	-	-	

D D L E : !!					FTF							0004					FTF	
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER				FTE 8	Guideline						2021 0.0%	0%		E-LEARNER		FTE 8	
1 411 2011	FACE TO FACE				35							3.0%	37%		FACE TO FACE		48	
	Total				44		Classtime Consi	idered:				0.070	0770		Total		57	
												Annual	Total					
	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS				36		8AM-10PM						Growth	FACE TO FACE	CE +10% E-LEARNERS		49	
								ASF/						ASF/				
				Current				OFFICE/	C	Guidline ASF/				OFFICE/		Variance		
Space Category	Space Description	Qty	Appt	Total ASF			Qty	CONF	Guideline ASF	FTE	Vvariance		Qty	CONF	Total ASF	ASF		Comments
DEPARTMENTAL & FAC	ULTY OFFICES																	
Offices (310, 315)		3	3	473					510	14.5	(37)		3		510	(37)		
E-learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0	0.00	0			0.08	150	150	17.86	(150.00)		1	150	150	(150)		
Conference (350)	Conference Rooms	0	0	0					0		0.00				0			
	Conf. Room			0			0	625	0	0.0			0	625	0	0		
	Conf. Room			0			0.0	300	0	0.0			0	300.00	0	0		
	Office Subtotal	6.00	6.00	473.00		_			660		(187.00)		3		660.00	(187)		
	Subtotal			473					660		(187.00)		3		660	(187)		
	PROGRAM TOTAL			4,732		_												
									10,614	301.54	(5,882)			tmental Area	14,296	(9,564)	ASF	

School of A&S- NATURAL SCIENCES DEPARTMEN	T		
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011 E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total	FTE 2 240 242	Guideline Classtime Considered:	2021 FTE -100% -100% 2.3% 22% E-LEARNER 0 2.3% 22% FACE TO FACE 293 Total 293 Annual Total
FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS Buidling/ Room	240 Total Current	8AM-5PM	Growth Growth FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS 293 Variance
Space Category indicator ACADEMIC SPACES Teaching Labs (210)	Oty Seats Total ASF	WRU WSCH Spf Guideline ASF ASF/FTE Variance	Total ASF ASF Comments
Total	11 0 5,927	0 964 4.38 4,217 18 1710	Projected ASF 5,152 775 Determined by SCH calc
Open Labs (220) Total	0 0 0	959 4 (959)	uses 4 ASF / FTE Projected ASF 1,171 (1,171) Uses FTF +10% e-learner
Space Category Research/ Grants Space (250. 255)	Total Current Oty Seats Total ASF	SPACE FACTOR HC FTEF ASF/FTEF Guideline ASF ASF/FTE Variance	SPACE FACTOR Variance HC FTEF ASF/FTEF Guideline ASF ASF Comments
Total	<i>31 0</i> 11,253	0.00 10.00 - 6000.00 25.04 5,253	- 3.00 - Projected ASF 7800.00 3453
Space Category Space Description	Current Oty Appt Total ASF	ASF/ OFFICE/ Oly CONF Guideline ASF ASF/FTE Vvariance	ASF/ OFFICE/ Variance Oty CONF Total ASF ASF Comments
Offices (310, 315) E-learning Support (320) Workspace/ Storage	21.6 21.6 2,764 0 0.00 0	21.6 3,612 15.1 (848) 0.02 150 150 62.50 (150)	17 2835 (71) 150 0 0
Conference (350) Conference Rooms Large Conf. Room Medium Conf. Room Office Subtotal	0 0 0 0 0 43.20 43.20 2,764.00	324 (324) 625 0 0.0 1.1 300 324 1.3 4,086 (1322.00)	300 0 625 0 0 1 300.00 300 (300) 18 3,135.12
Subtotal DEPARTMENT TOTAL	2,764	4,086 17.05 (1322.00) 15,262 63.70 4,682	18 3,135 (371) Total Departmental Area 17,258 2,686 ASF
DEI AINTIMENT TOTAL	17,777	13,202 03.70 4,002	Total Departmental Trizzo Zioto Asi

School of A&S- NATURAL	. SCIENCES- Biology and	Chemistry Combined	Program										
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011 FACE	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total		FTE 0 79 79		estime Consider	red:			2021 0% 0% 2% 26% Annual Total Growth Growth	FACE TO	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total FACE +10% E-LEARNERS		TE 0 99 99 99
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator		Current Total ASF	WRU W	ISCH S	Guideline Spf ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance			Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
	DLOGY MISTRY Total	5	1,180 1,404 2,584		408.00 210.50 619	4.38 1,78 4.38 92 4.38 2,70	21	-122		Projected ASF	3,404	(820)	Determined by SCH calc
Open Labs (220)	Total "	0 0	0		-		ludes lab service/ pre	(316)		Projected ASF	- 398	(398)	uses 4 ASF / FTE Uses FTF +10% e-learne
Space Category Research/ Grants Space (250.	255)		Current Total ASF	HC F	FAC	ACE CTOR Guideline VFTEF ASF	e ASF/FTE	Variance	HC FTEF	SPACE FACTOR ASF/FTEF	Guideline ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
BIO	DLOGY MISTRY Total T	3 3 12 0	3,085 1,711 4,796	0.00	5.00 -	3000.0	00 37.97	1,796	- 3.00	- Projected ASF	4800.00	(4)	
Space Category	Space Description	Oty Appt	Current Total ASF		OFI	SF/ FICE/ Guideline DNF ASF	e ASF/FTE	Vvariance	<u> Oty</u>	ASF/ OFFICE/ CONF	Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
DEPARTMENTAL & FACULTY Offices (310, 315) E-learning Support (320)	OFFICES Workspace/ Storage	10 9.7 0 0.00	1,783 0		10 0.00	1,60 150	09 20.4 0 0.00	174 0	10	150	1609 0	174 0	
Conference (350) Large Conf Medium Conf		0 0	0 0 0 1,783.00		0 1		0 0.0 00 3.8	(126.00)	1	625 300	300 0 300 1,909.00	0 (300) -126.00	
	PROGRAM TOTAL		9,163	-		7,93	31 100.39	1,232	Total De _l	partmental Area	10,511	(1,348)	ASF

Cabaal of Awto O Calamaa	-																
School of Arts & Science	es																
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS		FTE 31 594 625 597	a	Hours Vary depending on Department					2021 3.0% 2.8% Annual Growth	16% 15% Total Growth	FA	CE TO FACE	FACE	EARNER TO FACE Total	7 8	TE 35 77 12 81
Space Category	Building/ Room indicator	Current Total ASF		WRU	WSCH	Spf	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE V	/ariance				То	tal ASF		Variance ASF	Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES Teaching Labs (210)																	
Department of Hu Department of Natural Department of Social	Science	4538 5612 177			196.3 963.8 0.0		10,379 4,217 0								14,033 5,152 0	(9,495) 460 177	From Dept. sheet From Dept. sheet From Dept. sheet
	Total	10,327		207	1,791	8.15	14,596	24.57	(4269)	-	-	-		Proje	19,186 ected ASF	(8,859)	Sum of each department Determined by SCH calc
Open Labs (220)	Total ASF/FTE				-	-	2,388 4		2388	-	- Pro	jected ASF			3,122 3,122	(3,122)	uses 4 ASF / FTE Uses FTF +10% e-learne
Space Category	0.055	Current Total ASF		НС	FA	SPACE FACTOR SF/FTEF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE V	/ariance		-	-	То	tal ASF		Variance ASF	Comments
Research/ Grants Space (250 Department of Hu Department of Natural Department of Social	imanities Science	0 7,608 0		16.00 0.00 6.00	16.00 10.00 6.00		280 6,000 150		(280) 5,253 (150)						379 7,800 198	(379) 3453 (198)	
Non Depa	artmental <i>Total</i>	1545 9,153		0	0	0.0	6,430	11	1,545 6368	-	- Pro	- jected ASF			0 8,377	1,545 776	

Base Data - Existing			FTE	Guideline					2021		F	ГЕ
Fall 2011	E-LEARNER		31	Guidellile					3.0% 16%	E-LEARNER		35
all 2011	FACE TO FACE		594						2.8% 15%	FACE TO FACE		77
	Total		625	Hours Vary					2.070 1370	Total		12
	rotai		023	depending on					Annual Total	rotai	U	12
	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS		597	Department					Growth Growth	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	7	81
					ASF/							
		Current			OFFICE/						Variance	
Space Category	Space Description	Total ASF		Oty	CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance	Oty	Total ASF	ASF	Comments
EPARTMENTAL & FACULT	Y OFFICES											
Offices (310, 315)		7,259				8,432	14.2	(1,173)	51.1	8,491	(1,232)	
Non Dep	artmental	1,448				1,175		, , ,		1,145	• • •	
Department of H	umanities	2,175				2,625				3,262		
Department of Natura	I Science	2,764				3,612				2,835		
Department of Socia		872				1,020				1,249		
E-learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0		0.31	150	450	14.74	(450)		386	(386)	
learning Support (320)	workspace/ Storage	U		0.31	130	430	14.74	(430)		300	(300)	
onference (350)	Conference Rooms	0				1,549		(1,549)		1,525	(1,525)	
Large Co												25 seats
Non Dep		0		1	625	625	1.1		1.0	625	(625)	
	nf Room										(0.00)	12 seats
Department of H		0		1.0	300		1.1		1.0	300	(300)	
Department of Natura		0		1.1	300		1.3		1.0	300	(300)	
Department of Socia		7.250.00		1.0	300		2.9	(2.470)	1.0	300	(300)	
DEPARIM	ENTAL & FACULTY OFFICES SUBTOTAL	7,259.00				10,431	17.56	(3,172)	22	10,401	(3,142)	
	-											

Base Data - Existing			FTE Guidel	ne					2021			F	TE
all 2011	E-LEARNER		7						3.2% 33%		E-LEARNER		9
	FACE TO FACE Total		98 105	None					3.8% 40%		FACE TO FACE Total		38 47
				None inidcated in					Annual Total				
FACE	TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS		99	schedule					Growth Growth	FACE TO FA	CE +10% E-LEARNERS	1	39
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator	Total Current Oty Seats Total ASF	И	RU WSCH	Spf	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance			Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES													
eaching Labs (210)	Total	1 0 177		0	0 3	3.36 0	(0 177.00		_		_	
	rotar	1 0 177		Ü		5.50	`	0 177.00	Proje	cted ASF	0	177	Determined by SCH cal
Open Labs (220)	_												
	Total	0 0 0		-	-	- 397	1	4 (396.53)		-	-	/FF ()	uses 4 ASF / FTE
	ASF/FTE								Proje	cted ASF	556	(556)	Uses FTF +10% e-lear
		Total Current			SPACE FACTO	nR						Variance	
Space Category		Oty Seats Total ASF	ŀ	C FTEF	ASF/FTEF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance			Total ASF	ASF	Comments
Research/ Grants Space (250.	255)			•									
	Total	0 0 0		6	6	- 150	1.4	4 (150.00)		-	-	-	
	ASF/FTE							(,	Proje	cted ASF	198	(198)	
		Current		a.	ASF/		105/575	., ,	0.		T	Variance	
Space Category	Space Description	Qty Appt Total ASF		Qty	OFFICE/ CON	F Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Vvariance	Oty		Total ASF	ASF	Comments
EPARTMENTAL & FACULTY	OFFICES												
Offices (310, 315)		6 6.00 872				1,020	10.4	4 (148)	7		1249	(377)	
E-learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0 0.00 0		0	.07	150 150					200	(200)	
Conference (350)	Conference Rooms Office Subtotal	0 0 0 6.00 6.00 872.00				300 1,470		(598.00)	8		300 1,748.60	(300) (877)	
	Subtotal	872				1,470		(598.00)	8		1,749		

School of Education							
Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	FTE 142 160 302 174	Guideline None inidcated in schedule		2021 4% 54% 2% 6% Annual Total Growth Growth FACE	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE Total TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	FTE 219 170 389
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator	Total Current Oty Seats Total ASF	WRU WSCH Spf	Guideline ASF ASF/FTE Variance		Total ASF	Variance ASF Comments
ACADEMIC SPACES							
Teaching Labs (210)	Total [•]	0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	Projected ASF	0	0
Open Labs (220)	Total [*]	0 0 0	0 0	697 4 (697)	Projected ASF	0 768	(768) Uses FTF +10% e-learner
Space Category Research/ Grants Space (250.	255)	Total Current Oty Seats Total ASF	SPACE FACTOR HC FTEF ASF/FTEF	Guideline ASF ASF/FTE Variance		Total ASF	Variance ASF Comments
Dean Education	Dean (Academic) Research Professional 4		1.00 1.00 60.00 1.00 0.50 30.00				
Education	Assistant Professor Associate Professor Professor Term Asst Professor		4.00 4.00 60.00 6.00 6.00 60.00 1.00 1.00 60.00 5.00 0.50 0.00	360 60			
	Total	0 0 0	18 18	735 2 (735)	Projected ASF	0 735	(735)

Base Data - Existing Fall 2011	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE				TE 142 160	Guideline					2021 4% 2%	54% 6%	E-LEARNER FACE TO FACE	FTE 219 170	
	Total				302	None inidcate	d						Total	389	
	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS				174	in schedu	'e				Annual Growth	Total Growth	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS	192	
pace Category	Space Description	Qty	Appt	Current Total ASF		Qty	ASF/ OFFICE/ CON	F Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance		<i>Qty</i>	Total ASF		Comments
		-9	1.1.			-9						-9			
EPARTMENTAL & FACULT	Y OFFICES														
Offices (310, 315)		18	25.5	3,050		25	.5	4,165		(1,115)		30	4,935	(1,885)	
5102-128	GROUP OFFICE AREA	1		280				.,		(1)1127			1,122	(1,000)	
102-101F	OFFICE	1		175											
102-101G	OFFICE	1		110											
102-103	OFFICE	1		110											
102-105	OFFICE	1		120											
102-106	OFFICE	1		120											
102-107	OFFICE	1		120											
102-108	OFFICE	1		120											
102-109	OFFICE	1		180											
102-110	OFFICE	1		110											
102-120	OFFICE	1		118											
102-122	OFFICE	1		117											
5102-123	OFFICE	1		117											
102-124	OFFICE	1		117											
102-125	OFFICE	1		117											
102-126	OFFICE	1		117											
102-127	OFFICE	1		118											
102-121	OFFICE SERVICE	1		117											
101-202	GROUP OFFICE AREA	1		667											
learning Support (320)	Workspace/ Storage	0	0.00	0		1.	12 1	50 300	2.11	(300)			463	(463)	
onference (350)	Conference Rooms	0	0	0				925		(925)			1,116	(1,116)	
	Office Subtotal	20	51.00	3,050		-		5,390	33.69			33		(3001.73)	

Base Data - Existing				FTE	Guideline						20	21				FTE
Fall 2011	E-LEARNER			212	Guidellile							26%		E-LEAF	RNER	267
	FACE TO FACE			29	1	Vone					18			FACE TO I		44
	Total			241		inidcated									Total	310
						'n					Annu					
	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS			50		schedule					Grow	th Growth	FACE TO FACE	CE +10% E-LEARN	NERS	70
		Total	Current												Variance	
Space Category	Buidling/ Room indicator C		Total ASF		WRU	WSCH	Spf	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance ASF	ASF	Qty	Total Seats	Total ASF	ASF	Comments
CADEMIC SPACES																
Teaching Labs (210)																
rodoning Edb5 (£10)	Total	0 0) 0	1	0	0		0	0			0 0	0		0	
													Projected ASF		0 0	
Open Labs (220)		0 0) 0	1				_				0 0			0	
open Labs (220)	Total	0 0	-		-	-	-	201	4	(20	11)				U	
	TOTAL	0 0) 0	1	-	-	-	201	4	(20	/1)		- Projected ASF		281 (281)	Uses FTF +10% e-lear
		Total	Current				SPACE FACTOR								Varianco	
Space Category		Total Ity Seats	Current Total ASF		НС	FTEF	<i>FACTOR</i>	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	<i>Qty</i>	Total Seats	Total ASF	Variance ASF	Comments
					НС	FTEF	<i>FACTOR</i>	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Qty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
<i>Space Category</i> Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting	250. 255)						FACTOR ASF/FTEF		ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2	50. 255) Assistant Professor				2.00	2.00	FACTOR ASF/FTEF	60	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	<u>Oty</u>	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor				2.00 1.00	2.00 1.00	### ASF/FTEF 30.00 30.00	60 30	<i>ASF/FTE</i>	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor				2.00	2.00	FACTOR ASF/FTEF	60	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor				2.00 1.00	2.00 1.00	### ASF/FTEF 30.00 30.00	60 30 0	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor				2.00 1.00 1.00	2.00 1.00 1.00	30.00 30.00 0.00	60 30	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	<u>Oty</u>	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor On Assistant Professor Associate Professor				2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00	2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00	30.00 30.00 30.00 0.00 30.00 30.00	60 30 0 60	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting Business Administration	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor On Assistant Professor Associate Professor				2.00 1.00 1.00	2.00 1.00 1.00	30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00	60 30 0	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting Business Administration	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor On Assistant Professor Associate Professor Associate Professor	ity Seats			2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00	2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00	30.00 30.00 30.00 0.00 30.00 30.00 30.00	60 30 0 60 60	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting Business Administration	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor On Assistant Professor Associate Professor	ity Seats			2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00	2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00	30.00 30.00 30.00 0.00 30.00 30.00	60 30 0 60	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting Business Administration Business Administration Dean	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor On Assistant Professor Associate Professor Associate Professor Associate Dean/Faculty Assistant Professor	ity Seats			2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 1.00	2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 1.00 1.00	30.00 30.00 30.00 0.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00	60 30 0 60 60 30 30	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting Business Administration Business Administration Dean Information Systems	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor On Assistant Professor Associate Professor Associate Professor Associate Professor Associate Dean/Faculty	ity Seats			2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 1.00	2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 1.00	30.00 30.00 30.00 0.00 30.00 30.00 30.00	60 30 0 60 60 30	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments
Research/ Grants Space (2 Accounting Business Administration Business Administration Dean	Assistant Professor Term Asst Professor Term Professor On Assistant Professor Associate Professor Associate Professor Associate Dean/Faculty Assistant Professor	ity Seats			2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 1.00	2.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 1.00 1.00	30.00 30.00 30.00 0.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00	60 30 0 60 60 30 30	ASF/FTE	Variance	ASF	Oty	Total Seats	Total ASF		Comments

Base Data - Existing				гтг	Guideline					2021			CTC	
Fall 2011	E-LEARNER			FTE 212	Guideline					2021 3% 26%	E-LEARNER		FTE 267	
rali 2011	FACE TO FACE			29	None					18% 50%	FACE TO FACE		44	
	Total			241	inidcated					1070 3070	Total		310	
	rotar			2	in					Annual Total	rotar		0.0	
	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS			50	schedule					Growth Growth	FACE TO FACE +10% E-LEARNERS		70	
						ASF/								
				Current		OFFICE/						Variance		
Space Category	Space Description	<i>Qty</i>	Appt	Total ASF	Qty	CONF	Guideline ASF	ASF/FTE	Variance ASF	Oty	Total ASF	ASF	(Comments
Space Outegory	Эрасс Безеприон	Qiy	πρρι	101017101	Giy	OOM	Galdeline 7151	NOIN IL	variance 7131	aly .	10(4) 131	7101		Johnnenes
DEPARTMENTAL & FAC	CUI TY OFFICES													
Offices (310, 315)		17	18	2,374	18		2,980	102.5	(606)	26	4,265	(1,891)		
, ,	JS106-103 GROUP OFFICE AREA	1		432			•		. ,		·			
	JS106-105 OFFICE	1		117										
	JS106-107 OFFICE	1		94										
	JS106-109 OFFICE	1		94										
	JS106-111 OFFICE	1		94										
	JS106-113 OFFICE	1		94										
	JS106-117 OFFICE	1		145										
	JS106-119 OFFICE	1		94										
	JS106-108 OFFICE	1		116										
	JS106-121 OFFICE	1		97										
	JS106-123 OFFICE	1		94										
	JS106-125 OFFICE	1		147										
	JS106-115 OFFICE	1		94										
	JS106-127 OFFICE	1		99										
	JS106-129 OFFICE	1		96										
	JS106-131 OFFICE	1		94										
	JS106-133 OFFICE	1		143										
	JS106-103B OFFICE SERVICE	1		186										
E I	JS106-104 OFFICE SERVICE	1	0.00	44	0.10	45	. 450	0.10	(450)		F//	(5.77)		
E-learning Support (320)	_	0	0.00	0	2.12	15		2.12	(450)		566	(566)		
Conference (350)	Conference Rooms	0	0	0			925		(925)		971	(971)		
	Office Subtotal	35.00	36.00	2,374.00			4,355	149.83	(1,981)	28	5,801	(3,427)		
	SCHOOL TOTAL			2,374	· 		4,946	170.16	(2,572)	Total [Departmental Area 6,584	(4,210)	ASF	

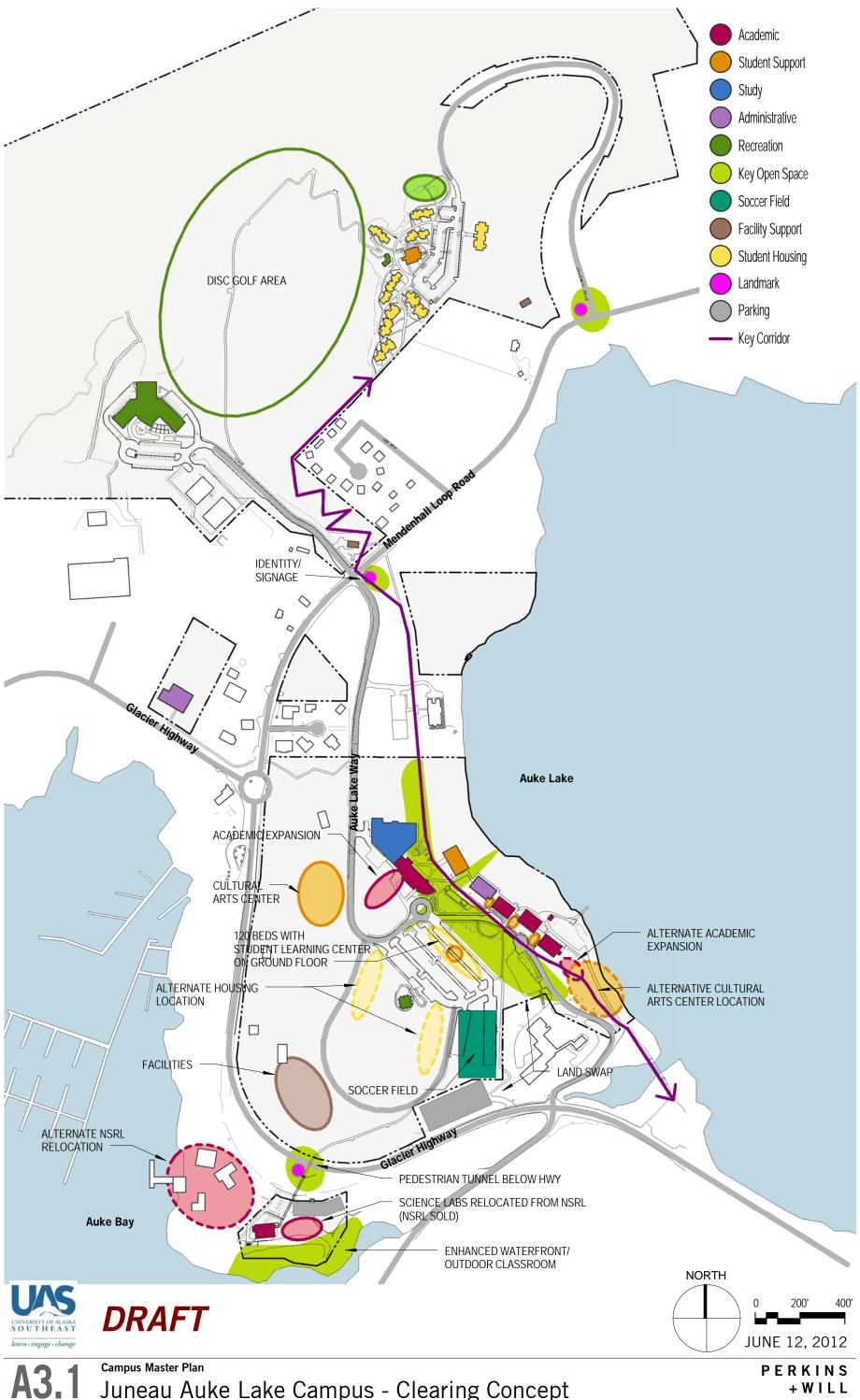
Planning Concepts

The following diagrams illustrate three planning concepts that respond to UAS's evolving space needs. The concepts tested three alternative approaches to campus infill, each outlining building, open space and circulation development.

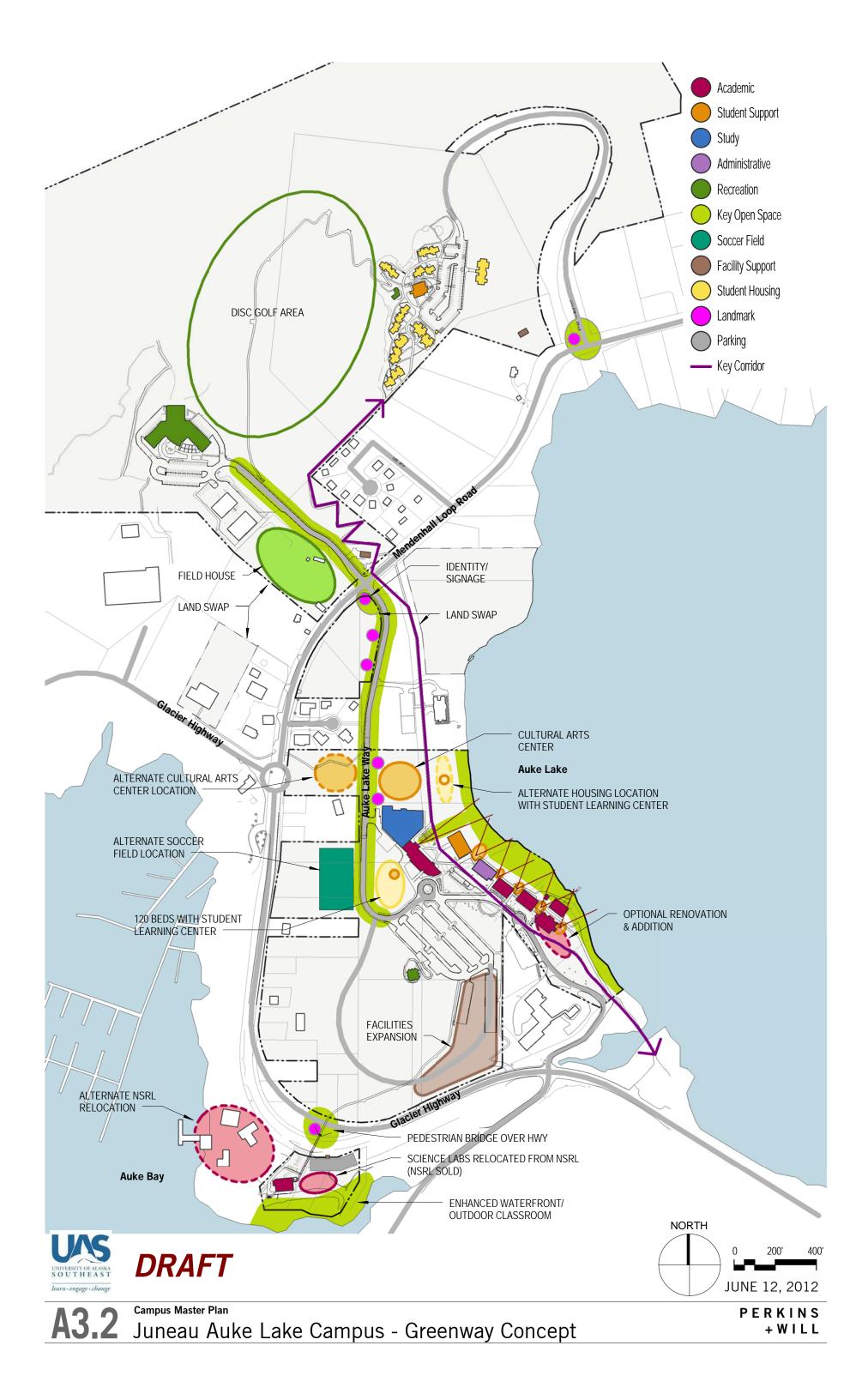
The planning concepts were presented and discussed at a campus master plan open house in August 2012. Participant feedback gathered at this open house contributed to refinement of the campus planning options and the resulting formulation of the final campus plan.

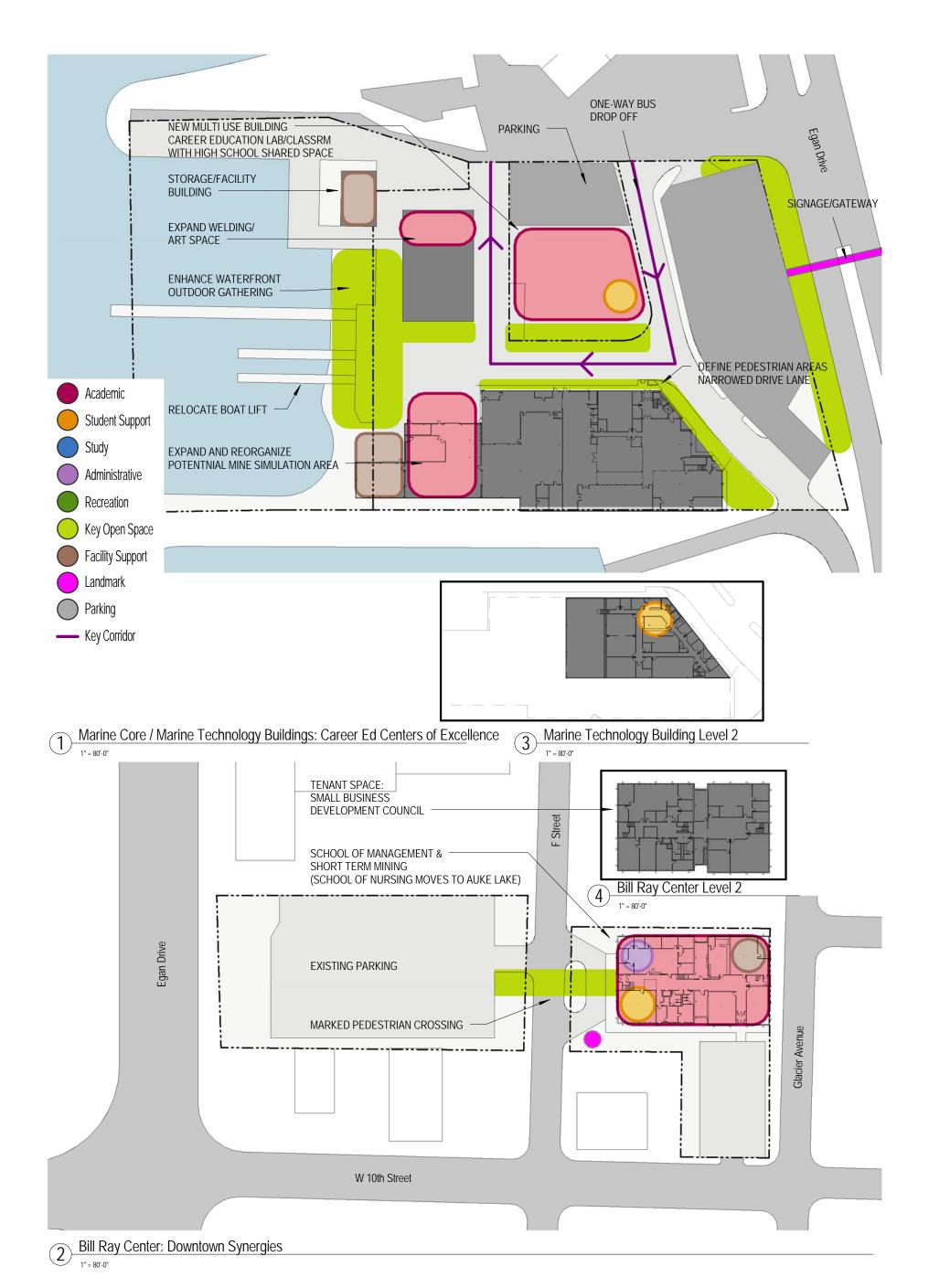






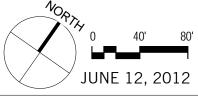
Juneau Auke Lake Campus - Clearing Concept













Sitka Campus Concept

1" = 100'-0"

